

THE WEATHER
Fair tonight and Satur-
day; cooler this
evening

The La Crosse Tribune

Every "Ad" in The
Tribune is Read by
People Who Buy
of Home Stores

VOLUME V NUMBER 127

LA CROSSE WISCONSIN, FRIDAY MAY 31, 1907.

PRICE TWO CENTS

CHICAGO CHRONICLE SUSPENDS PUBLICATION AFTER STRUGGLE

AN ANNOUNCEMENT IS MADE TODAY

OLD CHICAGO NEWSPAPER
GIVES UP THE GHOST

WALSH ORGAN DIDN'T PAY

Journal on Which Bank-Wrecker
Squandered \$300,000 Admits
Its Failure.

CHICAGO, May 31.—The Chronicle, for many years one of the leading morning newspapers of this city, announced its suspension this morning. No editorial comment accompanied the suspension, the newspaper simply announcing its discontinuance in the following notice:

"PUBLIC NOTICE
"As it has not been profitable of late, the publication of The Chronicle will be suspended with this issue.

All liabilities of the Chicago Chronicle company will be met as usual in regular course.

"Persons who have paid for The Chronicle in advance will receive another Chicago newspaper until the expiration of their subscriptions.

"H. W. SEYMOUR,
"Editor and Publisher."

The Chronicle has carried little business of late, and its circulation is said to have gradually dwindled to not more than 50,000. It seemed to have lost the public ear some time ago. It had been a leading democratic journal but just prior to the last national election it switched to the republican column. It had been long regarded as the organ of certain corporations, and its publishers' antipathy to Bryan is regarded as the cause of the flop.

The Chronicle was controlled by John R. Walsh, the notorious bank wrecker, and in the official list of his unauthorized investments of his bank's money was an item of about \$300,000 put into The Chronicle. The suspension at this time is regarded by many as an indication that Walsh has lost in his fight to save himself from prison by making his investments pay, the relinquishment of his newspaper support being considered improbable so long as he had a fighting chance to pull out and make restitution.

IMPERILED TOT LIVES

Babe Fell From 50 Miles-an-Hour Train

WATERLOO, Ia., May 31.—The 5-year-old son of a woman named Kate Kartinelli fell out of a car window of an Illinois Central limited west bound train, running at fifty miles an hour last night, between Peosta and Epworth, while his mother was asleep. The child was found walking on the tracks at 5 o'clock this morning by the train crew of an east bound train. Except for a slight cut on the face the boy was unhurt.

BROTHERS SUE KING

Spain's Royal House to Have Scandal Aired

MADRID, May 31.—The suit brought against King Alfonso by his two half brothers, the sons of Elena Sanz, a Bohemian opera singer, will be tried by the supreme court of Spain.

The effort of the high court's decision will be to lay bare to Spain and the world the life led by Alfonso XII, father of the present king and of the Bohemian singer's sons. The story to be revealed in court is not one that will add luster to the memory of Alfonso XII and may be counted upon to shock Queen Victoria who has little knowledge of the skeletons in Spain's royal closets.

HOLDS POSSE AT BAY

Desperado Shot After Two Hours in Gun Fight

PRINCETON, Ind., May 31.—After holding a posse of fifty officers and citizens at bay for two hours, a desperado was captured near Mount Carmel, Ill., after he had been wounded four times and was so weak from loss of blood that he was unable to shoot. He probably will die.

The man refuses to give his name. He displayed three revolvers and several long knives to a gang of mussel diggers, who notified the officers. Two officers attempted to arrest him, but failed.

It is mighty funny that the rules of life laid down by the moralists are so seldom followed.

PRESIDENT SPEAKS AT LANSING, MICH.

CROWDS WELCOME TRAIN ALL
ALONG THE LINE

HE DEALS WITH AGRICULTURE

Semi-Centennial of Founding of Agricultural Colleges in America
His Topic.

LANSING, Mich., May 31.—Upon the occasion of the semi-centennial of the founding of agricultural colleges in America, President Roosevelt delivered an address in this city today.

The trip to this city was uneventful. The president reached Hillsdale at 7:41 in the morning. The largest crowd along the line met him at Angola, where at 6:35 an army of school children headed by a band greeted him. The president, who had not yet arisen, threw on a shirt and trousers over his pajamas, and appeared on the platform industriously ramming his big arms into a stubborn coat. He laughed and said: "Good morning, I'm glad to see you." The crowd laughed, too, and cheered. At Hillsdale the crowd was composed of a band of noisy college students who greeted the train with their college yell.

The arrival
The president arrived in this city at 10 o'clock this morning. The train was ten minutes late. The governor with Senators Burrows and Smith and a number of representatives and leading citizens met him. A reception at the governor's quarters followed, during which the president stepped to the balcony of his state house, and addressed a crowd of about 10,000. He complimented the soldiers. He went thence to the house chamber where he addressed the legislature. He said he knew the difficulties, temptations and responsibilities of legislators, having been a member in New York himself, and that he thought conscientious work is too little appreciated by constituents.

The trip from Fort Wayne was a continuous ovation. There were eight stops. The president promised the officials of the village of Springfield to stop three minutes when returning this evening. The Springfielders asked for this consideration "because the town is the home of Robert McClellan, a section foreman who gave his bunk to the president in the far west once when the president was hunting." The president promised to stop for McClellan's sake.

Leaving the state house the party went to luncheon, then out three miles to the agricultural college, where the president addressed the graduating class. They will leave Lansing at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The president's speech here dealt with agricultural matters both in the line of history and practical development. He said:

The Man Who Works With His Hands.

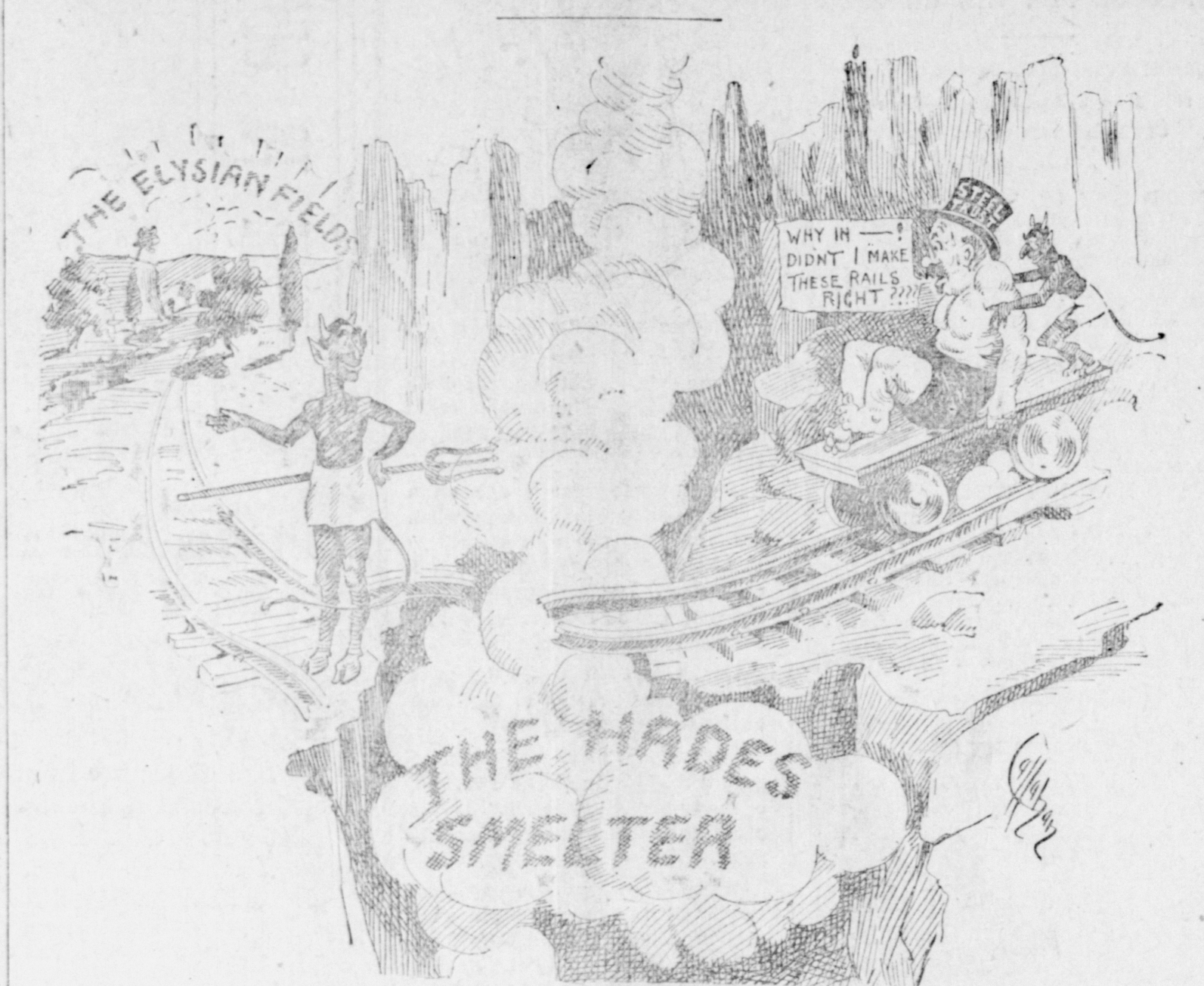
The fiftieth anniversary of the founding of this college is an event of national significance, for Michigan was the first state in the Union to found this, the first agricultural college in America. The nation is to be congratulated on the fact that the congress at Washington has repeatedly enacted laws designed to aid the several states in establishing and maintaining agricultural and mechanical colleges. I greet all such colleges, through their representatives who have gathered here today, and bid them Godspeed in their work. I no less heartily invoke success for the mechanical and agricultural schools; and I wish to say that I have heard particularly good reports of the Minnesota Agricultural High School for the way in which it sends its graduates back to the farms to work as practical farmers.

As a people there is nothing in which we take a juster pride than our educational system. It is our boast that every boy or girl has the chance to get a school training; and we feel it is a prime national duty to furnish this training free, because only thereby can we secure the proper type of citizenship in the average American. Our public schools and our colleges have done their work well, and there is no class of our citizens deserving of heartier praise than the men and women who teach in them.

School System is Lacking.
Nevertheless, for at least a generation we have been waking to the knowledge that there must be additional education beyond that provided in the public school as it is managed today. Our school system has hitherto been well-nigh wholly lacking on the side of industrial training, of the training which fits

(Continued on Page Fourteen.)

"THE STEEL TRUST CHEATS BY DELIBERATELY MAKING DEFECTIVE RAILS"—R. R. GAZETTE



FOUNDATION FOR NORMAL BY FALL

MORRIS FEELS CERTAIN THE
MOEY WILL BE READY

ALL COMMITTEES ARE AGREED

And Normal Begins at Meeting
This Summer Will Take Final
Action on Detailed Plans

"I expect to see the foundation of the new Normal school for La Crosse in by this fall," stated Senator Thomas Morris this morning. "The board will meet in July and action will be taken at once on the matter."

Senator Morris makes this statement in full belief that the present session of the legislature will make the appropriation of \$210,000 for the school. He said: "I do not think there is a question of a doubt but what the legislature will take favorable action at this session on the recommendation of the committee. The joint committee of the house and senate and also the joint claims committee, passed on the matter of the appropriation and recommended it. This recommendation will come up for consideration before the senate next week."

Such being the case it can be expected that the Normal school will be erected as soon as possible. When the board meets in July it will outline its plans and start the work without delay.

BATTLE IN PROSPECT

Mexico Uses Army, It Says, to Preserve Peace

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The Mexican ambassador has issued a statement showing that the last news from the scene of expected hostilities between Mexico and Guatemala is that the latter has massed troops on her northern frontier, thus creating a condition that may lead to a conflict at any moment. He says Mexico merely wants to maintain order and advanced troops for that purpose.

YALE STUDENT SHOT; MYSTERY

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 31.—Arthur O. Friel of Manchester, N. H., a Yale sophomore rooming in Lawrence hall, in the old campus, was shot down in his room last night by an unknown man. AAs he entered his bedroom door he received a blow on the head which dazed him. He struck back, however, and his assailant fled at him. The bullet went through his left arm. When he recovered consciousness his assailant had escaped.

FAIR AND COOLER

More cool weather is predicted by U. S. Observer Thompson for tonight and tomorrow. Fair weather is expected, however, and many continue over Sunday.

During the past 24 hours the highest temperature recorded here was 68, while the coolest was 52, with a six mile wind. Eight hundredths of an inch of rain fell last night.

SUMMONS SERVED ON NEW OFFICIALS

COLLIER, GUERTIN AND MR.
ROELLIG START SUIT

CONTESTED OFFICERS VISITED

And Holders Must Answer in Court
In 20 Days Charge That Count
Was Not Correct

Swearing that the election inspectors in every ward of the city, with the exception of the Tenth ward, where the ballots were burned, made incorrect and false returns of the results on April 2, Frank W. Collier, the republican candidate for city clerk, Samuel Guertin, candidate for the board of public works and Wm. P. Roellig, candidate for alderman in the Eleventh ward, called on the successful candidates this morning and served summons on them to appear before the circuit court and make answer. The contestants were represented by district Attorney Otto Bosshard.

The delegation reached the office of City Clerk Joseph M. Slegier shortly after 11 o'clock and asked to have the office turned over to Mr. Collier. This being refused the summons was read to Mr. Slegier in which was stated the reasons for the contest. The gentlemen allege that the various ward inspectors did not make the actual return of the vote, that if this had been done they would have won out by over 200 votes each. Mr. Guertin was defeated by George Falk and Mr. Roellig by Joseph Bartl. City Attorney John F. Doherty has been retained by Messrs. Slegier, Falk and Bartl. Answer to the charges must be made in twenty days.

SIX FINE STALLIONS

Cecil Brothers Have Horse For Wilson

A telegram has been received from Cecil Brothers, the owners of the celebrated Danville stable from which The President and Wilcocks were purchased, in reply to a telegram inquiring for an answer to the letter sent them on behalf of Wilson & Robertson.

The telegram says that the letter had not been received, evidently having gone astray, and adds that the stable contains six splendid stallions from which selection can be made. Further advices are expected by mail.

BRIDGE BIDS REJECTED

The board of public works rejected all bids for the construction of the new bridge over the lagoon at Pettibone park at its meeting this afternoon. There were five bidders and all bids were above the estimate. The estimate was \$6,000. The lowest bid was \$7,300 and the highest bid, \$8,800.

FORAKER RAPS PRESIDENT

STEBENVILLE, O., May 31.—Senator Foraker took occasion today in the Memorial day address here to attack the policies of President Roosevelt, though carefully avoiding the mention of names.

LA CROSSE VALLEY BAPTISTS CONVE

FIFTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY OF
THE ASSOCIATION

AT WARRENS, WIS., JUNE 4-6

Large Number of Baptists From La
Crosse and Vicinity Prepare
for Annual Event

A score or more Baptists from La Crosse and a couple of hundred from the district will assemble in Warrens, Wis., June 4, 5 and 6. An excellent program has been prepared for the anniversary, which is the fifty-first. Several La Crosse people appear on the program, which is as follows:

Tuesday Evening, June 4
Opening Prayer and Praise Service—Mr. F. R. Barber.
Welcome and Reading Letter of Warrens church.
Appointment of nominating committee.

Antem—Choir.
Annual sermon—Rev. W. B. Stubbart, Lodi.
Solo—Mrs. H. D. Zimmermann, Warrens.
Announcements.

Wednesday Morning, June 5
9:00—Devotional Meeting—Mr. G. P. Dismore, Whitehall.
9:15—Business Session.
Enrollment.

Treasurer's report.
Report of nominating committee.
Election of officers.
9:45—Reading of letters from the churches.

10:55—Recess.
11:05—Discussion, "The Problem of the Country Church," led by N. K. Larson, Whitehall.

11:35—The Minister's Home—Rev. J. S. Boyden, Kalamazoo, Mich.
Music.

AFTERNOON—WOMEN'S SESSION

2:00—Devotional Service—Mrs. Emery, La Crosse.
2:15—Report of Home Department Superintendent—Mrs. Emery, La Crosse.
Report of Foreign Department Superintendent—Mrs. Davis, La Crosse.

Address—"Opportunities and Achievements in Home Mission Fields"—Miss M. G. Burdette, Chicago.
Music.

WEDNESDAY EVENING

7:30—Devotional Service—Rev. Leslie Lee Sanders, La Crosse.
Music—Choir.

7:45—Address—"Do Foreign Missions Pay?"—Rev. F. W. Walker, Pugh, Sparta.

Solo—Miss Malham, La Crosse.
8:30—Address—"Attracting Men to Public Worship"—Rev. L. L. Sanders, La Crosse.

Benediction.

Thursday Morning, June 6
9:00—Devotional Services—Rev. N. K. Larson, Whitehall.
9:15—Reports of committees.

(Continued on Page Eighteen.)

THREW LIVING MAN INTO FIERY FURNACE TO MURDER

LODGES INTERFERE WITH CHURCH WORK

SUCH IS STATEMENT OF REV.
NORDBY IN CONVENTION

APATHY IS FELT, IN RELIGION

Scarcity of Active Workers Makes the
Progress of the Faith Hard,
Say Lutheran Speakers

The afternoon session of the annual conference of the eastern district of the synod of the Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran church of America yesterday opened with the report of J. Nordby, president of the district who paid glorious tribute to the late Rev. A. K. Sagen of this city. He urged the clergymen to follow his example in devotion to duty. He next went over the work of the past year. The report stated that during the past year four churches were dedicated, seven clergymen were ordained, five pastors removed from the district, and eight moved into the district. At present the district contains 198 churches of which 110 have formally joined the synod, representing 39,000 people. There are eighty-one pastors in the district and three more will be received in a short time. He then showed the great lack of work in the clergy in performing important features of the work. He spoke of the increase of worldliness and religious indifference in the church.

He stated that lodges cause great difficulty in the church work, causing divided opinion, and that many churches have rules against admitting lodge members into the church, for this reason.

Some of the work is being extended by the district and \$1,000 is needed for carrying on the work this year. Lack of men prevents taking up of the work in many places.

President's Report

Rev. Dr. V. Koren, president of the whole synod next read a report. Rev. Koren is a veteran in church work, having been in charge of the church at Decorah, Ia., since 1853. He suggested more work should be done in regard to educational missionaries and charitable work. The session closed with a discussion on whether the president should devote his entire time to a pastor and have an assistant. General sentiment seemed to be in favor of the latter.

This morning's session opened with devotional exercises by Rev. D. Kvaase of Menomonee, secretary of this district. Different points in maintaining primary and advanced work in higher Christian schools was taken up. There are at present three academies in this district, at Galesville, Albion and Whittenby, Wis. It was shown that the state could not give religious instructions owing to the many different beliefs in this state and the fact that no moral basis of Christianity could be advanced without aid.

The discussion of Christianity and religious work is being dwelt on at the meeting today.

The committees which have appointed are:

Finance—Revs. A. H. Elkjarn, M. Thorson and A. O. Johnson and Delegates M. Anderson and C. Hanson.

Committee to read minutes of last conference—Revs. F. A. Moller, P. A. Widvey, O. Houg, J. Halvorsen and Delegates A. Torgenson and A. Hetland.

Committee on names—Revs. C. S. Everson, A. Biedeson and P. A. Widvey and Delegates Martin Bly and Steven Stevenson.

Committee on educational work—Revs. E. Christopherson, J. Halvorsen and H. M. Normann and Delegates H. C. Hanson and R. Christenson.

The Delegates.

Delegates attending the convention are as follows:

Rev. J. Nordby, Lec. Ill.; A. O. Johnson, Chicago; D. Kvaase, Menomonee, Wis.; H. C. Smeby, Virroque, Wis.; N. Madsen, Lec. Ill.; J. Limwald, Edgerton, Wis.; O. J. Koale, Orfordville, Wis.; L. S. Regan, Morrisville, Wis.; M. F. Weise, Deerfield, Wis.; J. E. Hegg, Beloit, Wis.; O. E. Brand, St. Paul; V. Karen, Decorah, Ia.; Peter Johnson, Chicago; Peder Johnson, Chicago; A. K. Laskrem, Stoughton, Wis.; O. J. Akre, White-water, Wis.; B. C. Swenson, Killbourne City, Wis.; M. E. Fretheim, St. Paul; Martin Thon, Morrisville, Wis.; Lars S. Grinde, Morrisonville, Wis.; H. Halvorsen, Westby, Wis.; O. Tarmo, West Salem, Wis.; N. E. Halvorsen, Holton, Mich.; A. H. Elkjarn, Cashop, Wis.; L. Gimnestad, Galesville, Wis.; S. S. Urbrey, Blair, Wis.; Hans Haugstad, Galesville, Wis.; Carl Eker, Lewis Valley; Dr. Lawrence Larson, Decorah, Ia.; H. G. Steele, St. Paul; E. Jensen, Minneapolis, Minn.; John Mases, Lawrence.

Benediction.

Thursday Morning, June 6
9:00—Devotional Services—Rev. N. K. Larson, Whitehall.
9:15—Reports of committees.

(Continued on Page Eighteen.)

FRIGHTFUL CRIME DONE IN CINCINNATI

FIREMAN WENT TO BREAKFAST
RETURNED TO AWFUL SIGHT

HEELS OF VICTIM PROTRUDE

Brother-in-Law of Fireman Arrested After Coroner Investigates
The Case

CINCINNATI, O., May 31.—Either a most atrocious murder or a most remarkable suicide was revealed in the furnace room of the Ryan soap factory this morning, when Engineer John McDermott dragged the charred body of an unidentified man from the fire box of his furnace. The flesh was burned from the face and head and the arms were burned to stumps. McDermott was arrested. He says he started the fire and went home across the street to breakfast and that when he returned a strange coat was hanging by the door and a pair of legs were protruding from the furnace door.

The coroner, after an investigation, announced his belief that the man was murdered. His skull was fractured, and he says the man was alive when placed in the fire. He has ordered the arrest of Sherman Cornelius, a brother-in-law of McDermott.

JURY TOMORROW

Expect Starting of Haywood Case Soon

BOISE, Idaho, May 31.—The panel that is expected to do duty in the Haywood trial contains a number of laboring men, merchants and mechanics. The previous panels were mostly farmers and ranchmen. It is supposed the conservative appearance of the veniremen, caused the summoning of more diversified personnel. The court ordered the attorneys to refrain from unnecessary questioning, and to complete the jury by Saturday night. Only a few veniremen succeeded in evading service this morning.

Excellent progress was made during the day, and both sides believe a complete jury will be ready by tomorrow. J. Robinson, with whom Steenbergh boarded while governor, was accepted subject to a peremptory challenge. The defense peremptorily challenged Harmon Cox.

Only One Challenge Left

By the recess this noon each side was reduced to only one peremptory challenge. A. P. Wolfe, a former grain merchant of Columbus, O., who has been here six years, was apparently an ideal juror, and acceptable to both sides, when it was discovered he is opposed to capital punishment, and the court excused him. There were two excused this afternoon, one on account of illness, and one because he was opposed to the death penalty.

30,000 REBELS REVOLT

Vast Array Joins Chinese Insurrectionists

AMOY, May 31.—Thirty thousand rebels in Meikiep province have joined the revolt. Troops have been dispatched to a point forty miles south of this city, where the rebels are encamped.

CIRCUS CROWD SMALL

Robinson Show Does Not Get Heavy Trade Here

The circus crowd here yesterday to attend the John Robinson circus was comparatively small, there being only a small influx of farmers. The audiences were composed of city people and in the evening the tent was far from half filled.

The circus attractions were of mediocre type with the exception of a half dozen turns, which were reasonably good. The evening program was cut rather short, owing, perhaps, to the small crowd.

U. S. NAVY TO WATCH WAR

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31.—Admiral Dayton, commanding the Asiatic station, has been ordered to watch the rebellion closely. He was told to use all ships in any manner and at any place he deems necessary.

ONE MORE IN NET

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 31.—J. Duffy, president of the board of public works and a former supervisor, is the latest big catch of the grand jury in the graft cases. He has been arrested for bribery and perjury.

Moderate Price

Calumet Baking Powder

It will be given for any substance injurious to health found in Calumet.

BIJOU

FAMILY THEATRE

...ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE...

THIS WEEK'S PROGRAM

Not to See it is to Miss the Best Vaudeville Treat of the Season

FEATURED ARE

Jas. Donovan & Rena Arnold

Positively the Best Entertainers Ever Seen or Heard at the Bijou

Girdeller's

World's Famous Comedy Acrobatic Dogs

Carol Sisters

Musicians Who Have Graduated in Music

Dunstan & Leslie

Present a Bright Sparkling Musical Comedy Sketch

A Famous Eastern Baritone to

Render the Illustrated Song

Moving Pictures

Robert Macaire & Bertrand or The Troubles of a Hobo and His Pal in Paris

Ladies' Popular Matinees Every Day at 3 O'Clock. Admission 10 Cents. Two Performances every night at 7:45 and 9 O'Clock. Admission 10 Cents. Reserved Seats 15 Cents.

Find Time to Go Once This Week

No man deliberately buys poor clothes; he thinks they're good. Worth the money, or he doesn't want them. Just the same, lots of men are paying their good money for cheap cotton-mixed goods, and they think they're being real economical because they get such clothes for a little less than all-wool would cost.

This cotton-mixed stuff is certainly very deceiving; even expert clothing men find it difficult at times to tell whether or not a fabric has cotton in it. As for the inexperienced wearer, we've seen fabrics that looked good enough to sell at \$20 for the suit that were at least 60 per cent cotton; really worth about \$6 the suit.

You get no such "flim-flam" here; we know what Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes are; so do you. The makers have left no doubt about it. They say "all wool" and live up to it.

Our stock of furnishings for men is the most complete in the city.

STAVRUM

AND

HULBERG

3rd and Main.

Don't Pay Alimony to be divorced from your appendix. There will be no occasion for it if you keep your bowels regular with Dr. King's New Life Pills. Their action is so gentle that the appendix never has cause to make the least complaint. Guaranteed by O. T. Erhart, druggist. 25c. Try them.

SPORTING NEWS

OSHKOSH DEFEATED IN BOTH GAMES

CHAMPS WALK OFF WITH AFTERNOON GAME, HITTING HARD

THE SCORE WAS 8 TO 1

Flynn Has the Better of a Pitchers' Battle in the Morning—Strong Hold on the Lead

Yesterday Afternoon Games
La Crosse 8, Oshkosh 1.
Fond du Lac 3, Madison 3. (17 innings).
Wausau 6, Freeport 1.
Eau Claire 3, Green Bay 2. (14 innings).

Games Today
La Crosse at Oshkosh.
Freeport at Wausau.
Eau Claire at Green Bay.
Madison at Fond du Lac.

Games Saturday
Madison at La Crosse.
Freeport at Eau Claire.
Wausau at Green Bay.
Fond du Lac at Oshkosh.

Club Standings

Won.	Lost.	Pct.
La Crosse	13	.722
Madison	19	.667
Eau Claire	12	.667
Freeport	10	.556
Oshkosh	7	.437
Wausau	7	.437
Green Bay	7	.437
Fond du Lac	4	.267

OSHKOSH, Wis., May 31.—"Pink" Hawley's champs clearly demonstrated their pennant winning ability in this city yesterday. After winning the morning game 1 to 0 they came back in the afternoon and walked away with the game 8 to 1. Although there is considerable feeling between the two clubs the games were lacking of any rowdy tactics on the part of the fans and went off smoothly, with only a few jests coming from the bleachers.

In the afternoon game Sage, the ex-Brewer, was given a severe trouncing by the champs, while Jones held his opponents safe all the way. The hitting of Bond and Konechky was a feature of the game, the former getting three safes ones and the latter four, one a two scacker.

Morning Game
The morning game was a great pitchers' battle between Flynn and Converse, the former having a shade the better of a strenuous argument. The champs secured their only tally in the second inning when Medwizky singled and Moore clipped off a two bagger. Oshkosh had only one or two chances to score, Flynn being in grand form. The scores:

AFTERNOON GAME

Oshkosh—	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Dolan, ss	0	3	3	1	0
Malone, c	0	0	5	1	0
Sullivan, 3b	0	1	3	0	0
Burgeols, 1b	0	0	0	0	0
Safford, rf	0	1	0	2	0
Hazel, 2b	1	2	4	0	1
Duchien, lf	0	1	0	0	0
Lewis, cf	0	1	0	2	0
Sage, p	0	1	0	2	2

Totals

La Crosse	8	10	27	15	4
Oshkosh	1	7	27	11	4

Score by innings:
Oshkosh . . . 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1
La Crosse . . . 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 3—8
Summary: Two base hits—Konechky, Vogt. Struck out—By Sage, 4; by Jones, 2. Bases on balls—Off Sage, 1; off Jones, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Sage, 1. Time of game—1:45. Umpire—Hayes.

Morning Game.

Oshkosh.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Dolan, ss	0	0	2	2	0
Sullivan, 3b	0	0	0	4	0
Safford, rf	0	1	0	0	0
Sage, c	0	0	0	0	0
Malone, c	0	2	3	0	0
Duchien, lf	0	0	3	0	0
Burgeols, 1b	0	0	15	1	1
Hazel, 2b	0	0	2	2	0
Lewis, cf	0	1	2	0	0
Converse, p	0	1	0	5	0

Totals

La Crosse	5	27	14	1	1
Oshkosh	0	0	0	0	0

Score by innings:
Oshkosh . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
La Crosse . . . 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
Summary: Two-base hits, Safford, Moore, Flynn; double plays, Medwizky to Konechky; struck out, by Converse, 3; by Flynn, 3; bases on balls, off Flynn, 1; balk, Converse. Time of game, 1:30. Umpire, Hayes.

CORNELL EIGHT ARE WINNERS

Defeat Harvard in a Close Race on Cayuga Lake.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 31.—In one of the closest races seen on Cayuga lake, Cornell's varsity eight-oar crew beat Harvard by three quarters of a length in two miles.

It's easier for a married man to stop a runaway horse than his wife's tongue.

LONG CONTESTS IN THE LEAGUE

MADISON AND FOND DU LAC WORK LONG WITHOUT RESULT

A RECORD FOR THE LEAGUE

Freeport Drops Both Games to Wausau 1 to 0 and 6 to 1—Eau Claire Defeats Green Bay

FOND DU LAC, Wis., May 31.—Twenty-nine innings were played here yesterday between the home team and Madison without a victory. The morning game went 12 innings to a tie of 2 to 2 and the afternoon contest went 17 innings with a tie score of 3 to 3. This sets a record for crazy games in the state league.

The games were played before large crowds and the contests were exciting, marked by superb playing. The scores:

MORNING GAME

F'd du Lac	R.	H.	E.
101 000 000 000	2	15	2
Madison	001 000 100 000	2	8 0

Batteries—Koons and Goodrich; Cumiskey and Leahy.

In the afternoon Fond du Lac tied the score in the ninth, eight innings following without a run. The score:

AFTERNOON GAME

Fond du Lac	R.	H.	E.
100 001 000 000 000	3	11	5
Madison	100 101 000 000 000	3	8 3

Batteries—Smith and Goodrich; Cumiskey and Leahy.

Freeport Loses Two
Freeport's team took both contests from Freeport here yesterday, the morning game by the score of 1 to 0 and the afternoon game 6 to 1. In the afternoon game Warhop was hit hard and given poor support. The scores:

FIRST GAME

Freeport	R.	H.	E.
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	4	4
Wausau	0 0 0 1 0 2 0 0	3	6 2

Batteries—Nagle and Campbell; Warhop and Scott and Stark.

SECOND GAME

Freeport	R.	H.	E.
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	4	4
Wausau	1 1 0 1 0 1 2 0	6	7 2

Batteries—Miller and Stark; Lang and Campbell.

Eau Claire Takes Two
GREEN BAY, Wis., May 31.—The afternoon game here with Eau Claire went 14 innings, won by the visitors 3 to 2. The morning game also went to the visitors 8 to 0. The scores:

FIRST GAME

Green Bay	R.	H.	E.
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	3
Eau Claire	1 0 0 7 0 0 0 0	8	9 1

Batteries—Schmidtler, Ninham and Ott; Eberly and Watson.

SECOND GAME

Green Bay	R.	H.	E.
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	2	8	4
Eau Claire	0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	3	10 2

Batteries—Parish, Charles and Ott; Eberly and Watson.

CHICAGO CUBS LEAD AGAIN

Games Played in the Major League and the Association Yesterday.

MAJOR LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League.

Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	25	.695
Cleveland	23	.658
New York	19	.576
Philadelphia	18	.529
St. Louis	18	.500
Boston	15	.395
Roston	12	.324
Washington	10	.281

National League.

Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	29	.784
New York	28	.757
Philadelphia	21	.600
Pittsburg	18	.545
Boston	15	.405
Cincinnati	15	.405
St. Louis	10	.264
Brooklyn	10	.264

GAMES YESTERDAY

American League
Philadelphia 3-4, Boston 1-6.
Cleveland 1-0, Detroit 0-6.
New York 3-2, Washington 1-9.
Chicago 8-0, St. Louis 2-2.

National League.
Chicago 6-7, Pittsburg 4-1.
Philadelphia 5-1, New York 2-6.
Boston 4-3, Brooklyn 0-4.
Cincinnati 7-7, St. Louis 5-1.

GGAMES TODAY.

American League
St. Louis in Chicago.
Philadelphia in Washington.
New York in Boston.
Detroit in Cleveland.

National League.
Brooklyn in New York.
Cincinnati in St. Louis.
Boston in Philadelphia.
Chicago in Pittsburg.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Club Standings

Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Minneapolis	21	.600
Columbus	21	.584
Kansas City	17	.549
St. Paul	17	.472
Toledo	17	.462
Indianapolis	18	.450

Scotch Woolen Mills Co. EDITORIAL



Clothes we make to order are made to fit—made to last.

The pants do not bag, the cloth does not shrink and the outfit keeps its shape during the life of the goods.

Don't waste your dough on a hand-me-down, to discover when too late that the coat shoulders wrinkle and "hump," the vest becomes seized with a sudden contraction and the pants shrivel to the high water mark.

For \$15 we'll make to your order as good a suit as any man would want to wear.

No other tailor would make such a suit for less than \$25, and a ready-made "guessfit" store could not furnish its equal at any price.

We're showing the swellest bunch of fabrics you ever saw, and owing to the backwardness of the season are prepared to give you a bargain that will make you our customer the balance of your life.

We'll show you values that'll sicken you from ever buying another hand-me-down, and demonstrate that you don't have to pay a big price for some other tailor's hot air.

Yours truly,

SCOTCH WOOLEN MILLS COMPANY

324 MAIN ST.

\$25 to \$30 Spring Suits SATURDAY AND MONDAY

MADE TO ORDER

\$

15

SATISFACTION OR NO PAY

OTHERS AT \$17.50, \$20.00, \$22.50.

300 Pieces From a Mill That Needed the Money.

265 of Our Imported Goods Remarkd.

1025 Pieces of Best Scotch Woolen Mills Products.

Altogether this is a selection in spring and summer weight materials that cannot be equalled by all the other tailors in La Crosse. We mean what we say. The goods are here, and the opportunity is ripe because, owing to the backward season, spring fabrics have been slow movers until now. Now Spring is here, and it certainly is a bonanza for the man who needs a suit.

You Can't Duplicate the Qualities for Less Than Twice the Price

It isn't out of place to remind you that vacation time is coming, when you will particularly want to be well dressed. Fifteen dollars will do wonders in making your wardrobe look prosperous. Our made to order suits will last two seasons and more, with decent treatment.

Don't be buncoed into buying a ready-made "guess fit" with an offer like this staring you in the face. Come here Saturday and get the best bargain you ever got in your life.

REMEMBER THE PRICE, PLACE AND WARRANT



324 MAIN ST. JOS. W. MOYLES, MGR. LA CROSSE.

WILL PLAY A FEW IN OWN YARD

HAWLEY AND HIS CHAMPS COME HOME FOR STAY OF SIX DAYS

FRESH FROM THE VICTORIES

Play Today's Game Early in Order to Catch a Train—Madison Will be Here Saturday

(By Lefty.)

Tomorrow our bunch of pennant busters will be home to play a few games in their own yard. They will return flushed with the victories of the trip over the circuit and in a position to tear off a few more scalps during their short visit. Their stay will consist of six days, but in this time the real interesting games of the year, thus far, are anticipated. For Madison and Freeport are scheduled to be the champs' playmates during this time. Madison will accompany the team home this evening, the champs leaving Oshkosh at 5 o'clock. In order to do this the game today was called at 2 o'clock and at its conclusion the men were hustled into an interurban car and rushed to the depot. Otherwise the team would have had a hard time getting in on time for tomorrow's game.

Now with Madison there will be something doing, for that club is no easy proposition and is working for the top notch along with the champs. After Madison will come Freeport, the bunch of ancient bird-spoys. Could anything more be desired?

Poor Fond du Lac

Of all the clubs in the league Tom Letcher and his Fond du Lac aggregation is having the hardest time to get settled. Handicapped at the start of the season by bad weather, which made practice impossible, the old timer is now experiencing trouble in trying to fill up the weak spots. He has so many men on hand he cannot decide the ones to keep, and as a result he has been extended two weeks more by President Moll to get down to the required number. The other clubs which have been showing up weak are now materially strengthened and holding their own with the rest of the teams.

No man lost his reputation or his friends by acting on the square.

No, Alonzo, a pianist isn't necessarily an idiot because he plays with his fingers.

MILLINERY

The VERY NEWEST STYLES—for Ladies, Misses and the Little Ones—Will be glad to have you see my

COMPLETE LINE

MISS M. M. HART,

423 MAIN STREET.

LA CROSSE Tent and Awning Works

A. KOBLITZ, Proprietor

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

Tents, Awnings and Canvas Covers, Flags and Camp Furniture.

TENTS FOR RENT

320 North Fourth St.

Both Telephones.

LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN

READ THE TRIBUNE



AGITATE BOOST FOR LA CROSSE

CALL BOARD OF TRADE MEETING
FOR NEXT TUESDAY EVENING

WANT A LARGE ATTENDANCE

Matter Was Discussed at Previous
Meeting, But so Few Were There
It Was Not Acted Upon

The proposition of advertising La Crosse, of placing its commercial advantages before the world and bringing it into more prominence generally, will be discussed thoroughly at the next meeting of the board of trade. This meeting is to be held on Tuesday evening, June 4.

At the last meeting the question of advertising the city was discussed, but it was thought best to defer action until a larger attendance could be brought together and the matter could be given more attention.

The board realizes the fact that La Crosse needs more factories and more manufacturing plants and concerted action will be taken to secure them. With the advent of new industries, every store and local institution in the city will be benefited. Every one should attend this next meeting and stir up enthusiasm in the suggestion.

STARTS AS A PEDDLAR

Former Merchant Bankrupt,
Begins Anew

TRENTON, N. J., May 31.—For the last six years the proprietor of the largest department store in Trenton, accustomed to having the charge of a couple of hundred clerks, living in a palatial residence in the fashionable part of the city, driving good horses and an automobile, David H. Brand, has announced that he will begin life over again. He will take his pack on his back and peddle dry goods and rugs from door to door in the city where he made the fortune that has gone from him.

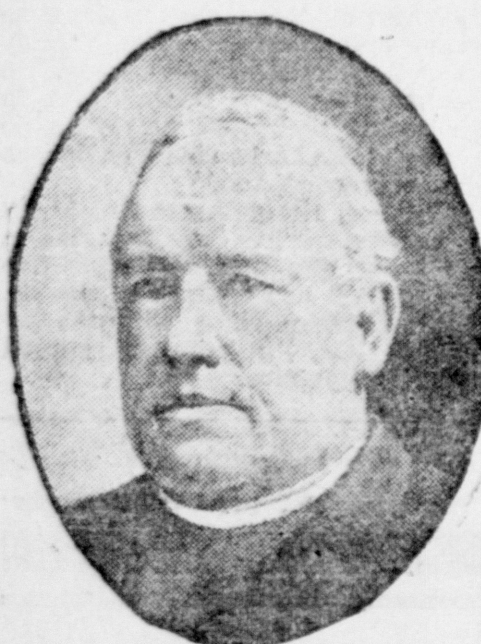
Brand and his brother were convicted last fall of being accessories to the burning of their big department store on State street. Both received heavy state prison sentences, but their cases have been appealed. In the meantime a trustee in bankruptcy has taken charge of all of the Brand property for the benefit of the creditors, the State street store having been sold to a Philadelphia firm.

The Brands started in business in this city fifteen years ago as peddlers of dry goods, and gradually built up the business, which they at last centered in the big department store.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER

MERRILL, Wis., May 31.—The body of Charles Plantz, who disappeared about two weeks ago, was found floating in the Wisconsin river here last night.

After a man has acted as a book agent for a week he begins to think that he hasn't a friend in the world.



Nothing Equals Father
John's Medicine as a Tonic
and Body Builder. Cures
Throat and Lung Troubles
Makes Flesh and Strength.
Guaranteed—No Alcohol or
Injurious Drugs.



Invest your
BUSINESS
And
SAVINGS ACCOUNTS
DRAFTS Sold On All Parts of
The World.
Deposits made prior to 5th, draw
interest from 1st of each month.

ARE MARBLE CRAZY

Everyone Crazy Over Game
in Kentucky City

SANDY HOOK, Ky., May 31.—Judge James Hargis, who is in jail here awaiting trial for his life on the charge of murdering Dr. Cox, created a sensation in the courthouse yard by pretty nearly winning the marble playing championship from Sandy Hook's crack agate twirlers.

It was an exciting contest, and town and county officials, with farmers from miles around, gathered to see the finish. Hargis had vanquished one after another, three of the best marble players in the town, but the fourth, a veritable wizard at the game, proved his master. When it was over the town breathed freely again. For awhile it looked as if a stranger, and a man accused of murder at that, was going to make its champions blush.

Every one in Sandy Hook is hoping now that it won't be long before the trial of Hargis starts, because it is felt that with a little more practice in the courthouse yard he'll have to be acknowledged champion.

Marbles Only Game Town Knows.

This may sound odd and curious anywhere else on the map, except here in this outcrop of civilization. But in Sandy Hook marbles is the real national pastime. They have heard of baseball in a hazy sort of way without understanding. Bowling, golf, tennis, and even croquet are just words that convey no meaning to Sandy Hookers. If any one set up a tennis net here or swung a driver on the front lawn the natives, young and old, would think him crazy.

Marbles is the thing, and young and old of both sexes play and talk marbles all day and dream of marbles at night. There are more marbles in this town than in any other place three times its size in the country. The front parlors of the houses of both rich and poor are studded with brilliant glassies and multi-colored agates won in many a hard fought contest.

Nobody knows how the game seized upon the town. Everybody has played marbles ever since he can remember. The reminiscences of the oldest inhabitants are tangled up with thrilling memories of marble games they have won and lost.

Old and Young Victims of Spell.

On a warm day the public square is one big marble arena. It echoes with the shouts of "pleks" and "fan" and all the vernacular of the game. It is common to see a girl of eighteen, who in another place would be a social belle, down on her knees in the dust knocking bowlers with a man of sixty and both playing with the utmost gravity.

Business men here do not invite acquaintances to lunch at the club. They ask them out onto the square for a game of marbles. Women in Sandy Hook society do not give card parties. They gather their friends and go out in the street and shoot for agates. It's the only form of amusement Sandy Hook knows, and the whole town plays it to the exclusion of everything else.

So it isn't remarkable that when Hargis came here to be tried for murder first his jailers and then the officials of the county, in an effort to be as hospitable as they might, asked him to play marbles. And it's natural when they found he might be able to beat them all with a little practice that they should be anxious to get his trial over and be rid of him.

DRESSES IN CELL SAVES CASH

Man Who Hated to Pay Money for
Hotel Room Changes Under-
clothes at Police Station

FALL RIVER, Mass., May 31.—The most economical man in all New England is here. He called at the central police station, with a bundle under his arm.

"If you don't mind, I'd like to change my linen," he said. "It's expensive taking a room in a hotel for such a small matter."

"Would you mind doing it in a cell?" asked the captain.

"In a cell, on the roof, or in the cellar, at your pleasure. It isn't the place that concerns me."

"Take cell 22," said the captain. Ten minutes thereafter the man emerged thanking the captain and went his way.

WAR ON FRATS

PEORIA, Ill., May 31.—President Burgess and the faculty of Bradley Polytechnic university have declared war on college frats and sororities. At a meeting yesterday the faculty decided that the chapters were devoting too much time to their personal pleasure and that they were also taking in too many members, resulting in a lessening of school interest.

"It will not hurt if some of the smart Alecks do leave school," said President Burgess, when the students objected to the proposed restrictions. "We cannot have the school studies interfered with as they have been."

FOUNTAIN CITY NEWS

Mr. J. G. Elliott, the proprietor of the Merchants' hotel has rented his hotel to H. J. Quast of Minneapolis for five years. The former goes to Minneapolis.

Mrs. Severin Spehn died Wednesday at 1:30 p. m. She had been ill for several days. She received a stroke of paralysis on Monday morning. She was nearly eighty years old and was one of the earliest settlers in Buffalo county. She was buried yesterday.

The high school and grade schools will close Friday. The commencement exercises will be omitted on account of the contagious diseases. There were to be eight persons on the program, of whom only three were able to be prepared.

Mrs. Henry Roettiger entertained her friends on her birthday Sunday, May 26. The guests enjoyed the afternoon very much.

COMMENCEMENT AT WEST SALEM

SPECIAL PROGRAM PREPARED
FOR NEXT FRIDAY

CLASS PLAY TO BE GIVEN

High School Students of That Village
Make Elaborate Preparations
For the Event

Friday evening, June 7th, the graduation exercises of the West Salem high school will be held in the Presbyterian church at that place.

A class of thirteen will be given their diplomas at that time.

The commencement program is as follows:

Vocal solo, Mrs. J. S. Lowe.
Invocation, Rev. S. L. McKee.
Italian chorus (Lucresia), high school.

Address, August Trettien.

Vocal solo, Mrs. J. S. Lowe.

Presentation of diplomas, Prof. Charles H. Dietz.

Summer Fancies, Girls' Glee club.

Class Exercises.

On June 6 there will be class exercises. A school play will be given, the pupils at the high school composing the cast. This is to be given after the class exercises.

The program is as follows:

Music, High School Orchestra.

Class president's opening Address, Verner J. Wilcox.

Class history, Hildur N. Olsen and Angus A. Johnson.

Class Oration, Glenn O. Hitchcock.

Class prophecy, Abbie J. Johnson and Harrison A. Johnson.

Class declamation, Lulu E. Mercereau.

Music, High School Orchestra.

Class custodian, Lillian D. Roberts.

Acceptance, Royal Jones.

Response, Elmer Kuehn.

Momentoes, Ethel Oltman.

Funeral sermon, Sherman L. Dudley.

Class will, Nina C. Rurland.

Farewell address, Lulu P. Cooke.

Class song, (Arranged by Jessie E. Tower), Class of '07.

The following pupils compose the class of 1907:

Lulu Pearl Cooke, German and English; Abbie Josephine Johnson, Latin and English; Hildur Margaret Olsen, Latin and English; Lillian D. Roberts, German and English; Marie R. Sander, Latin and German; Nina Celestia Rurland, German and English; Jessie Ellen Tower, English and German; Lulu E. Mercereau, English and German; Sherman L. Dudley, Latin and German; Verner J. Wilcox, Latin and German; Angus A. Johnson, Latin and German; Glenn O. Hitchcock, Latin and German.

ADMIT EMBEZZLEMENT

Late Rich Man Was Not
Honest in Deals

WARSAW, Ind., May 31.—Sensational facts regarding the management of the Barney Driving park, located at Elkhart, Ind., were brought out during the hearing of a petition to reopen the estate of Samuel E. Barney, deceased, of Elkhart. The fact was brought out by Attorney L. W. Vail of Goshen that Mr. Barney embezzled \$36,000 of the funds of the American Mutual insurance company just previous to purchasing the driving park property.

This was admitted by counsel for heirs, who called the attention of the court to the fact that they had turned over to the receiver of the insurance company, the Elkhart Trust company, the deed to the driving park in full settlement of this claim against the estate.

According to accountants the books kept by Barney show that he drew more than \$60,000 that cannot be traced to any account. There are other accounts, one under the caption of "Building and Loan," amounting to \$7,091, and from which nothing ever came back. There was a "real estate" account amounting to \$46,139, and counsel for the receiver of the insurance company charged that money belonging to the company paid for these properties.

It is charged that at the time of his death Mr. Barney owed the insurance company \$158,000.

WOMEN MAN THE CARS

Female Street Car Oper-
ators a Possibility

NEWARK, N. J., May 31.—The time may soon come when women conductors will hold the motor-man's controller and collect fares on the North Jersey trolleys. At least Superintendent Newton W. Bolan of the Central Jersey Division of the public service corporation, when he spoke at the opening of the new offices and barns at Dunellen, said women would be much more satisfactory in this capacity than men.

Of course, Mr. Bolan later denied any serious intent. He says he said it as a joke and to get on the right side of the female friends and relatives of his employees, who were there in great numbers. Yet, considering the many first class arguments for the scheme, way down deep in Mr. Bolan's heart there probably lurks the feeling, "Twould be good."

For instance, no more would man hold back his fare and do his best to "beat" the company. On the contrary, there would be a rush to see who could first pay the conductor.

No more would a man "kick" if the car was a trifle late, nor would he glare savagely if the fair conductor happened to step on his toe or shove him aside. No more would he curse if two fares should be demanded—indeed, he'd smile and hand out three.

REITZEL'S 409-13 Main St. La Crosse, Wis.

WASH GOODS

See our big assortment of choice lawns in dots and floral patterns, at per yard

GINGHAMS

Just received a big shipment of toil du nord gingham, just the thing for children's dresses and shirt waist suits at per yard

CAMBRIC

Best quality French and Manchester cambric in light and dark grounds at per yard

DIMITIES AND BATISTE

Batiste and dimities in all the neat patterns, including a big line of black and white at per yard

ORGANDIES

In pretty floral designs in white and light grounds, an exceptionally good cloth at per yard

LAWNS AND ORGANDIES

Barred and checked lawns and organdies in hams, values up to 39c, at per yard

SILK MULL

In plain and floral patterns a sheer material at per yard

FRENCH GINGHAMS

And Egyptian tissue and embroidered Gingham values up to 35c, at per yard

EMBROIDERED SWISS

With white ground and colored stripe to form bar, at per yard

VOILES

Beautiful barred voiles and silk tissue at per yard

BARRED SWISS

In light blues and pink, a very pretty cloth at per yard

WHITE GOODS

Sheer white goods in stripes and plaids at 12 and half cent, 18c, 20c, 25c per yard, up to

Dotted Swiss at 15c, 25c, 35c per yard and up to

Embroidered Swiss at 25c, 39c, 50c per yard and up to

Barred Swiss with embroidered dot or figure, our regular 39c value at per yard

Lace striped white goods, special good bargain at per yard

India Linens at 7 and a half cent, 10c, 12 and a half cent and 15c per yard, up to

Persian Lawns at 25c, 30c, 35c per yard up to

French Lawns at 25c, 30c, 35c, 39c per yard up to

Imported chiffon at 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c per yard and up to

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS

Children's parasols at 15c, 25c, 39c, 50c, each and

Ladies' parasols and umbrellas at 89c, \$1.00 each up to

Gents' umbrellas at \$1.00 each up to

BELTS

Big line of wash belts at each 25c and

Leather belts at each 25c up to

Silk tailored belts at each 25c up to

Plain and studded elastic belts at each 25c up to

Beaded elastic belts each 25c up to

KARL G. KURTENACKER, MANAGER

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Leghorns in the natural shade for young ladies' trimmed with flowers and ribbons, priced special

At \$4.50 and \$5.00

The new large brim trimmed sailor. These are the newest things out; we have them in black chip burnt and milans, trimmed with chiffon and wings

From \$5.00 Up.

BANDED SAILORS

Exact copies of the Knox hat in black or white, smooth and rough braids

98c to \$2.50



Radical Reductions on Suits

Prices Marked Down One-third, One-half and More.

Stylish \$45 Eton suits reduced to close at. \$30

\$27.50 and \$25 suits reduced to \$20 and \$17.50

Necessity never compelled such radical reductions as chronicled in this advertisement. \$14.75

Abnormal weather conditions lasting right up to the summer season leaves an overstock in our best lines. \$9.98

Other suits in odd sizes, mostly small sizes for ladies, misses and children, reduced one-half and more.

\$35 suits of the finest styles reduced to \$25

\$30 suits reduced to \$22.50 and \$20

Ladies' and misses' jackets are on sale at reduced prices. One lot of all wool box coats reduced to \$4.98

BIRD LOVERS ARE OFF TO THE WOODS

TIME OF YEAR HAS ARRIVED FOR COMING OF BIRDS

BEST MONTH FOR THE BIRDS

Mississippi Valley a Great Place to Study the Different Kinds—Many New Ones are Seen

During the past few weeks, large parties of bird lovers might be seen wending their way toward the woods in the early mornings. The number of feathered songsters that are now visiting in the neighborhood of La Crosse has attracted no little attention. There is an unusually large number of foreign birds now stopping here on their way north, and many of the number have never been seen here before.

The Mississippi valley is one of the best places on the globe to observe the different varieties as the river is the chosen route for so many of the immigrants who pass on their way to the northern country and back again on their return trip. As they make their northern pilgrimage they are dressed in their brightest and finest clothes, while on their return trip, they are clothed in more sombre garb.

The warblers which are conceded to be the most beautiful are unfortunately the least known as they are very small, and it is almost impossible to identify them.

Best Month for Birds

This is the greatest month in the year for watching birds as they are all on the wing. Those that have been making the trips to the woods this spring are more than delighted with the large number of rare birds they find. There are very few that are not familiar with the cat bird, red winged blackbird, blue bird, cow bird, blue jay, meadow lark, the orioles, robin, chipping sparrow, the English field, fox and song sparrow, the wren and a few of the wood peckers, but this is only a small portion of the beautiful birds that are now playing in our yards and singing in our trees. Added to these we have the rusty black bird, and the beautiful indigo bunting, a bird of deep blue coloring having a greenish cast with wings and tails washed thinly with brownish tint.

Foreign Birds Visiting

The cardinal is recognized with its red feather and conspicuous crest. It also has a black band around its neck which is light red.

The yellow breasted chat has a brilliant yellow throat, breast and wing linings. Olive green above with strong blue black bill. The tufted titmouse, one of the rarest birds in the country, and very seldom seen in this vicinity, was found in one of the trees yesterday a little north of town. The bird is very small and feeds among the tree branches. It is crested with black frontlet. Above it is ash gray with the wings and tail darker and the sides of the head a dull white. The under parts of the bird is whitish with brownish wash on the sides.

Many Different Birds Here

The scarlet tanager with its beautiful red scarlet plumage and black feet has attracted a great deal of attention. Over eighteen different kinds of warblers have been seen this spring, many of which are quite foreign in this part of the country.

CHARIVARI ALL NIGHT

SIoux CITY, Ia., May 31.—One hour's din for each of the twelve children of a newly married pair, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Brown, after keeping a section of the town awake all night, were dispersed by the police at daybreak.

The record breaking charivari was given because the man had seven children and his bride, a widow, five. As a result of the twelve hour serenade the house of the bride's father is almost wrecked, its porch torn off, windows smashed, and screens torn down. The outbuildings were broken up to furnish clubs and tom-tom beaters. Piles of cans, pails, scrap iron, discs, and clubs were left in the yard, giving the appearance of a double jointed cyclone.

One of the serenaders who was arrested today said: "We simply wanted to let Brown know what a large family he possessed. We planned to charivari one hour for each child. We broke up the woodhouse because we ran out of clubs."

LOOK TO CLEMENCY FOR GIRL

Plea for Helen Dixon to be Presented at Bloomington Today
BLOOMINGTON, Ill., May 31.—Formal application for a modification of the sentence of Helen Dixon, accused of embezzling church organ funds, probably will be presented Friday, and there is strong hope that her sentence to the penitentiary will be changed to confinement in the jail. Miss Dixon is now receiving feminine callers daily, leading society and club women having interested themselves in her behalf. Previously she had denied herself to everybody.

ASK SPORTSMEN TO SPARE FISH

BASS ARE LATE IN SPAWNING THIS SEASON

COLD SPRING IS THE CAUSE

State Commissioners Call Attention to Dangers in Catching the Finny Tribe Now

Owing to the cold weather which has prevailed this spring the spawning season for fish has been greatly delayed, and the advice of the state game and fish commission to all true sportsmen is that they refrain from trying to get any bass for at least two weeks. The season opened on May 25, but the bass have not yet commenced to spawn, and if the opening of the season is taken advantage of by any considerable number of fishermen it will mean a loss of thousands of fish will be saved if the fishing is put off until after the close of the spawning season.

The sport of catching bass is a great attraction to those who know how, as the bass is without question the gamest fish to be found in the waters in this part of the country, besides being an excellent food fish. The attractiveness of the bass from every point of view makes the opening of the season an event watched for with interest, not only by the sportsmen of this state but those all over the country, and every spring brings in fishermen from all over the country to try their luck in the streams of this state.

Under ordinary conditions the spawning season is over by this time, but this year it has not commenced, and fishing during the early part of the season will have the effect of materially setting back the work of the commission in keeping the streams well stocked by preventing the natural increase of the fish.

Unless there is considerable moderation in the weather it is believed that there will be little spawning during the next two weeks, but with the advent of warm weather that season will soon be over and there will then be a great increase in the stock for future sport.

"I consider the genuine sportsman is in duty bound to put off his first visit to the lakes until after the spawning season," said a fish commissioner here. "Every fish that is taken now means the killing of thousands, which would be prevented if the sportsmen waited until the proper time before trying their luck at the sport."

He has recently returned from a trip in the northern part of the state with a crew of men gathering pike spawn, and the same conditions as to the lateness of the season were found to exist among the pike as among the bass. For the last twelve years experience has shown that by April 25 the eggs are ready to be gathered, but this year the state's experts were unable to do this until the middle of May when a good haul was made.

The bass lakes are well stocked, and the commission will be able to add materially to their stock if the fish are not disturbed until after the spawning season, but under the existing conditions unless the sportsmen refrain from doing any fishing until the spawning is over the interests of all concerned will suffer.

TEACHERS' BUREAU

NORMAL REGENT FAVORS NEW STATE OFFICE TO FURNISH EDUCATORS

MADISON, Wis., May 31.—(Special.)—Secretary William Kittel of the board of normal regents is interested in having a bill passed by the legislature to create a teachers' employment bureau in connection with the department of labor and statistics. He says that nearly 1,000 teachers of the state find employment through some agency conducted by private persons who demand 5 per cent of the salary earned as a commission. This money he said should be saved to the teachers. He declared that the Parker educational agency alone placed many teachers, probably 500 a year, and received a good commission on these salaries. "I am not complaining because these men have sufficient energy to get this business," declared Secretary Kittel. "I know if the state started a teachers' employment agency, as the employment bureau at La Crosse, Superior, Oshkosh and Milwaukee are conducted, charging each teacher who applied and secured a position, a fee of \$2, it would be a great success. Now we ask the state to appropriate \$2,000 to get this started. I believe we will not need the money as the fees will aggregate this amount, but we want to be sure. You will see that the teachers of this state, who receive too low a salary, if anything, will be better satisfied."

This argument was made before the committee on claims.

NEGRESS GETS \$50,000

EL PASO, Texas, May 31.—O. D. Hammond of New York, American representative of Admiral Lord Beresford, effected a settlement with "Lady Flo" Wolff, the negress, who, claiming that she was the common law wife of Delaval Beresford, deceased, put in a claim for a share of his million dollar estate. According to the terms of the agreement, she receives \$15,000 in cash, in return for which she waives all claims to a community or partnership interest in the estate, and declares that she was never at any time the common law wife of the deceased and that during the twenty-two years she was on the Beresford ranch in Mexico, their only relations were those of master and servant.



DISTINCTIVE STYLES FOR MEN

"Special" Suits At \$18.00 and \$20.00

Judges of values and critics of qualities are invited to see these suits and examine every detail of quality, material, fit and style and be convinced that they excell at every point. Most prominent among the beautiful materials shown are the many exquisite grays, in checks, shadow plaids and plain diagonal weaves, and these suits you can compare with the best at \$25 anywhere.

FORMAL OPENING OF STRAW HATS

You'll be interested right now in at least catching a glimpse of the styles that will predominate this summer. We invite you to "take a look." Finest straws made are here—and so on down to the \$1.00 hat—each the best Straw Hat that can be had at its price.



NEW NECKWEAR AT 50 CENTS.

One Price To All.

THE CONTINENTAL

HENRY N. BOHEIM, Manager.

Your Money Back if Not Pleased

NEW YORK IS DOOMED

Will Sink Into Sea, Says a Calamity Howler

MIDDLETON, Conn., May 31.—"Uncle Horace" Johnson of Middle Hadden, known throughout New England as an accurate weather prophet, has announced that all of Manhattan island and much of the adjoining territory will be destroyed by a great earthquake some time in August.

He says one-half of New York City will sink into East River and the other half into North river, and that the disturbance will entail the loss of thousands of lives. The damage to property naturally will be incalculable.

NEENAH COMPANY SOLD

NEENAH, Wis., May 31.—The entire equipment and stock of the Neenah Knitting company on the local water power has been sold to Mather Brothers of Milwaukee and will be moved to that city. The price was \$15,000.

CAPITOL IS DESERTED

Solons Spending the Rest of the Week at Home

MADISON, Wis., May 31.—(Special.)—Not a legislator, unless the one representing the Madison district is here, was found in the city yesterday. All went to their homes to spend a few days returning next Monday. The capitol was closed and the reporters used to the regular activity admit they feel out of place with nothing to do. With the return of the solons next week things will be pushed to secure an early adjournment. Senator Burns, chairman of the claims committee, believes he can clear up all the committee work before his committee by the latter part of next week.

A CHINESE DISEASE

Berberi, From the Flowery Kingdom, in New York

NEW YORK, May 31.—The health authorities here are dismayed over the death of a midshipman from the Brazilian cruiser as the result of an attack of Tameyo beriberi. The sailors brought him ashore to the Wright hospital supposing him ill of pneumonia. The physicians found he had beriberi, and he soon died. This is the first appearance of the disease here. It is dreaded and eighty men and officers of the Tameyo may be sent to quarantine.

Baseball reporters try so hard to be original, we wonder one of them does not try to eliminate slang.

JUDGE BREAKS LAW

Man Who Fines Autoists Is Himself a Violator

BELOIT, Wis., May 31.—(Special.)—Beloit is all agog. The man who has said "\$5 and costs or 30 days" to many a weary wanderer for breaking the law, has just broken a statute himself. It is not known whether he will fine himself or not.

Judge Ross of the municipal court is the offender. His new auto refused to work the other day, and he secured the services of a neighbor to pull him to a repair shop. In going down hill, the brake refused to work, and the jurist sped down the hill at a speed much faster than allowed by the state and city laws. When he reached the bottom of the hill, the team was half-way down, following instead of leading.

The question now is: Is it a violation of the law when your auto runs away from you, especially if a judge is occupying the steering seat?

EX-OFFICIAL ACCUSED

PEORIA, Ill., May 31.—Frank Watson, who was discharged recently from the superintendency of the poor farm, was indicted here yesterday on testimony to the effect that he has attacked women patients of the farm. Evidence was presented showing that several attacks on women had been made. Watson was arrested by the federal authorities in Davenport, Ia., today because he deposited three \$1,000 bills in as many banks, but was discharged.

INVITED TO ATTEND MEET

Lawrence, However, Will Not Send a Delegation to Canada

APPLETON, Wis., May 31.—(Special.)—Lawrence University has been honored with an invitation to attend the big athletic carnival in Canada on July 17. Lawrence's fame on track and field events has reached into the distant precincts of Kink Edward's domain. The meet will be held at Calgary, in Alto province, but it is not likely that the local university will send a team, although several stars may go on their individual records, not as delegates from Lawrence.

GETS MANY RELICS

Winona Man Makes Haul at Trempealeau Mounds

M. E. Risinger of Winona, made another good addition to his already large collection of prehistorical relics of the stone age, namely, two good sized mauls and two good sized and well shaped skinners of granite, one double pointed knife of pottery, a piece of clam shell, chips of flint, and a small piece of a skull which were taken from the mounds around Trempealeau, Wis.

Delicious Dishes made from
Grape-Nuts
FOOD
Entrees, Puddings, Salads, Griddle Cakes, etc.
Read "The Road to Wellville" in pinks.
"THERE'S A REASON."



Sign of the Kangaroo.

The first step away from self-respect is the lack of care in the personal appearance.

A good hat, clean linen and a good looking shoe go a long way toward making up the best personal appearance. The most important thing in our estimation is the SHOE. We sell it.

Wm. F. Strauss
320 PEARL STREET.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

Will positively cure any case of Kidney or Bladder disease not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE

strengthens the urinary organs, builds up the kidneys and invigorates the whole system.

IT IS GUARANTEED

TWO SIZES 50c and \$1.00

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY
O. T. ERHART Special Agent

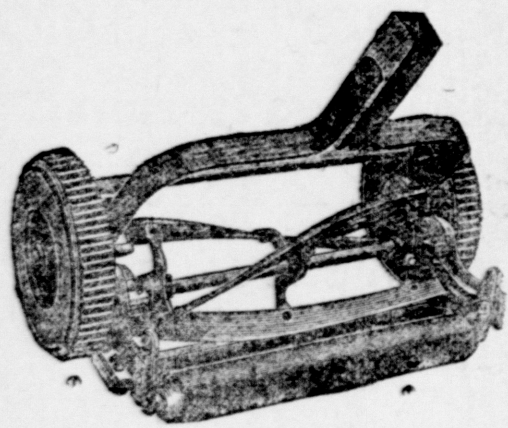
Passed Stone and Gravel With Excruciating Pains

A. H. Thurnes, Mgr. Wills Creek Coal Co., Buffalo, O., writes: "I have been afflicted with kidney and bladder trouble for years, passing gravel or stones with excruciating pains. Other medicines only gave relief. After taking FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE the result was surprising. A few doses started the brick dust, like fine stones, etc., and now I have no pain across my kidneys and I feel like a new man. FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE has done me \$1,000 worth of good."

No Other Remedy Can Compare With It

Thos. W. Carter, of Ashboro, N. C., had Kidney Trouble and one bottle of FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE effected a perfect cure, and he says there is no remedy that will compare with it.

SEASONABLE GOODS



A complete line of Lawn Mowers at \$2.40 and up. Gasoline Stoves at \$1.90 and up. Garden Hose, Paints and Oils,

Garden Tools, Washing Machines, Graniteware and Cutlery.

ADAM KRONER,

319-Pearl Street-321

We Slice Our Boiled Ham and Bacon

... With The ...

Peerless Slicing Machine.

COME AND SEE IT WORK.

We also have 1907 Spring Chickens—Dressed to Order

CITY MARKET,

D. JEHLIN, JR., PROP.

121 South Third Street La Crosse, Wisconsin.

Prompt Service

Good Workmanship

Prices Right

Satisfaction Guaranteed

We employ the greatest number of men in the city, and are prepared to handle your

Painting, Papering, or Interior Decoration

on short notice, and to give you the very best and quickest service.

We carry the largest assortment of **NEW WALL COVERINGS**, from cheapest to the highest standard of quality. Do not place your order until you have seen our **STOCK** and get our **PRICES**.

Headquarters for Painters' and Paper Hangers' Supplies.

A. & C. JOHNSON,
221 Main St.

EAGLE DELEGATES TO STATE MEETING

OFFICERS AND TEN MEMBERS SPREAD THEIR WINGS

ELLIOTT MAY GO TO NORFOLK

Local Aerie Will Elect Delegate to the National Convention at Next Meeting

Members of the La Crosse Eagles are spreading their wings preparatory to the grand flight to Oshkosh, June 11, when the different lodges in the state will meet in convention.

According to the reports received from Oshkosh great preparations are being made and a grand time is anticipated. Oshkosh has the largest aerie in the state in point of numbers, if population is taken into account, 700 members being enrolled. The convention at Oshkosh will be the first held in this state in two years. The national convention held here last year was the cause of the postponement of the regular state convention.

The delegates who will go to the Oshkosh convention from La Crosse are John L. Utermoehl, Jr., past president; Gustav Carl, secretary, and Leo J. Bergen, treasurer of the local aerie and about ten other members. At the next meeting of the local aerie a delegate to the national convention which opens Sept. 3 at Norfolk, Va., will be elected. The delegate elected will be either John Elliott, past president or John L. Utermoehl, Jr., past president.

Dr. G. A. Gehbe of Oshkosh will probably be the next state president and West Superior the next state convention city according to some of the local Eagles.

My Best Friend

Alexander Benton, who lives on Rural Route 1, Fort Edward, N. Y., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is my best earthly friend. It cured me of asthma six years ago. It has also performed a wonderful cure of incipient consumption for my son's wife. The first bottle ended the terrible cough, and this accomplished, the other symptoms left one by one, until she was perfectly well. Dr. King's New Discovery's power over coughs and colds is simply marvelous." No other remedy has ever equaled it. Fully guaranteed by O. T. Erhart, druggist. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

A. L. Johnson of Lanesboro, is in La Crosse calling on friends.

THE LA CROSSE SAUSAGE FACTORY

Wholesale
Retail...

I have recently purchased the La Crosse Sausage Factory and am now prepared to supply you with all the **HIGHEST GRADE** sausage known to the trade. . . . We make a specialty of Sausage, Hams, Bacon, Corned Beef and Salted Meats. . . . Inspection of our plant invited. . . .

FRANK R. SCHMIDT

WATCH REDUCED FARE IN STATE

RAILROAD MEN NOT CERTAIN IT IS A BENEFIT

TRAVELERS ARE DISSATISFIED

This is the Claim Made by Agents of the Railways and Seems to be Really True

Railroad officials are watching to see what effect the 2 1/2 cent fare will have on the passenger earnings of the lines in Wisconsin. They have been getting what figures they can for the first weeks of May, but it is asserted that no conclusion can be reached from so short a period.

One official points out that the weather of this month has been such that people have not been inclined to travel. Passenger men say that business has been extremely dull, and when the accounts are made up for this month it is possible that the number of passengers hauled will be below that for May of last year on account of the extremely unseasonable weather. May is usually a comparatively dull month in the passenger business, for it is after the move that starts with a rush in the spring and is prior to summer tourist season.

Some of the railroad men say that even two or three months will not show the effect of a reduction in fare, for conditions vary from year to year for various periods, and to arrive at any conclusion it will be necessary to go over the record for six months or a year. The result of the first year under the new rate in the west will be watched with considerable interest, so that comparisons may be made with the results in eastern states which have had the 2 1/2 cent fare in operation long enough to ascertain its consequences. From reports published, at least of eastern lines doing purely interstate traffic, the reduction in fare has not resulted in enough increase in the number of passengers to counteract the reduction in fare per mile.

LAWRENCE HUSTLING University Needs \$150,000 to Get Donation

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—(Special)—In view of the fact that just now Lawrence university is making an effort to raise \$150,000 to meet the conditions of the gift of \$50,000 from the general education board, the following resolutions, adopted by the Wisconsin Methodist conference in its sessions at Wausau and Janesville are of state-wide interest:

"Never did Lawrence better merit our love and loyalty. Never in the history of the institution was the outlook brighter; never was the work which Lawrence has done and is doing, so indispensable to the growth and development of Methodism in Wisconsin. The time has come when our one educational institution ought to have a larger place in the thought and gifts of our people."

"This large and growing institution," says the Janesville report, "commands the attention, not only of our own young people, but many others who are seeking training in a Christian school."

MAYOR BECKER WILL SPEAK

Milwaukee Executive Breaks Sphinx-Like Silence at Last

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—(Special)—Mayor Sherburn M. Becker will have to change his sphinx-like attitude soon, to limber up for numerous speeches he is scheduled for around the state in June and July. He has accepted an invitation from Green Lake for its annual celebration, and Green Bay wants him for its Fourth of July doings. The Green Bay invitation has not been definitely accepted, but unless important business matters prevent, he will appear in the big town on the bay on the nation's birthday.

HURRY CALL BY THE PRESIDENT

ROOSEVELT HAS HIS SISTER RETURN FROM ENGLAND

DABBLED IN DIPLOMACY

Confounded Relations With that of Relative of a King—Hostess Astounded at Departure

New York, May 31.—Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, brother-in-law and sister of the president, are returning hurriedly and unexpectedly from London and will arrive on the Corona tomorrow. They leave behind a long list of invitations that were hurriedly cancelled when they suddenly left Devonshire house, the town place of Ambassador Reid, and went to Garland's hotel in St. James street and waited for the first steamer sailing for home. The formal dinner that was to be given them by the ambassador, to which the Duke of Connaught and five other members of the British royal house were invited, was one of the functions that was foregone by the president's sister and her husband, and there were to be other affairs fully as important.

"Recalled" by Roosevelt. Word has reached here that the smart world of London is not at all at a loss to account for the withdrawal of the Robinsons from the social swim and their hurried trip home. It is said without reservation in the British capital that President Roosevelt has recalled his relatives much as he would a minister and his family, and the reason for this "recall" is much the same as that which wrecked the social hopes of another prominent American woman (Mrs. Bellamy Storer) whose dabbling in affairs diplomatic caused her husband to leave the service and to come home beaten but still defiant.

From Washington word was received tonight through Secretary Loeb that although the coming of the Douglas Robinsons was hurried, no reason could be given by those close to the president. It was learned, however, that the pair had been told to come to the white house promptly on their return to America, which, in the circumstances, may be regarded as significant.

London Not Sorry.

It is known that there are those in London, especially women in the American set, who are not surprised that the sister of the president has met her Waterloo at the hands of her brother. It may also be added that these same people do not suffer much from regret either. They have put forth the claim very quietly that the lady has confounded her relationship with the chief executive of the United States with that officially held by the relatives of a sovereign of Europe. It was extremely difficult for some of the hosts of London to determine what precedence should be given her and especially when she was present at functions with the wife of the accredited ambassador to the court of St. James.

ATTENDS A BANQUET

Y. M. C. A. Secretary Goes to Milwaukee

Secretary J. W. Stafford of the La Crosse Y. M. C. A. will attend the business men's dinner in the interest of the young men of Milwaukee, to be held at the Hippodrome at Milwaukee on Saturday evening of this week. Over one thousand will be in attendance at the banquet.

The Milwaukee association is conducting a campaign to raise \$250,000 for a Y. M. C. A. building and is meeting with great success. No solicitation of funds will be made at the banquet, however. The guests of honor at the banquet will be Hon. H. M. Beardsley, mayor of Kansas City, Mo.; Hon. S. M. Becker, mayor of Milwaukee; State Senator John M. Whitehead of Janesville, Wis.; Mr. C. S. Ward of Chicago, and Mr. L. Wilbur Messer of Chicago.

A musical program has also been arranged for the occasion.

FUNERAL HELD TODAY

Miss Gertrude Dumpke of Genoa Is No More

Miss Gertrude Dumpke, age 19 years, of Genoa, died Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock. The funeral was held this morning at 9 o'clock from the Catholic church at Genoa, Rev. Father Cramer officiating and interment in the Genoa cemetery. Fessler and Dahl of this city were in charge.

CEUSURE LINQUISTS

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 31.—In relating the experiences of some Yale expert linguists abroad, where they were unable to order a cab in Cherbourg, on the landing, and could not ask for a cup of coffee in Germany, the Yale undergraduate organ, the Daily News, yesterday called the French and German modern language clubs of the university to account for this deplorable ignorance of a speaking knowledge of these various languages. The News says that parents who take their sons to Europe directly after graduation from Yale find when they land at Cherbourg find that the college men can't understand what is said to them. Hackmen, as well as old folks, wonder of what practical use a college education can be.

S.S.S. RIDES THE SYSTEM OF MALARIA

Malaria is an atmospheric poison which we unconsciously breathe into our system. The blood in its constant passage through the lungs absorbs the germs, and they destroy the rich, red corpuscles of this vital fluid and reduce it to such a weak, watery condition that it is unable to properly nourish the system, and disease gets a foothold. Then the symptoms of Malaria, such as pale, sallow complexions, weak vitality, poor appetite, deranged digestion, and perhaps chills and fever show that the trouble is affecting every part of the body. Malaria also affects the liver, producing a chronic state of biliousness, and often a long spell of fever follows when the blood becomes fully contaminated with the poison. Chronic Sores and Ulcers, boils, aches and pains, and skin affections of various kinds often result from this insidious disease if the poison is allowed to accumulate in the blood in sufficient quantities. Malaria must be removed from the system through the circulation, and for this purpose nothing equals S. S. S. This great remedy goes down into the blood and drives out all germs, microbes and poisons, and permanently cures Malaria. S. S. S. not only cleanses the blood of the cause, but furnishes it with the healthful properties it needs, so that instead of a weak, germ-infected stream, spreading disease throughout the system, it becomes a rich, red fluid, nourishing the body and enabling it to resist disease. S. S. S. is also the greatest of all tonics, and builds up and invigorates the entire system while ridding the blood of the germs of Malaria. Persons who are suffering from Malaria will be pleased with the prompt and pleasant results produced by the use of S. S. S., and can take it with confidence because it is an absolutely safe medicine, being free from harmful minerals of any kind. Book on the blood and any medical advice desired sent free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

LA CROSSE THEATRE...

CORA E. LEVY

STOCK COMPANY

TONIGHT "THE MINER'S DAUGHTER"

PRICES 10, 15 and 25c

DANA'S ORCHESTRA EVERY PERFORMANCE

SEATS RESERVED FOUR DAYS IN ADVANCE

Burlington Route Excursions

Atlantic City, N. J.

May 30-31, June 1 and 2, account American Medical Association, one fare plus \$2.00 for round trip.

Superior, Wis.

June 1st to 4th inclusive, account Grand Lodge of Rebekah Assembly, I. O. O. F. of Wisconsin. Very low rate.

Norfolk, Va.

Account Jamestown Expo., on sale daily until Nov. 20, 1907.
Fifteen day tickets, round trip.....\$30.15
Sixty day tickets, round trip..... 37.10
Sixty day tickets, one way N. Y. City 41.20

Burlington Route

D. J. SHANESY, Agt.

TEDDY BEAR SAYS:

Lots of folks read Tribune Want Ads—Better try 'em

AMERICANS RESENT ANONYMOUS ROAST

CRITICISM OF OUR PEOPLE IN LONDON IS SARCASTIC

"CRUDE CHAOS" IS AMERICA

Author Hiding Behind Nomdeplume Says Cutting Things that Enrage London Dwellers

London, May 31.—There were a lot of wrathful Americans in London last week. They had been reading an article in one of the ha'penny papers about themselves. Almost every man met in the lobby of the Hotel Cecil wanted to fight somebody.

Ted D. Marks was for hiring a theater and challenging the writer, who had wisely masked his identity under the name of "Anglo-American," to join in debate to the subject of what the American invasion means to England, but so far this has not come to pass. The writer intimated that a large proportion of visitors from over the sea were school teachers, and this, judging from the comments heard from the women, seemed to be the most objectionable feature of the whole article, which is written in a superior, sarcastic vein and quite calculated to ruffle the feelings of those who are seeing England and meeting Englishmen for the first time.

Talks of "Crude Chaos."

One paragraph in particular I heard a group from Iowa discussing with considerable feeling.

"They react from the crude chaos of their own surroundings and home," it reads, "with large and valuable liberality, and fling themselves with insatiable gusto into the aesthetic wealth that we, who live in the midst of it, almost forget to notice."

LOCKS FOR GARBAGE

Refuse Stolen, Health Department Gets Complaint

One would hardly think that garbage is desirable stuff to steal, but it seems that such is the case. Complaints have come to the health department from time to time that garbage has been hauled away from residences in different sections of the city by somebody other than the collectors in the employ of the department, but as to who are the garbage thieves nobody seems to know.

It was explained that a number of persons are licensed to collect garbage within limited territories, but it seems that the stuff is collected night or early mornings outside of these districts. The householders say they do not know who is carrying away the garbage, the regularly employed collectors say the garbage is gone when they arrive on schedule time, and the inspectors in the health department say that they would like to know who is carrying on such a peculiar undertaking.

A city ordinance provides a fine of \$5 to \$25 or from five to thirty days for violations of the garbage collection regulations. It is supposed that the garbage is gathered by people who have animals to feed and who are too bashful to apply at the health department for a license.

DE RAYLAN BODY IS IDENTIFIED

Phoenix, Ariz., May 31.—Baron Schlippbach, Russian consul at Chicago, positively identified the body of Nicholas De Raylan this afternoon as that of his former secretary, whom he had known as a man in Chicago for twelve years, yet who proved to be a woman on preparation of the body for burial, following death from consumption in Phoenix last December.

The body had been disinterred yesterday in the presence of Michael Feinberg, a Chicago attorney representing the public administrator of Cook county, and it is agreed there could have been no possibility of substitution. It was wrapped in a white shroud and the face was little changed. Drs. Palmer and Bizzell, the surgeons who performed the autopsy, were present at the examination this afternoon.

With Baron Schlippbach came Attorney Samuel J. Schaeffer of Chicago, representing the woman who has called herself the widow of De Raylan, and who is fighting for the estate. This woman's claim on the estate hinged on whether De Raylan was man or woman. De Raylan being a woman, of course the claimant is not a widow.

SUNDAY WORK DAY

POSTOFFICE RULING CAUSE OF TROUBLE AMONG THE EMPLOYEES

"Is the United States postoffice department going to declare Sunday a legal working day?"

This question is said to be agitating many organizations having for their purpose securing of a proper Sabbath observance.

The question arises in the controversy between the railroads and the department over the proposed deduction in compensation awarded for transporting the mails. Religious people throughout the country are said to be watching the controversy with keen interest. This being intensified by printed arguments issued by the railroads opposing the department's order, which requires "That when the weight of the mails is taken on railroad routes the whole number of days the mails are weighed shall be used as a divisor for obtaining the average weight per day."

The presidents of all the big railroads in the country have a printed protest and argument against the enforcement of this rule, insisting that legal "working days" only shall be considered, as has been the case for over forty years. The new order, they claim, transgresses all precedent of law and of congress and officially recognizes Sunday as a legal "working day."

"The mails are carried on Sundays," admit the railroad presidents, "but, like congress, the records do not show that they are so carried."

It is further stated that only the exigencies of the service have led the railroads to establish Sunday service, that the new rule penalizes the railroads for having bettered the service, and that they may have to discontinue their Sunday service if the rule is not changed.

"And thus," declare the presidents, "is raised the question of what is meant in the statutes and in the legal authorities by the word 'Sunday' and what distinguishes it from the phrase 'working day.' All dictionaries and legal authorities agree that Sunday is not a working day and congress never intended that it should be such."

Here are some of the reasons given by the railroad heads why, so far as the official records are concerned, the postoffice department should permit them to "remember the Sabbath day to keep it holy."

Congress made all appropriations for the World's Columbian exposition on condition that the exposition be closed on Sundays.

Congress provided that the government exhibit at the World's Columbian exposition be kept closed on Sundays.

The same conditions applied to the St. Louis exposition and will apply to the Jamestown exposition.

Congress does not sit on Sunday for business so far as is shown by the congressional record.

At the last session of congress the president, in signing bills Monday forenoon, was careful to note the hour at which he signed them.

"Successful working days" appears in the law reports, orders and letters wherever the subject of weighing is mentioned.

Thus having established the purpose of the government to keep the seventh day or the Sabbath inviolate the executives proceed to prove to the postmaster general that the statute used the phrase "working days" advisedly and for a purpose. They say:

Working day. "A day on which work is performed as distinguished from the Sabbath festivals, etc., (Webster's dictionary.)

The phrase "working days" in the statutes excludes Sundays. (Black's Law Dictionary, 1245.)

Sunday both in the statutes and in the court decisions is a dies non. (Street vs. U. S. L. Ed., 33, 631, 634.)

The expression "working days" has in commerce and jurisprudence a settled and definite meaning. It means days as they succeed each other, exclusive of Sundays and holidays. (Pederson vs. Engster, 14, Fed. 422.)

The presidents declare they are not contending that congress could not enact a constitutional law recognizing Sunday contracts and Sunday service as legitimate.

"We only attempt to give the law as it now exists," they conclude, "our general and positive conclusions from such investigation as we have been able to make are that a statute or a regulation using the phrase 'working days' excludes Sunday."

As love without esteem is capricious and volatile, esteem without love is languid and cool.

Some people say that life is not worth living, but you never see them pricing pistols.

Those who hold their heads high in the air never see what is going on around them.

SECOND TEST ON MAILS ORDERED

GOVERNMENT IS DISSATISFIED WITH ONE WEIGHING

WANT DEFINITE SETTLEMENT

Department Will Take Another Turn to Find Out Amount During Month of October

As an experiment the United States government will make a test of weighing the mails twice this year and the second test will be made in the fall, during the month of October. Orders to this effect have already been sent to La Crosse and other division points of all the railroads and preparations for the work will be made in advance.

Heretofore but one test of the weight of the mails has been made by the postal department each year and this test has always been made in the spring. Contracts for carrying the mails have been made with railroad companies on the basis of the weight of the mails at that time, the contracts to hold until the next test weight was made.

The double test will be made this year to get a correct estimate on the mails being carried at both seasons and contracts with the railroads for next year will be made on an average of the two weights. Mail clerks who have recently passed the civil service examinations and were engaged in weighing the mails at the spring test will probably be engaged to do the work this fall.

MAYOR BOOSTS HATLESS CURE

"Cowboy Jim" Dahlman Forms Lockless Friends Into a Club

Omaha, Neb., May 31.—James C. Dahlman, mayor of Omaha, democratic national committeeman, also known as "Cowboy Jim," is in the limelight again as sponsor for a hatless cure for baldness. "Go without a hat and grow hair on your bald head," is the motto adopted by the "Hatless club" of Omaha, of which Mayor Dahlman is chief factotum.

The mayor says he has become convinced of the truth of the theory that if the head is allowed sunshine and the open air hair will grow, and he is determined not only to benefit himself by results of his investigations but he desires all of his fellow sufferers with shiny pate to share the benefit with him.

"When the weather is hot and moist," said Mayor Dahlman, "and the scalp is covered up with a tight fitting hat, it becomes much heated. There is no air to strike the scalp, and, of course, in this heated condition the hair will drop out and refuse to grow again. Some of the members of our club appear to be a little timid about going out without a hat, but we are getting over this difficulty by permitting them to knock the crowns out of their hats and wear only the brim."

"I'M FOR REVISION"

Taft Says No Man Who Isn't Is a Possibility

Washington, D. C., May 31.—"I am a tariff revisionist," Secretary of War Taft said today.

"No man can win the next election who does not favor changes in the tariff. I agree with the position taken by the American Manufacturers' association. My answer to the charges of the American Protective tariff league that I am a free trader is to repeat what I said last autumn in a speech.

"I believe that since the Dingley bill there has been a change in business conditions of the country, making it wise and just to revise the schedules. Sentiment in favor of a revision of the tariff is growing in the republican party, and in the near future the members of the party will doubtless be able to agree on a reasonable plan."

"What do you mean by 'near future'? Is it to be the same time as Mr. Bryan's ultimate government ownership of railroads?"

"Not at all," the secretary replied. "It means action, action."

BOOMERANG INVENTIONS.

Clisthenes introduced the custom of ostracism and was the first to be banished thereby.

Matthew Hopkins, the witch finder, was himself tried by his own tests and put to death as a wizard.

Ludovico Sforza, who invented the iron shroud, was the first to suffer death by this horrible torture.

Perillos, who invented the brazen bull for Phalaris, tyrant of Agrigento, was the first person baked to death in the horrible monster.

The Regent Morton of Scotland, who invented the maiden, a sort of guillotine, was the first to be beheaded thereby. This was in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.

The bishop of Verdun, who invented the iron cages, too small to allow the person confined in them to stand up right or lie at full length, was the first to be shut up in one.

The perriere was an instrument for throwing stones, of 3,000 pounds in weight, and the inventor fell a victim to his own invention by the accidental discharge of a perriere against a wall.



Your clothes are not only an index of the degree of success you have attained in life, but are also the outward expression of your taste and judgment. Kuppenheimer Clothes have that touch of taste and quality which marks a man of position and refinement.

Suits \$10.00 to \$25.00 Suits

We have for you, gentlemen--all the accessories that go to make a Well Dressed Man--Ties, Collars, Shirts, Socks, Underwear, Hats (Lots of Straws), Fancy Vests; and Prices that will Suit You.

PETER NEWBURG 324-326 Pearl St.

MAD KING OTTO IS 59

He Celebrates His Birthday Royally

Berlin, May 31.—The mad King Otto of Bavaria spent his 59th birthday as he spends all his days, wandering about the halls and gardens of his prison castle of Furstentried. He stares vacantly into space "looking," as he once said, "for the past."

The royal lunatic keeps fairly good health, but refuses to eat any hot food. For weeks he never breaks silence. He is attended by his chamberlain, two gentlemen in waiting and two mental specialists. These physicians are relieved every month and keep a close watch on the king's movements.

A hollow form of court etiquette is scrupulously kept up around the mad king, who sometimes upsets the ceremonial by outbursts of frenzy. The sight of any of his relatives throws him into a raging passion, so the Regent Prince Leopold keeps away from him.

The Bavarians celebrated King Otto's birthday as loyally as if he were a sane and governing monarch.

WINSTON CHURCHILL OUT

Author Defeated in Governorship Contest—Won't Run Again

Concord, N. H., May 31.—Winston Churchill, candidate of the Lincoln Republican club for the nomination for governor of New Hampshire last fall on a platform demanding the abolition of alleged corporate control of New Hampshire politics, in a statement made public today says that he will not be a candidate for governor at the next biennial election. He says he has learned that "the promises of the political machine, (which is interested in the perpetuation of things as they are) cannot in the future be relied upon." He adds that he will continue to strive for the principles in the last republican platform until they become the laws of New Hampshire.

Blobbs—"Cynicus seems to worry a great deal about matrimony." Slobbs—"Afraid he won't get married, I suppose." Blobbs—"No, he's afraid he will."

J. S. ARENZ & COMPANY

OUR many years of shoe retailing have taught us exactly what people want in shoes, what good shoes are, and where to

get each particular sort made in the best possible way. Our stock today presents a splendid variety of every description and every grade for men, women and children. Equal shoes elsewhere invariably cost more money. Tie to this store and you'll always wear good shoes.

J. S. ARENZ & CO. 323 Pearl Street.

Subscribers to the Y. M. C. A. Building Fund are reminded that according to the terms of the pledge, the first payment is due June 1st. As there are nearly 2,500 subscribers, the collecting of this payment is going to be something of a task and the assistance of subscribers will be much appreciated. Arrangements have been made by which money will be received at any of the banks and subscribers are requested to call at one of the banks or at the Association building and meet this first payment as promptly as possible.

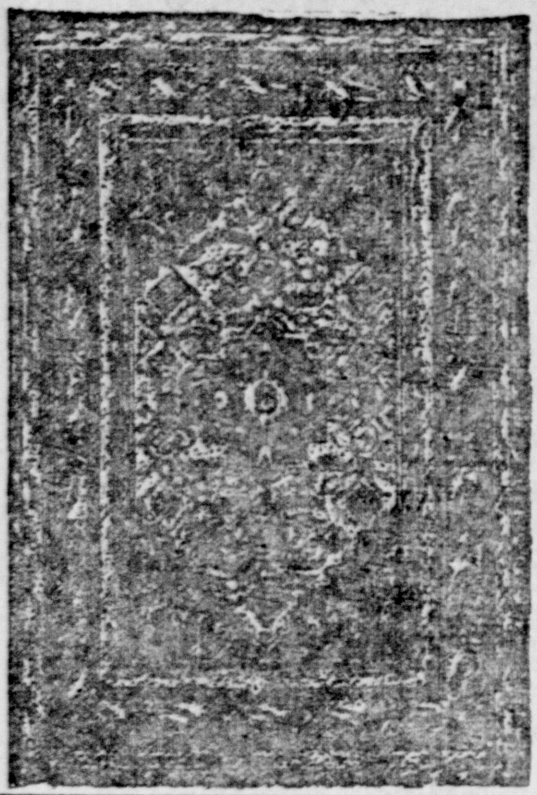
GEO. H. RAY, Pres.
J. W. STAFFORD Sec'y.

RUGS! RUGS!! RUGS!!!

Nothing like real Rugs to embellish the home. To be ornamental they must be in good repair. No matter how elegantly or how neatly your home is furnished, there's something lacking--a jarring feature--if the rugs are ragged or missing.

ALWAYS UNDER FOOT

ANDERSON'S RUGS



IN THE BEST HOMES.

A Curt Curtain Lecture



If You want the best

Curtains at the most reasonable Prices. You must buy at Anderson's, for Anderson sells all the Best Curtains.

ANDERSON CARPET CO. 220 MAIN STREET.

Many people waste money buying poor rugs or buying good rugs at wrong prices. The right thing to do is to

BUY THE RIGHT RUGS RIGHT

You can do that only at the place where they sell the right Rugs right, and that's

ANDERSON'S

Our carpet line is the only reliable one, for we are the only **Exclusive Carpet House.**

This is the open season for everything in the line of

RUGS, CURTAINS, CARPETS, ETC.

You can't buy right unless you see the full line of the--

CITY OF LONDON IS CATCHING UP

BUT IT IS STILL 200 YEARS BEHIND NEW YORK

HAS AMBULANCE SYSTEM

In the Year A. D. 1907 the Wheelbarrow Is Abandoned as Means of Carrying the Sick

London, May 31.—In the matter of ambulance service the biggest city in the world is woefully behind the times—worse equipped, in fact, than a third-rate American town. But London is catching up, at least London thinks so. And the structure, here illustrated, is regarded by the modern Babylonians as proof of it. Without the aid of the letter press it is safe to say that no American would ever guess what it is. Probably most of them would take it for a dog kennel. It is the largest thing London has devised in the ambulance line. It is the new police ambulance shelter which has been installed outside St. Martin's church, near the general postoffice, in the heart of London.

Within is contained a stretcher on wheels. If an accident occurs in the vicinity in which some one is badly hurt he can be placed on the stretcher and trundled off to the nearest hospital. It is better than a wheelbarrow. In some respects it is even preferable to a cab, because a patient can not be stretched out at full length in that vehicle.

But the enterprise and progressive spirit to which it owes its creation is most conspicuously shown in the small box with a glass front which is attached to it. That contains the key which unlocks the door. By breaking the glass, at the risk of cutting one's fist, the key can be got at by any good Samaritan willing to lend a hand in transporting to a hospital some sufferer who is in need of prompt surgical attention. It saves the time that might be lost in hunting up a policeman to open the shelter or finding the house where the key was kept. The older police ambulance shelters don't have this device. Its adoption is, therefore, proof that John Bull is waking up. At the present rate of progress somewhere about the year 2000 London may possibly have an ambulance service as efficient as that found in New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, or any of the big American cities.

SIMPLE LIVERS SHY ON DUDS IS PLAIN

Berlin Don't Like American "No Togs" Cranks

Berlin, May 31.—An American couple of "Simple Livers" have startled Berlin citizens by walking in the principal streets wearing costumes of extreme simplicity.

They are Fred Duncan, a brother of Isadore Duncan, of barefoot dance fame, and his wife. Although they live on nuts and fruit and dress like the ancient Greeks, they have the courage of their convictions to mingle with the populace in the streets of a great city.

Mr. Duncan, who has long, flowing hair and beard, wears a sort of sheet which reaches to his knees and is thrown over his left shoulder. His right arm and shoulder and legs are bare and he wears sandals on his feet.

Mrs. Duncan's costume is more ample, reaching to her ankles, but her right arm and shoulder are exposed. She wears sandals, and her hair, which is dressed in the classical style, is uncovered.

A MODERN SAMARITAN.

(Rockland (Mass., Independent).) A certain man went down from Jerusalem to America and fell among landlords and tax gatherers, which stripped him of his raiment, and wounded him, and departed, leaving him half dead.

And, by chance, there came that way a certain priest (who was supported by the landowners), and when he saw him he said: "Nothing but the gospel can eradicate crime," and passed by on the other side.

And, likewise, a philosopher (who owned a little land) when he was at the place, came and looked on him, and said: "Suffering is necessary and inevitable," and passed by on the other side. But a certain Samaritan ground owner, as he journeyed, came where he was and when he saw him he had compassion on him.

And he went to him, and gave him a dispensary card, and called a police ambulance and gave him the address of a free night lodging house.

And on the morrow he took out a ticket to the Charity Organization Society, and gave it to him that was wounded, and said unto him: "Take care of that; and if thou needest more, when I come again I will give thee a letter to the woodyard."

Which one thinkest thou was neighbor unto him that fell among thieves?

And he said: "He that showed mercy on him, and politely turned aside to let him die."

Corporal and Soldier.

The corporal is lecturing the soldier. The latter tries to excuse himself.

"But I tell you—" "You!" interrupted the corporal in a thundering voice; "you have but one thing to say, and that is to be silent!"—Il Motto per Ridere.

GOV'T IS READY TO STRIKE COAL FIRST

FIVE YEARS HAS BEEN SPENT IN INVESTIGATION

THE RAILROADS ARE INVOLVED

Inquiry Was Prosecuted by Interstate Commerce Commission Which Alone Had Power

Washington, D. C., May 31.—After nearly five years of patient investigation, the government is about to take action to break up the anthracite coal trust.

The iniquities of this combination were brought into public view during the great coal strike of the winter of 1902-03. Senator Knox was then attorney general, and by direction of President Roosevelt he instituted an investigation to ascertain whether the anthracite coal business was conducted through a combination or conspiracy in violation of the anti-trust law.

Evidence of Trust Gathered. The investigation had not proceeded far before Mr. Knox discovered that if such a combination existed the fact of its existence had been cleverly concealed and that if it was to be established it would depend largely upon the government's ability to secure evidence of a chain of circumstances which in the aggregate would show combination.

The department of justice not having the power to compel testimony under oath, Mr. Knox requested the interstate commerce commission to institute an investigation. At the same time the commission received information and complaint against the railroads engaged in the anthracite business which alleged a combination between them and certain coal carrying companies.

The commission began an investigation which extended over a considerable period of time, and upon its completion referred the evidence and its findings to the attorney general. Mr. Bonaparte has been considering the case against the anthracite trust for some time, and has about reached the conclusion to institute legal proceedings with a view to breaking up the combination believed to exist.

The Railroads Involved.

The roads involved are: The Pennsylvania railroad company, the Philadelphia and Reading, the Delaware and Hudson, the Delaware, Lackawanna, and Western, and the Lehigh Valley. All these roads penetrate the anthracite coal region of Pennsylvania. Evidence upon which proceedings are to be begun shows that a combination existed between the railroads and operators which suppressed competition, enabled discrimination, and resulted in fixing both the buying and selling price of fuel in the markets and at tide-water.

EDUCATE ONE ANOTHER.

(Success Magazine.)

It is a great thing for hundreds of splendid young men from all over the country to be thrown intimately together at the age of the greatest expectancy, when life promises so much, at an age when youths are full of hope and ambition, and feel strong and vigorous. There is an untold advantage in the growth and expansion which come from the constant measuring of mind with mind, the attrition of mentalities, the measuring of brain power, the comparing of ability, of experiences, the tempering, the constant drill in self-mastery, self-sacrifice, the constant prodding of ambition, the spurring of lagging energy. All these things are of untold advantage.

I believe that the advantages of mere book learning in college are overestimated. At is, I believe that a great deal of what is attributed to the studies themselves comes from the association of the students.

We hear a great deal about the development of personal power in solitude; but, while a certain amount of this is necessary, yet there is no substitute for the growth and education which come from intimate association with human beings.

As a rule, the men who pay their own way through college are the most successful because they are the most practical men. On the other hand, every man who has to devote a great deal of his time to paying his way suffers an immense loss from the lack of larger association with the students.

Many of these men who work their way through college feel obliged to go directly from the classroom to their own room. They cannot enter into many of the sports with the other students because they are obliged to remain in their rooms and study during evenings, Saturdays, and holidays alike.

I believe that many college men owe more to what they get from their fellow students than from their studies. In saying this, I do not undervalue the great value of what comes from lectures and books; but I believe it is impossible to overestimate the value of the social intercourse of the college.

Last year Great Britain consumed \$18,000,000 worth of American oleomargarine and \$4,200,000 worth of American butter.

Every man believes the people ought to get together in mass meetings and invite him to explain what they should do.

Most men appreciate the nonsense of a pretty woman far more than they do the sense of a homely one.

A fast young man is seldom able to keep up with his running expenses.



June Sale of Summer Goods.

Attend this Sale

Saturday, Monday

and every day during the MONTH OF JUNE.

Free trip to La Crosse every day

INDIA LINENS

Short lengths of fine India Linen and Persian Lawn, 36 and 40 inch wide, at per yard12½c

BATISTE

Plain and figured batiste for waists and dresses at per yard10c

DRESS GINGHAMS

Choice checked and striped dress gingham, best grade, at only12½c

TORCHON LACE

5,000 yards German Torchon Lace placed on sale at3c

HANDKERCHIEFS

Ladies' Handkerchiefs, in plain silk finish, hemstitched or plain white checked, so popular, 10c values at each5c

LADIES' HOSE

Ladies' plain or fancy Hose, at this sale per pair 10c, 15c, 25c, and50c

SKIRTS

Ladies' tailored skirts, made right, hang right, all wool, panama or French serge and voile, at \$5.00 to\$12.50

SHIRT WAISTS

Ladies' white lawn or plain and fancy silk waists at \$1.00 to\$7.00

LACE CURTAINS

The sale on lace curtains is better each day, those that have bought tell their friends, and they come and buy specials at 49c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.75, \$2.50 and up to\$7.50

FREE TRIP TO LA CROSSE

Trade with us and have your fares refunded in cash. See the big ad. how it is done.

Poehling's

All Cars Start and Stop at this Store



BEFORE WEARING GLASSES.



AFTER WEARING GLASSES

H. C. EVENSON,

THE EYESIGHT SPECIALIST

Straightens Cross Eyes Glasses

With His

NO MEDICINE OR KNIFE USED.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

EXAMINATION FREE.

AT DOERFLINGER'S PARK STORE, 2ND FLOOR.

LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN.

THE ELLIOTT-LOEFFLER COMPANY
WHOLESALE WINES AND LIQUORS
222-224 PEARL STREET.

W. B. CORSETS

Best Without Costing Most

ALL DEALERS SELL THEM AT \$1.00 UPWARDS
WEINGARTEN BROS., Makers, 177-179 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SUBSIDY BILL

Congress Prepared to Give It Serious Consideration

Washington, D. C., May 31.—During the opening session of the next congress there is to be determined agitation to secure the passage of a bill providing for a parcels post system in the United States. Such a measure has been considered, in a desultory sort of way, for many years, but it has always been pigeonholed, and largely through the influence of Senate for no other purpose than to kill off this particular bill.

When anything in the nature of a proposition for the establishment of a parcels post is under consideration, either in committee or in the senate, the senator from the state of New York, Mr. T. C. Platt, is instantly reinforced by the president of the United States Express company, Mr. T. C. Platt, and be-

tween the two they have succeeded for all these years in preventing any movement in this direction, although the reform has been recommended by the postoffice department almost for a generation. It is now certain that the matter will be given serious consideration. The only fair opposition to it is that based on the ground that it is chiefly beneficial to the so-called mail order houses.

Not a Dumb Waiter.—Patron—"A nice way you serve things in this blankety blank restaurant! Here's a hairpin in the salad." Waiter—"That's part of the dressing, sir!"

The living alumni of American universities and colleges number 450,000. One of every 177 persons—men, women and children—you meet has taken a college degree.

James Bryce, the British ambassador in the United States, is one of the few men who have set foot on Mount Ararat.

NO "FRENCH" HEELS

Woman Cannot Wear Them and Wants \$10,000

Detroit, May 31.—Suing the Detroit United Railroads for \$10,000 damages for the breaking of her ankle in an automobile accident, on Aug. 22, 1905, Mrs. Della Collier says her one great disappointment is that she can never again wear French heel shoes.

"The injury to my ankle will prevent my ever putting them on again," she told the jury, with a highly injured air. "I simply adore French heels, and no one can imagine what a loss it is to me."

Mrs. Collier was in an automobile when it collided with a Brush street car on Elizabeth street.

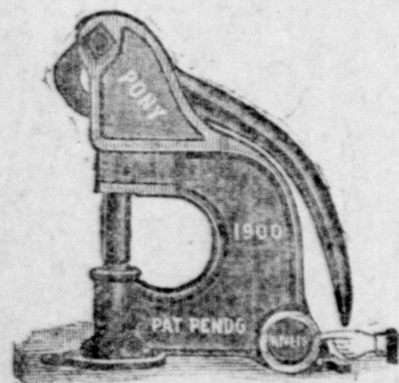
Women are becoming gondoliers in Venice, and the male members of the craft are organizing unions to keep the women out.

Josten Hardware Company

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

SHOE FINDINGS:

Hemlock Sole Leather, Pure Oak Blocks, Hemlock Blocks, Eyelets, Eyelet Hooks, Star Heel Plates, Goring, Leather and Rubber Cement, Winter and Summer Wax, Iron and Brass Tacks and Nails, Iron Stands and Lasts, Rubber Heels, Etc., Etc.



Pony Riveters and Universal Eyelet Sets

TWO INDESPENSABLE TOOLS IN EVERY COBLER'S SHOP.

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

JOSTEN HARDWARE COMPANY

306-308 PEARL STREET

WISCONSIN NEWS

KENOSHA MAY OUST MADER HANDED
MAYOR GORMAN \$1,500 TO LATTER

CIVIC FEDERATION TO FIGHT THEN LOTTER HANDED IT OVER
CITY FATHERS WITH LAW TO EDWARD STRAUSS

LICENSES ARE THE CAUSE EVIDENCE IN GREENE CASE

Council's Action Regarding Saloons Thought by the League to Be of Suspicious Nature
State Is Expected to Get all Its Evidence in the Case Today

KENOSHA, Wis., May 31.—The Kenosha Civic Federation has caused something of a sensation in high places in Kenosha by the efforts that are being made by the directors of the federation to have Mayor Gorman and members of the common council prosecuted under the state law for malfeasance in office. The matter has been laid before District Attorney Baker and he has declared that if formal complaint is made by the directors of the federation he will insist on the prosecution of every man connected with the council.

The prosecutions are to be based on the action of the city council in transferring saloon licenses. There has been a grand rush among the saloon men of the city in the past few weeks to get saloons opened before the new ordinance limiting the number of grog shops went into effect and to this end many have sought to have licenses transferred from one place to another. The federation a week ago sent to the council a formal complaint against such transfers, citing the fact that the supreme court of the state had held that such an action on the part of the council was unlawful.

It is claimed that members of the council pledged themselves not to take any steps to make further transfers, but last night at the meeting of the council another transfer was granted. J. H. Harnes, the real leader of the federation, says the federation will not risk jury trials of saloon men in circuit court and justice court, but will strike at the root of the evil by indicting mayor and the members of the council for malfeasance.

PUSH PROSECUTIONS

Rev. Eitzmueller Explains the Program

Rev. Henry Eitzmueller has now sworn out a second complaint against Boffending and Selde, the saloonkeepers who were acquitted Tuesday evening, of the charge of illegally selling liquor to minors. The warrants have not been served as yet.

Rev. Eitzmueller, this time names Rev. L. L. Sanders, the "boy preacher," of the north side as the minor served, as Sanders was in the party, who were served at the time of the last complaint and Sanders is also a minor.

Owing to the assistance offered Rev. Eitzmueller after he had begun his activities against the saloon, patronized by young men of his flock, the impression was given in some quarters that the pastor's original statement that he was acting independently in the matter has been misconstrued. The fact is that he began the work because he found the law in his district being violated. He says he felt it his duty to interfere. When his work began to attract attention other friends of reform who are interested similarly came to his assistance.

Remorse.

Servant—My master seems quite tired of vegetarianism. At first whenever he passed this picture of ham and sausage he made a wry face, later he smiled at it, but now he always sighs!—Mergendorfer Blaetter.

NO CHANCE FOR CONTRADICTION.



Eddy (who has had an argument with his papa): "Anyhow, I come from a better family than you do."

MILWAUKEE, May 31.—Edward F. Strauss, former supervisor, today in municipal court will continue the story begun yesterday by Henry G. Lotter and Charles Mader of the alleged bribery of Arthur S. Greene, supervisor of North Milwaukee.

The state yesterday laid the foundation of its case before the jury obtained yesterday morning. Three witnesses were called, and practically all the testimony the state desired was brought out after frequent objections by the defense. The state will have concluded the examination of its witnesses and will rest, it is expected, before noon today.

Arthur S. Greene is being tried on an indictment charging him with accepting from Henry G. Lotter, an architect, and Edward F. Strauss, an agent for Charles Mader, representative of the Allen Cornice and Corrugating company, a bribe of \$50 for his influence to obtain for the company the contract for repairing the roofs and gutters of the county hospital. The contract price was \$2,448.

GIVE "FONDY" TIME
Must Be Down to the Salary Limit by June 15

President Elliott of the La Crosse Baseball association has voted to extend to the Fond du Lac association the privilege of having until June 15 to get down to the salary limit, the stated time being June 1. A communication was received from President Moll this morning explaining that the Fond du Lac club is working out several new men and would like to have two more weeks to get into shape.

President Elliott will send in his list of players and their salaries at once.

MRS. MARTELL FGOES FREE

Despite the fact that her victim appeared against her bearing bruises and contusions alleged to have been received at the hands of Mrs. Martell, the case was thrown out of court by Judge John Brindley last evening, when called for trial. Conflicting testimony and lack of evidence was the reason.

SNOW IN COLORADO

COLORADO SPRINGS, Colo., May 31.—The most unseasonable weather on record reigned yesterday. Snow drifts blocked the cog railroad to Pike's peak and there is several inches of snow at Cripple Creek. The mountains are covered.

100 REBELS KILLED

SWATOW, May 31.—A battle here resulted in the death of over a hundred rebels and the capture of the rebel leaders.

Both Out and In.

The Needy One—"I say, old man, could you lend me a dollar for a day or two?"

The Other One—"My dear fellow, the dollar I lend is out at present, and I've several names down for it when it comes back."—Harper's Weekly.

FREE A \$25.00 SUIT OF CLOTHES FREE

To the La Crosse Ball Player Making the most Two-Baggers this Season. Konetchy Makes the First One



A MAN

Should be just as much concerned about the details of his clothes as a woman is about hers. If you will come here and critically examine our showing of . . .

MICHAELS-STERN
FINE SPRING SUITS

You will find that they are not only

PERFECT IN EVERY
DETAIL

But unquestionable the greatest value to be had in this city.



Heartbetter
DAVID M. WEAVER & CO.
ONE-HOME-OF-BOYS-CLOTHES

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
SUITS IN GREAT VARI-
ETY, AND PRICES AL-
WAYS THE LOWEST.

SPECIAL SHOWING
OF
SPRING SHIRTS AT
50c TO \$2.50

This is without exception the largest and most magnificent collection of Spring Negligee Shirts ever assembled here. Take a look in our window at our . . .

50 CENT SHIRTS

They are as good as the most of the \$1.00 shirts that are handled elsewhere in the city

EVERYTHING ELSE IN SPRING
FURNISHINGS FOR PARTICU-
LAR MEN AT LOW PRICES.

We Carry a Full Line of
Underwear from 25c to \$3.50.
Union Suits from \$1 to \$5.



How to Win \$50.00

Go to your dealer's and buy a "Bachelor Undershirt" for 50c, for your husband, son or brother, and then write twenty-five words or less, stating why the "Bachelor Undershirt" is more economical and more satisfactory than other undershirts. Pin to your letter the "White Cat" cloth label taken from the shirt, sign and mail the reasons to us.

\$200.00 Cash Prizes

To those giving the best reasons we will pay the following cash prizes on AUG. 1, Yearly 1st prize, \$50; 2nd, \$25; 3rd, \$10; 4th, \$5 each; 25 of \$2 each and 50 prizes of \$1 each.

The "Bachelor Undershirt" is one of the many styles in

White Cat
Underwear
Made For Men Only

It has a flexible method without opening or buttons, and slips over the head like a sweater, thus ensuring a perfect seal and entire freedom from the annoying annoyance resulting from fast or loose buttons.

NELS THOMPSON

The White Cat, Prairie Ave., Kenosha, Wis.

NELS THOMPSON,

133 SOUTH FOURTH STREET

A NEW BOOST FOR FREIGHT RATES

ADVANCE OF NEARLY 6 PER
CENT ON NEW CLASSIFICATION
GOES INTO EFFECT AUGUST 1.

Minimum Weights for Carload Ship-
ments are Increased on Numer-
ous Articles—Cars Earn More

The new official freight classification No. 30 for the control of railroads in the Central Freight association will be filed with the interstate commerce commission this week and will become effective Aug. 1. It is not as drastic as the revision of seven years ago, which by an advance of 10 per cent on more than 3,000 articles caused a factor from one end of the country to the other, but the tendency is upward, as might have been expected.

In the new classification there are 3,260 changes, of which 2,066 are advances ranging from 3,000 to 6,000 pounds in the minimum weights for carload shipments, 186 additions, nine erasures, thirty-nine reductions, and sixty advances in rates caused by changes in the classification and the cancellation of commodity tariffs. The cancellation of commodity tariffs and making the articles subject to classification affected sixty commodities, and the general advance in rates caused by the changes in the minimum weights and classification is less than 6 per cent. The rates and minimums for dressed beef and livestock will remain intact.

Heavy Iron Rates Advanced
Lumber, brick, cement, lead, paper, wall and stucco plaster are among the principal commodities affected. In the heavy iron list borings, car bolsters, ingot molds, old car wheels and axles, pig and spiegel iron were advanced about 15 per cent in rate and the minimum raised from 20 to 25 gross tons. Similar advances in minimums are general all through the heavy iron list, but the rates remain unchanged. In the lighter material in the regular iron and steel list the minimums generally were advanced to 36,000 pounds, but the old minimum of 24,000 pounds was retained for bulky light material, such as stacks, etc.

The new minimums were made to keep pace with the general advances in the capacity of freight cars. Some of the minimums were made twenty years ago and have never been changed, notwithstanding it is possible to load twice as much in a car today as it was at that time. The recent car shortage was an object lesson to the eastern roads, which found they were hauling half loaded cars and other freight was remaining on the platform or refused because of the scarcity of rolling stock, and there was no redress in sight, as the rules governing the loading was being lived up to by the shippers.

Complaint by Some Shippers
Changes in the minimums were

avored by some of the manufacturers, as they were convinced it would help in a measure to solve the car question. The shippers of grain products, however, are inclined to think they were not given a fair deal, in that the advance is 5,000 pounds, making a general advance of 12,000 pounds in the minimum since 1895.

Those affected by the cancellation of the commodity tariffs allege that conditions did not warrant such a drastic advance in the rates. Some

say an advance of 5 per cent would have been sufficient, though even that was hardly warranted. On the whole, there is not as much of a protest as was expected, as the shippers see a better opportunity to get cars and expedite business, but when a recession comes there is likely to be a general plea to the railroads to restore the commodity tariffs to the old basis. The raising of the minimums will not affect the rate per 100 pounds.

KILLED CRIPPLED SISTER

And Ended Own Life Because of Bur-
den of the Invalid's Care

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 31.—It now appears certain that Cora Leander, aged 17, killed her sister, Carrie, aged 7 and committed suicide. The bodies were found with bullets in the heads Wednesday and it was thought they were murdered. Carrie was a cripple and it is understood that Cora was tired of the burden of caring for her.

FALL MAY PROVE FATAL

WASHBURN, Wis., May 31.—

While at work at the dock of a fuel company in this city Matt Charron, a prominent resident was knocked off the boom extending out from the dock by one of the buckets and fell thirty feet to the boat beneath. The man's head was badly injured and there is little chance for his recovery.



Our Very Best People

insist on having just what they ask for. "Just as Good" will not suffice, as substitution is the annihilator of confidence. When the most discriminating order beer for their luncheon or home, it is always

Gund's Peerless Beer

Men of well-balanced minds and keen perceptions are aware that they must eat and drink right in order to daily restore within themselves the continuous nervous and organic waste of body and mind.

Peerless Beer, brewed by the Gund Natural Process for 50 years, contains more vital food elements than any other bottled beer. It is full of snap and wonderfully refreshing, just the essence and soul of prime Northern barley harvest, combined with the finest hops obtainable in the world.

Peerless Beer has won highest awards of both hemispheres. A favorite and ideal home beer. Sold everywhere. Order a case today if you want something better than the average brew.

JOHN GUND BREWING CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Every bottle guaranteed by the makers under the Pure Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906. Serial Number 3244.

FARM NEWS

FEEDING WESTERN STEERS.

Corn Meal Without Cob, and Good Pasturage Lays on the Fat.

Last November J. Q. McPherrin and Son, farmers of Oakland, Iowa, sold a lot of 295 steers at \$6.15 in their own feed lot on the farm for direct shipment to New York. They were a fine lot of cattle and the price was high. Mr. McPherrin writes about the way they were fed and handled as follows:

"They were not fed very differently from the way the writer has fed cattle for the past sixteen years—except that we use some cotton seed meal which has not been the case except in the last year or two.

Corn meal—without the cob—has been fed to all the cattle that have been fattened on the place for the past sixteen years. We use the roller process for grinding and grind fine enough so that it is all assimilated by the steer—no hog feed in the droppings.

We find the average amount of meal an animal will consume when on full feed is about seventeen pounds per day.

This string of cattle referred to were bought as yearlings in the Kansas City and Omaha market, in the late fall and early winter one year ago. They were just a fair quality of grade banded cattle, averaging less than 100 pounds.



DEAN FUNK'S PRIZE STEERS.

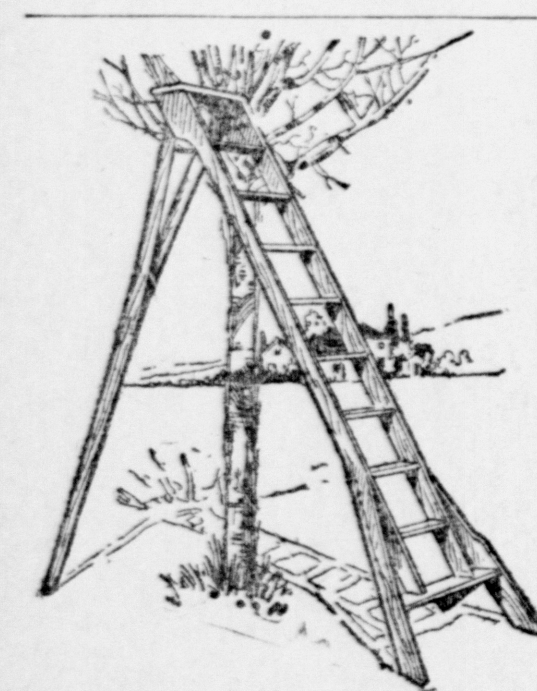
The picture is a good portrait of Dean Funk, of Bloomington, Ill., who won the Grand Championship for carload steers at the last International show. These steers were sold at \$17 per cwt. They were two-year-old Angus and had been very carefully selected. They were fed on corn and fodder with grass pasture during the summer and finished with a little oil meal.

They were rough fed through the winter without any grain until the middle of March. From then until May 1 they had about twenty bushels of meal per day to the whole lot (295 cattle). From May 1 to June 20 they ran on grass without any grain.

They were weighed June 20 and averaged 981 pounds at which time we started them on feed.

It was about July 10 when they were put on full feed. We fed some cotton seed from start to finish.

The United Dressed Beef Company of New York have their Chicago buyer send Mr. Wm. Wyness to our place and he bought the whole string at our own scales at \$6.15 per hundred and they were shipped by them direct to New York. There were 295 cattle which averaged 1382 pounds at the farm.



Build your step-ladder like this and it will never slip.

From June 20 at which time they had meal first to November 30 when sold and weighed was 163 days. The difference in weight was 401 pounds, an average gain per day of 2.45 pounds. The weights given above were "full." We mean, no allowing or shrinkage—but the selling weight was in the buyer's favor as it rained all the day before and they were brought to begin weighing at daylight and we had finished weighing before nine a. m.

HOW DRAINAGE WORKS.

A sample not unusual in the results following the drainage in Wisconsin marshes is that of a forty-acre tract which has previously listed on the tax roll as "swamp land." It was considered waste space, with the exception that an inferior quality and scant quantity of marsh grass and weeds were produced, and peg shoes were required to enable teams to work upon it. The place was tiled—drained at a cost of \$16 per acre, and later produced as large crops of corn and hay as regular farm lands costing high prices.—F. Reichenbach, Illinois.

IN THE CABBAGE PATCH.

New sod is excellent for cabbage if well manured, and it is probably not infested with club root.

Sod can hardly be made too rich for cabbage. Manure as for the garden and then fertilize in each hill, using a good hoeful of poultry droppings. This induces a crisp, rapid growth which soon makes heads so solid that the worms can do little damage.

For early use sow seed in a box. Good Friday is the day established for this by long usage and Teutonic superstition; but as this date is so elastic, a week or so either way will not insure failure.

For winter cabbage sow the seed in the hill, and thin out all but one of the strongest plants when of transplanting size. This saves work and the plants are not checked as from transplanting.

If the heads incline to burst they can sometimes be saved by tipping partly on the side, thereby breaking a part of the roots and checking growth.

In winter the cocoons of the cabbage worm may often be seen clinging to fence boards or the weather boarding of unpainted buildings. Hunt them out and destroy. It is less work than to dope the cabbages next summer with ashes or soap suds.

If a plant dies without apparent cause, examine for club root; if affected, burn. If the disease is general, use the plot for some other crop. It is useless to replant cabbage.

Plant in long rows, so that they can be worked for the first few weeks with horse power. Then hoe the soil about the roots and stems.—Bessie L. Putnam.

TO BUILD UP PASTURES.

How to increase the productiveness of run-down pastures is a question that is confronting many farmers in the Middle and Eastern states. When we consider the cause of the unprofitable condition of these pastures, we cease to wonder that they are not remunerative.

Much land in the United States has been cleared of timber that ought never to have been cleared—land that is worth more to produce timber than anything else. This land has been wholly cleared of forests and either seeded artificially or permitted to become seeded naturally to such grasses and other plants as would maintain themselves under the existing conditions.

These grasses grew more or less luxuriantly for a time, but finally the soil became so exhausted that they are now wholly unsatisfactory. The question now is how to restore the fertility of which the soil has been robbed. The land must be made more fertile through the application of plant food or the growth of leguminous crops, or both.

If the land is not to be plowed, but to remain in grass, undoubtedly the owner should seed the land with clovers and grasses early in the spring. A mixture of white clover, alsike and red clover would undoubtedly be better than either alone. With these may be mixed timothy and June grass. It is probable that nature will seed the land to June grass, but some assistance will help to make a good turf sooner than if left to nature. A thorough harrowing with a spike-tooth harrow before the seeding would be most beneficial.

Immediately after seeding apply a top dressing of barn manure. The manure thus applied will not only furnish plant food for the grass that is already on the land and the young seedling, but it will form a mulch to protect the young plants, and will materially help them to become thoroughly established. If the land is not limed, this may be applied as the top dressing some time during the fall preceding the spring seeding.—G. C. Watson, Pennsylvania College of Agriculture.

SPARROW HAWK OUR FRIEND.

While the name hawk too often brings to mind only slaughtered poultry, careful investigation shows that most of the hawks are decidedly friends of the farmer. Though the long-tailed hawk, Cooper's hawk, the Sharp-shinned and the Goshawk, aptly styled the "brigands of the family" are not to be favored, the short-tailed species, even if some of them do invade the poultry yard occasionally, destroy so many noxious insects and rodents as to many times amend for the few misdeemeanors.

The smallest, handsomest and one of the most useful is the sparrow hawk, which, besides killing many insects and furry pests, makes havoc with the bully among little birds, the English sparrow. Whether the latter is beneficial or injurious, its quarrelsome nature seems to demand that some check be given to protect our native songsters. And the sparrow hawk does this with great efficiency.

In summer, it poises over a meadow or pasture, sustaining itself by rapid vibrations of the wings and tail, watching for a stray grasshopper or cricket, which it is not slow to spy.

In localities infested with locusts, it also does incalculable aid. In winter it may come to the barn or straw stack; but it is mice, not chickens, which it seeks. The latter, unless very small, are never harmed.

It is a handsome, innocent bird, well deserving protection, despite its sharp claws and hooked beak, and no one who has had a chance to admire its rich blending of slate, white and rufous coloring, barred and polka-dotted with black, will wish harm to this efficient mouser.—Bessie L. Putnam.

Every farm house ought to be equipped with a large bell for calling the men to dinner, and for summoning aid in case of fire or accident.

HOG RAISING PROBLEMS.

They Require Careful Study in Order to Get Good Results.

Alfalfa or clover run through a cutting box and mixed with the mill feed in the form of a thick slop forms an excellent ration for the breeding herd and will also do much to keep the fall pigs thrifty by keeping their digestive apparatus in working order.

The man who feeds slop in the winter and allows part of it to freeze in the troughs and puts the next feed on top of this will find it unprofitable to grow fall litters from his sows. On the other hand, if he gives them good care and feeds a warm slop and has a good bunch of thrifty shoats to turn on his alfalfa, clover or blue grass pasture in the spring he can realize very near as much profit out of them as he can from the spring litters. If he considers the fact that he loses the use of his sows by not feeding them for fall litters.

The value of good pasture and forage crops in the economic production of pork is fully as important a factor in growing fall pigs as in growing spring litters.

Rye and wheat sowed early provide good winter and early spring pasture and come at a time when it is impossible to provide any other kind of forage. Oats sowed early or blue grass make an excellent early pasture and will provide good forage earlier than clover and alfalfa; blue grass also makes very good late fall pasture and remains green a long time after other forage is killed by frosts.

Cane or sorghum will produce more green forage to the acre than anything we have ever found, and while not as desirable feed as alfalfa, clover and blue grass, it has considerable value, especially during a severe drought when everything else fails, and for a man who has to confine his hogs in small yards it is desirable, for two acres will keep forty or fifty hogs very busy if they keep up with its growth.

We have experimented with rape and while we like it for sheep, it proved a disappointment when used as a forage crop for the hogs.

We also use cow peas for pasture, but have had some bunches of shoats that would not touch them and others that would eat very little other feed after the peas began to ripen.

The man who practices short rations of forage crops for his hogs and as soon as one yard is cleaned up turns them into the other can furnish forage for a large number of hogs on a few acres of land and at the same time improve the fertility of his various yards.

The individual hog house is the most desirable kind for the farmer who depends on providing plenty of forage on account of its being easily moved from one field to another and also allowing him to change the location of his yards frequently, thus improving the fertility of a number of fields.

By changing yards every two or three years it is possible to improve the fertility of quite a portion of the farm and at the same time lessen the danger of disease, for every change means clean yards, and if there is one thing that goes further toward keeping hogs growing at a profit than sanitary conditions we have yet to discover it.

The value of forage crops may be said to represent the difference between profit and the actual cost of production in producing pork, for unless pasture is utilized the cost of production by feeding mill feed and corn will about equal the selling price of the hogs.—A. D. Burhaus.

THE FARM BOY'S RIGHTS.

Too many farmers treat their boys like their steers—give them plenty to eat and let them go at that.

But the boy does not get as good treatment all around as the steer, because when the steer is fed all of his wants are filled. But a boy's stomach is not the only part of him, although it may often appear to be the largest part.

The average boy has a wide imagination. He gets an occasional glimpse of outside life when he goes to town, or through the newspaper, if luckily his father takes one, and his dreams begin to come.

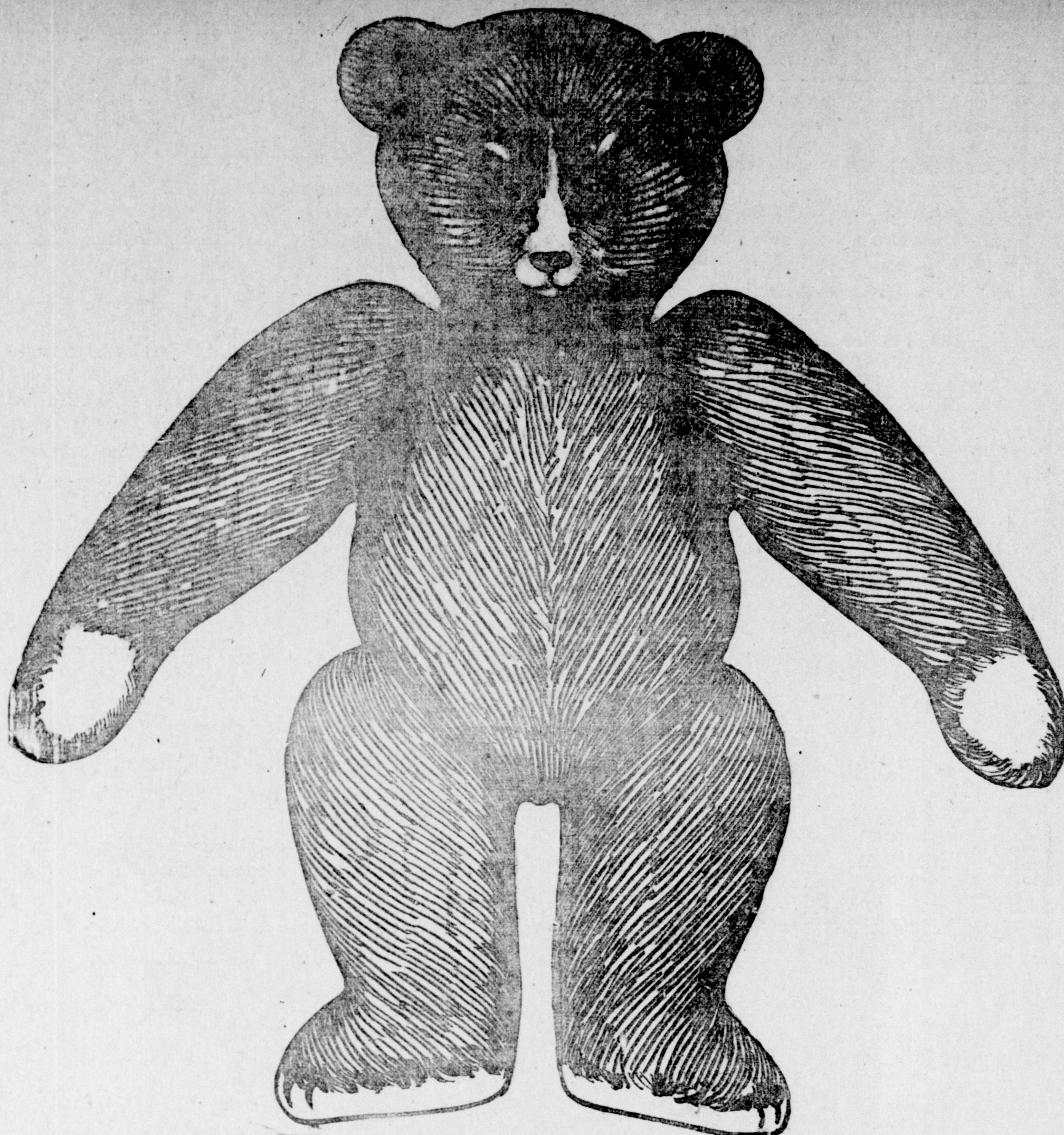
He wants to know what lies beyond his narrow life. The scraps of information he gleams from the paper and the glimpses he gets in the city streets only feed his imagination and if he is given no opportunity to travel or read or learn about the world he becomes unhappy and sour and narrow.

He begins to dislike the farm and ends by hating it. No, not the farm itself, but the life he is compelled to lead.

The average boy is full of animal life, which cannot be entirely satisfied with hard work. He is a bounding, buoyant human boy, bubbling over with the desire to enjoy life, and if this desire is not realized he thinks something is wrong—and he is right. He begins to look about him for an avenue of escape. He learns where fun is to be had. It may not be wholesome fun or even decent, but it is the only kind he can find, and he goes to it like a duck to water.

If the boy's home is made the best place he can find; if he is given books and magazines; if he is allowed a part of every week for his own recreation; if he is encouraged to go in for a good time; if he is allowed to enjoy the company of the boys and girls of the neighborhood; if he is given money for his work to spend as he pleases, with no strings to it; on the whole, if he is treated as a boy and not like a steer he will not want to leave the farm.

The idle boy makes the day dreary.



FREE! FREE! FREE!

The small child of a few years ago--was not content without a stuffed Elephant or Pig--Now its a TEDDY BEAR.--One with every paid Tribune Want Ad of 15 cents or more--Our windows are full of 'em.

A DANGEROUS HOBBY

"It is quite possible for a normally honest man to become a criminal by suggestion," was the curious statement made by a well known New York detective who was in Washington recently on business. "I am referring now to men who permit themselves to develop an abnormal interest in the ways of professional criminals.

"I wouldn't call it a safe thing for any man to attempt to figure out in his mind what he would have done to escape arrest had he been in the boots of some captured criminal whom he had read about. But that's a thing that thousands of men who think they're honest are doing all the time. When there's a big man hunt on, they follow it with acute interest, put themselves in the place of the hunted man and dope out schemes of escape for him. A certain percentage of such calculators are bound to experience the hankering sooner or later to put their schemes for evading the officers of the law into practical operation, if only for the foolish purpose of finding out how their plans will work.

"Working in New York now on a salary of a few dollars a week is a broken middle aged man who used to be the treasurer of a bonding and indemnity company at a salary of \$10,000 a year. This man developed a queer bug for mentally tracing the movements of fugitives from justice, especially embezzlers.

"I was acquainted with this man, and he endeavored to pump me for all I knew about such cases. He liked to talk about the fleeing ones. He laid out routes for them in his mind. He knew the extradition laws by heart and had at his fingers' ends every country in the world to which a pursued man could run without fear of extradition. Once I gave this man a talking to about this hobby of his.

"You'd better can that stuff," I told him, "or it'll begin to fester in the back of your head and get you going. I've known such things to happen, and no man is more than one-eighth as strong as he thinks he is."

"Well, he only laughed and told me that he was interested in the subject just as other fellows were interested in old fiddies or rare postage stamps. "Anyhow," he laughingly added, "if I did jump and you were sent after me you'd never be subjected to the embarrassment of taking me, because

you'd never get me. If I couldn't beat all of these pinheaded fugitives in making a safe and sure getaway, so that none of you would ever nail me, I'd want to have my head bagged."

"Not more than six months after that he made his jump, and I got him as easy as hotfooting a banana peddler. I went straight to the little villa he had taken outside Genoa, Italy. When I nailed him, he was the most stupefied man you ever saw, for he'd made his hop at the beginning of his month's vacation and had laid all of his plans with what he thought was masterly adroitness, according to his chart, with thirty days' margin of time to accomplish the scheme in. In consideration of his returning most of the swag he got only eight years.

"That man put himself in the way of becoming a criminal by suggestion. His studies of the movements of fleeing absconders developed an irresponsibility in him and an ache to put to the test the getaway plans that he spent so much of his time in doting out while yet he was an honest man.

"There is no calculating how many shoplifters, especially young women, are led to try that sort of thing through hearing and reading about professional lifters. Not long ago in a New York department store a girl was nailed while trying to lift a pair of inexpensive gloves. The girl had an account at that store for any amount that she chose to spend up to thousands. She wasn't arrested, of course, but was led to the rear office and chided by the head of the firm in a gentle way.

"Perhaps you should put yourself in the hands of a specialist for treatment," he said to the girl, who wept softly. "With you, beyond a doubt, it is kleptomaniac. It must be."

"No, it isn't," replied the girl, with the utmost candor. "It's not kleptomaniac at all. I don't believe in such silliness. I just wanted to see if I could do it without being caught; that's all. A lot of girls were talking about shoplifters—they seemed so fascinating—and the girls dared me to try. I meant to exhibit the gloves to them as a trophy and then send them back to you by mail anonymously. You won't ever breathe a word of it, will you? And the head of the firm, knowing pretty well which side his bread was buttered on, of course only tells the story without using the girl's name, but the incident illustrates an occurrence which is common. Plenty of women lift things from counters just

to see if they can do it without being caught, and when they succeed in getting away with it once they try it again and again and allow the habit to become fixed upon them until the inevitable day of discovery arrives.

"The people who become criminals by suggestion are nearly always the veriest pligs at any line of work they take up, for first rate criminals are born, not made by suggestion or in any other way."—Washington Star.

Valorous.

An old time lord mayor of London whose sporting experience was limited rode forth one day to join the city hunt in the fields about Marylebone. Placed by his escort under a tree, his lordship heard the bounds give tongue in the distance, and the sounds grew louder and louder till one of the city scouts shouted out, "The hare comes this way, my lord." The lord mayor rose to the occasion, and, drawing his sword, he exclaimed heroically: "Let him come! I thank my God I fear him not!"—Household Words.

A Display of Tact.

"Pa, what's tact?" "I'll tell you, if Mr. Dullwich, our minister, should some day announce that he would resign unless we raised his salary he would not show tact, but if he hinted that he intended to remain here and preach to us all his life unless we gave him a raise he would exhibit tact in the highest degree. I hope you understand."—Chicago Record-Herald.

A Straight Tip.

Geek (who has already wearied the guests with many songs)—Now I will sing you one more song and then go home. Lady—Pardon me, but do you attach much importance to the order of your programme?—Fliegende Blätter.

Cruel.

Maud (before the laughing hyena's cage)—How provoking! Here we've been twenty minutes, and the hyena hasn't laughed once. Ella—Strange, and he's been eying your new hat too.

Reasonable.

His Lordship—Whatever could you have been thinking of to steal the sheep? The Prisoner—I dunno, my lord; I must ha' been woolgathering.

Anyway, the rolling stone doesn't get into the peashack close.

STAGE FRIGHT

In Toronto, almost my first appearance on the stage, I was cast for the Earl of Shrewsbury in "Amy Robsart." The title sounded imposing, and I felt quite important, although I had but a single line to speak. In answer to Queen Elizabeth's command, "I charge thee, my Lord of Shrewsbury, arrest that man," I was called upon to reply, "Whom does your grace mean?"

My perturbation over that line was probably more serious than anything in my subsequent career. What emphasis to give, what intonation to use, what manner to assume, gave me greater concern than I felt later over an interpretation of Hamlet. I repeated the line a thousand times, stressing first one word and then another, using this inflection and that, and getting into it every grade and shade of meaning. With what result? So far as I could learn afterward, I did not speak it at all on the opening night. The leader of the orchestra was the first person I broached on the subject.

"How did I speak my line?" I asked him after the play, longing for the encouragement none had vouchsafed to volunteer.

"I didn't hear you say anything at all," was his disheartening rejoinder. And neither did any one else whom I could discover.—Henry Miller in Bohemian.

A Discordant Note



"It's finished, and I've left the glue pot inside!"—Lustige Welt.

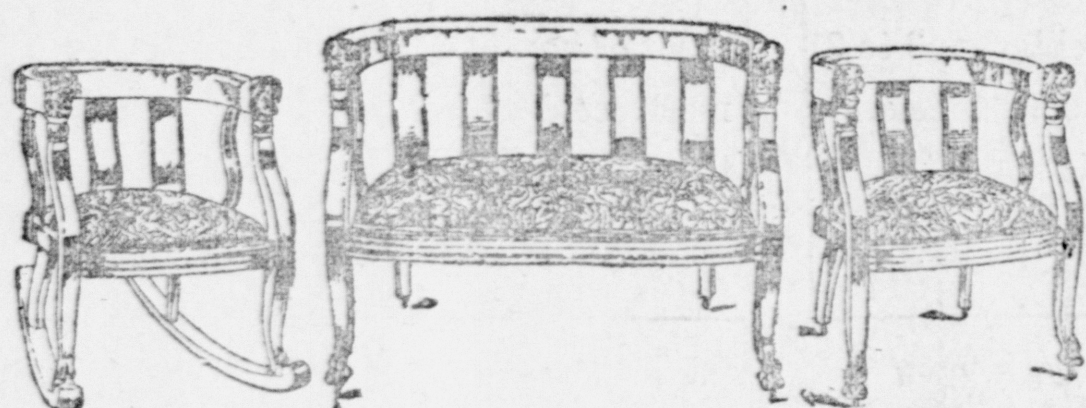
JUNE Is The Month For Brides

WOODWARD'S Is The Store For FURNITURE

HAVE A NICE HOME IF YOU HAVE ANY.

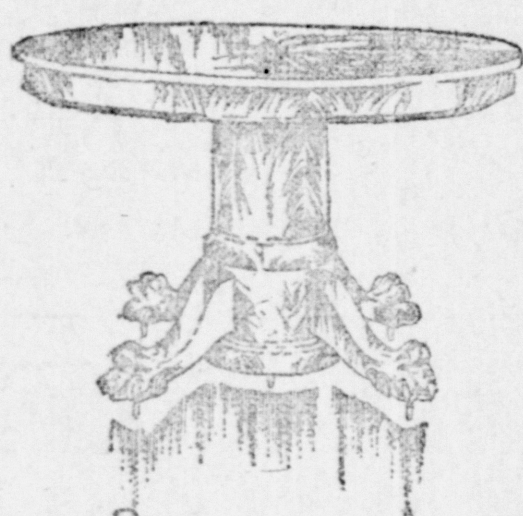
Our stock comprises everything new, dainty and tasty that a bride's heart could wish for in the way of FURNITURE, STOVES, RUGS, ETC. Our years of experience in studying the wants of the people, and the many advantages we possess in buying, put us in a position to give you more for your money than other houses in our line. Our prices are so low, and TERMS SO EASY that you never miss the money. WE OPEN HUNDREDS OF CONFIDENTIAL ACCOUNTS EVERY WEEK.

WE ASK NO SECURITY, NO REFERENCE, AND CHARGE NO INTEREST, no matter what may be your position or your circumstances. We give you an opportunity of settling your house-furnishing problem so easy and simply that it will prove a positive pleasure, without being marred by WORRY OR HEAVY CASH EXPENDITURES.



This is our "Special Three Piece" Parlor Suit

Our Price:	Our Terms	Its Value	Construction
\$25.00	\$2.00 Cash \$1.00 Per Week.	The equal of any \$40.00 Suite on the market.	Carved mahogany frames, with green or red velour upholstery.

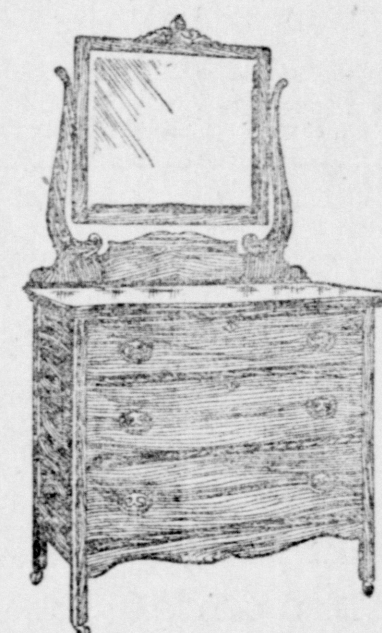


Dining Room Tables

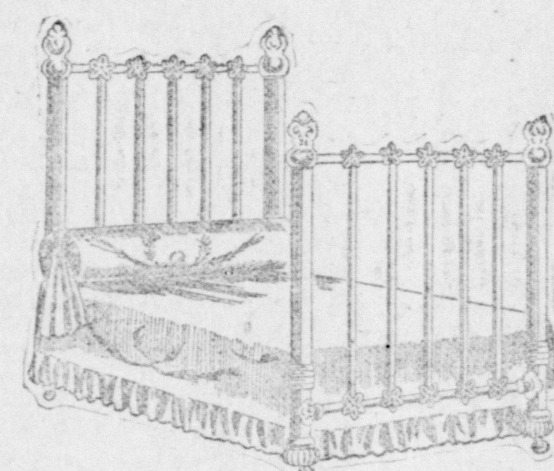
We are overstocked on high price Tables, and must move them. We've got a special for Saturday and Monday that will open your eyes at \$14.75. All other tables will be marked down in proportion for this sale.

We Have Just Received a Shipment of Dressers

Same as cut here shown and we are going to run them Saturday and Monday last while at \$8.75

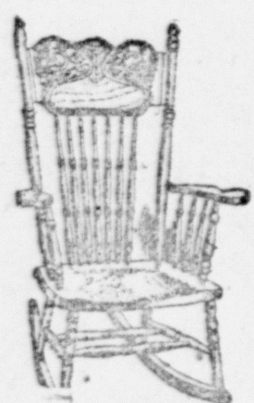


This Dresser is finished in natural or mahogany birch hard polished. Terms \$1.00 cash, 50c per week. For one week all our high priced 25 per cent, be subject to a discount of Dressers will either time or cash.



Iron Beds

Beautiful designs, exclusive patterns, finished in combination colors tubing, filling and joints are very massive. New and up-to-date. Full sizes, \$1.65 and up.



Saturday & Monday only

we will sell this elegant Golden Finished Rocker at \$4.25

or 50c cash and 25c per week.

Stylish and Servicable Sleep-er Go-Cart \$10.50.

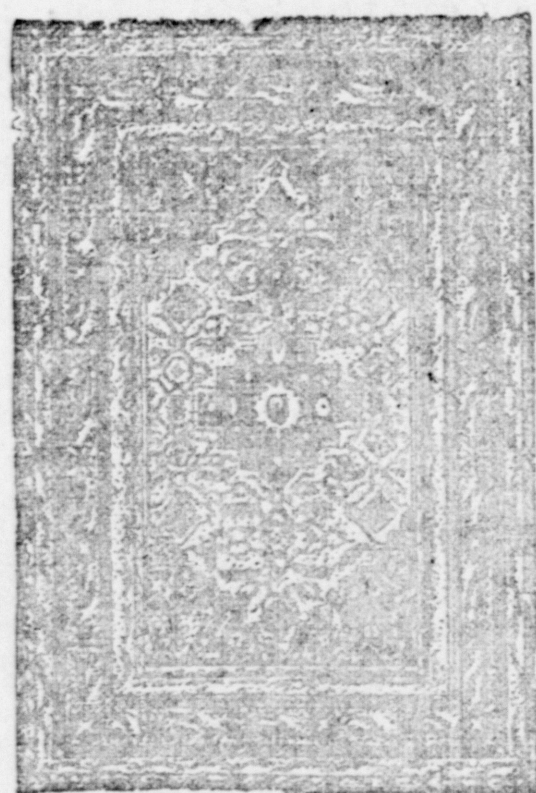
Has automatic gear with heavy cushion tired wheels, thoroughly tempered steel springs and patent foot brake. Stylish India Reed body. Covered complete with wear resisting corduroy cushions, and handsome par- asol. Terms, \$1.00 cash, 50c per week, 25 p.c. discount on all go-carts and carriages.

Our Credit Plan, appeals to the needs of the house furnisher, suiting your individual case. A single piece or a complete outfit.

Chase Leather Couch \$14.75

Covered with genuine Chase leather, the frame is of solid oak and handsomely carved, has an oil tempered steel construction. The best couch ever offered for the money. Terms \$1 Cash 50c per Week

Art Squares



Monday We Will Sell Sandfords Best

8-3x106 Axminster Rugs at .	\$25.00
9x12 Axminster Rugs at .	\$27.50
8-3x10-6 Tapestry Brussels rugs	\$15.00
9x12 Tapestry Brussels Rugs at	\$18.00
9x9 Pro. Brussels Rugs at .	\$ 7.50
9x10 1-2 Pro Brussels Rugs at .	\$ 8.75
9x12 Pro. Brussels Rugs at .	\$11.75
9x9 Ingrain Rugs at	\$ 4.95
9x10 1-2 Ingrain Rugs at	\$5.35
9x12 Ingrain Rugs at	\$ 6.55

* DINING CHAIRS

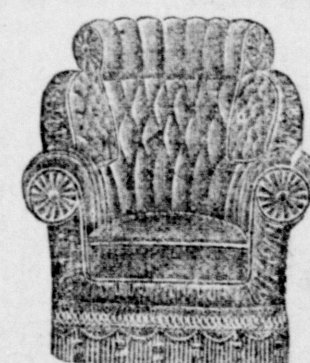
The following are discontinued numbers and rare bargains.

No. 2771—Is our regular \$3.00 chair, finished in solid quartered oak, both weathered and golden. Special for Saturday and Monday in lots of six, \$13.75. Terms, \$1.00 cash and 50c per week.

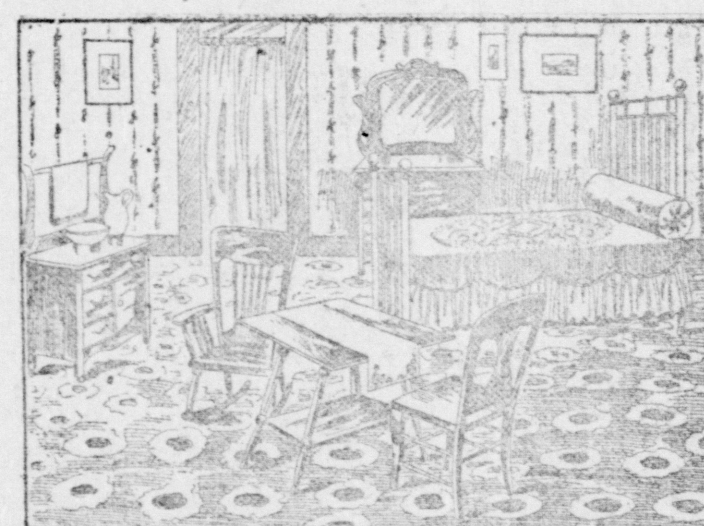
No. 2504 is a distinctly high class dining chair, quite in keeping with the table this day advertised, is finished in quartered oak, highly polished, and upholstered in genuine leather. Special for Saturday and Monday in lots of six, \$17.75. Terms, \$1.50 cash, 75c per week.

These Specials are only a few of the good things we have to offer. Now is your opportunity to start housekeep- ing.

TURKISH ROCKERS—



Upholstered in genuine leather, springs of oil tempered steel construction \$35.00 to \$50.00.



Our Combination Bed Room Outfit, consisting of

1 Iron Bed at	\$3.00
1 Spring at	\$1.50
1 Mattress	\$3.00
1 Dresser at	\$10.00
1 Commode at	\$5.00
1 Table at	\$1.80
1 Rocker at	\$2.50
1 Chair at	\$1.00
1 9x12 Rug at	\$7.20
	\$35.00

Saturday and Monday only we place ten Sets on Sale at

\$25.00

Woodward Supply Co

When in Doubt Buy at Woodward's.

511-513 Main Street.

Meet me at Woodward's for the Outfit.

MERCHANTS MUST HAVE NEWSPAPERS

SUSPENSION OF PUBLICATION AT BUTTE SHOWS NECESSITY

THE TRADE FELL OFF HEAVILY

Strike Incident in the Montana City Proves Papers Are Indispensable to Live Retailers

"Probably never before in this country has the value of a newspaper to a community been more forcibly expressed than in Butte, Mont., some few weeks ago, when labor troubles caused every newspaper in the city to suspend publication for over five weeks," said Arthur B. Kelley, a New York broker, in an interview with a Cedar Rapids, Ia., newspaper. "It is difficult for people to comprehend what it means to be deprived of a newspaper," continued Mr. Kelley. "For thirty-nine days following February 13 no daily papers were printed in Butte, and by reason of this suspension publishers and advertisers had an opportunity to exactly ascertain the value of advertising. And the difficulty was due to a question of wage scales, in which printers, pressmen and stereotypers were involved. These employees sought more wages and the trouble was finally settled by a compromise, in which both sides made concessions."

"No matter how serious was the result of the strike, it served its purpose and American business men and publishers have gained somewhat of an idea as to the true value of the newspaper. It afforded an opportunity for serious thought and reflection, and it had its good features as well as the bad ones."

"Butte is a city of 30,000 people, and has four daily papers—the Butte Miner, the Butte Intermountain, the Butte Evening News and the Anaconda Standard, all running from eight to thirty-two pages. The last named is printed twenty-eight miles from Butte, but it is regarded as a Butte newspaper."

Advertising Was Heavy.

"Butte merchants are unusually heavy advertisers and the amount of space consumed by them amounted to hundreds of columns a month. As is well known, wages are high in that country, and in Butte the pay roll of the city is greater than that of other cities with twice the population. Thus it will be readily seen that competition is keen, and the merchants are naturally liberal advertisers. A good illustration of the amount of advertising done in Butte is found in the Christmas editions of the papers, which were among the largest issued in this country, and which contained a volume of advertising that would be a credit to the dailies in the big eastern cities. The strike followed close on the heels of the holiday business, and just at a time when the merchants could ill afford to be without advertising mediums. Little thought was given to the matter when the papers first suspended, and it was fully a week before the absence of a newspaper began to make itself felt."

Som of the Difficulties.

"Ten days after the papers suspended difficulty after difficulty began to beset the city. Political conditions were the first to suffer. It was found that candidates for office in the municipal election, which was near at hand, could not qualify for the nomination, unless properly advertised; political conventions, under the state laws, could not legally do business without certain advertisement. Furthermore, successful candidates could not hold office, because of the foregoing conditions. It was a strike that threatened to affect social conditions more seriously than ever. It served to emphasize the importance of the press in carrying out the state laws and aiding in the movement of government machinery."

"A small weekly paper was leased by the politicians of one party and issued daily. All of its space was used in advertising the filing of nominations, notices of primaries and conventions of all parties. The government used it to advertise federal legal notices, private corporations wanted to utilize it, banks and other concerns with whom it was imperative that certain business notices and statements be published, besetted it on all hands, and the little sheet was swamped with business. Thus will be seen the value of a newspaper from this viewpoint."

Stores Were Empty.

"It remained, however, for the man in business to become more impressed with the importance of the press. Following the newspaper shutdown a strike of the miners was threatened, which caused much uneasiness. This was speedily adjusted, however, and many merchants unacquainted with the value of newspaper advertising were not as yet convinced that it was indispensable to success in business. Day after day and week after week the stores were practically empty. With spring coming and Easter only a

SOME STOMACHS
Are hurt by Coffee.
POSTUM
Can be assimilated by the weakest stomach
"There's a Reason"

TEN DAY Clearance Sale!

Owing to the cold weather this spring, we find our stock heavier than it should be and we have therefore decided to have a Clearance Sale. When we advertise a sale we mean just what we say and those that buy of us will get just what we advertise to give them. Below you will find a few bargains listed that should appeal to all men that appreciate fine clothing

BARGAIN NO. 1

All our suits, top-coats and cravantes that formerly sold at \$10.00 and \$12.50 during this sale at

\$9.25

(Black and blue suits not included)

BARGAIN NO. 2

All suits, top-coats and cravantes that formerly sold at \$15, \$16.50 and \$18, during this sale at

\$13.75

(Black and blue suits not included)

BARGAIN NO. 3

All suits, top-coats and cravantes that formerly sold at \$20 and \$22.50, during this sale at

\$17.85

(Black and blue suits not included)

BARGAIN NO. 4

All suits, top-coats and cravantes that formerly sold at \$25 and \$28, during this sale at

\$22.75

(Black and blue suits not included)

BARGAIN NO. 5

A lot of suits carried over from last season sold formerly at \$15.00, \$16.50 and \$18, during this sale at

\$10.00

BARGAIN NO. 6

A lot of suits carried over from last year that sold at \$22.50 and \$25, during this sale at

\$14.50

BARGAIN NO. 7

A lot of wash suits for children 3 to 8 years, all at half price, suits formerly selling at \$2, during this sale at

\$1.00

BARGAIN NO. 8

A lot of boys' suits sizes 16 to 20, formerly sold at \$10 and \$12.50, during this sale at

\$8.90

THIS SALE COMMENCES SATURDAY, JUNE 1st.

And will last for Ten Days. This will give you all a chance to get rigged up at a low price, right at the time when you need the Merchandise. Let Us Have The Pleasure of a Visit from you and we will both be gainers thereby.

WESTBY BROS.

115-117 S. 4th Street.

There is a school for policemen at St. Petersburg, where young men are trained for the force.

Men who are looking for work now seem to be praying that they won't find it.

You may think you have a hard row to hoe; ever think of the wretchedness of a drunkard's wife?

few weeks off the leading stores of the city became thoroughly alarmed and began to lay off clerks. One department store laid off 50 per cent of its clerks. The president of another department store acknowledged that the newspaper suspension had cost him from 60 to 75 per cent of his business. He made the statement that through their inability to lay before the women of the city the facts about his Easter stock he had disposed of only a small portion of it. But others besides department stores suffered. Milliners, clothiers, haberdashers and middlemen generally found their business practically ruined through absence of newspaper advertising.

Baseball Was Affected.
"The Northwest baseball league includes Butte, and as usual in February the city had been agog about the ball team for the coming spring. But without newspapers it was impossible to arouse or sustain interest in baseball. You know, half the pleasure of the fan comes in reading about the game after he has seen it. Furthermore, he must have gossip about the players and the other teams. The owners of the Butte team knew this well and they frankly declared that should the newspapers not resume they would drop their franchise and withdraw their team."

"The theaters also suffered heavily. It was almost impossible to bill the town, and never was billboard advertising less effective and its inferiority to newspaper advertising more clearly demonstrated. First class attractions played to empty chairs. People were indifferent to what was going on at the theaters. Lack of newspaper advertising cost the theaters and traveling companies many thousands of dollars."

Another Example.
"Another striking example was the case of a leading real estate dealer, who was engaged in exploiting a suburb. He had announced only a few days before the papers were suspended that he was to be awarded a contest in which prizes in money and land were to be awarded to those forming the greatest number of words from the letters composing the firm name. The contest was to have been chronicled in all the daily papers and the results were to have been announced. Without the papers the public soon

forgot the contest entirely, and whereas it started off brilliantly, it resulted in a dismal failure."

Stock Markets Suffer.
"The local stock exchanges suffered along with the rest. Without information on the state of the market in Europe and in the principal American centers, on which to base estimates of stocks and bonds, investors would not buy. The brokers issued daily bulletins and "tips," but the public wanted something more reliable, accurate reports which the newspapers convey. Wild rumors filled the streets after the newspaper suspension, which had a depressing effect upon the local exchanges and business in general."

"Malicious stories were circulated. It was noised about that the leading grocer had failed for hundreds of thousands of dollars. The owner of the largest department store of the northwest was said to be curtailing his business, and his solvency was doubted. As a matter of fact this merchant was laying off clerks by the score, because the absence of advertising had left his aisles empty. Formerly he carried from four to eight pages a day. It was rumored that a former mayor had killed himself; rumor had a prominent brewer killed, and he was obliged to hasten home from a winter resort to convince his friends that he was alive. Rumor divorced a dozen couples and started unfortunate stories the newspapers were afterwards obliged to deny. Rumor, in short, proved conclusively the service which newspapers perform in keeping the people informed of the truth."

Newspapers All Important.

"The shutdown of the newspapers of Butte, covering a period of thirty-nine days, brought home the truth that without suitable newspapers advertising the housewife does not come down town to buy until forced by necessity, and the busy head of the house will not make the rounds of the stores to choose. It served to show that advertising enables the buyers in the modern homes to make their choice before leaving the house, and that the advertising columns of the newspapers save the buyers a large amount of time in addition to spurring them to purchase and putting them in mind of purchases timely and necessary."

"The duration of the suspension of the newspapers of Butte, the circumstances surrounding that suspension, and the results it presented express forcibly this fact: That a community today cannot get along without a newspaper."

FOR FAVORITE SON
Mr. Connor Says Wisconsin Will Not Favor Taft

Madison, Wis., May 31.—"What do you think of Senator La Follette for the presidency?" was asked Lieut. Gov. W. D. Connor upon his return to Madison Tuesday morning.

"I have been out in the woods and have not seen the papers for the past two or three days. What is there to it?"
The lieutenant governor was informed of the action of The Free Press in launching the La Follette presidential boom, and said: "Some weeks ago, when a special representative of the Cleveland Leader was here investigating the feeling in this state in regard to Taft, I told him that Wisconsin was a Roosevelt state and if he would consent to run for a third term, the republicans of this state would be with him, but so far as other candidates were concerned, Wisconsin was not for Taft if one of her own sons should be a candidate. If the state has a candidate, the republican party of Wisconsin will be united for that candidate. That is all I desire to say."

Long Lived Razors.

"How long have you had this razor?" asked the barber.
"A dozen years."
"Well," said he, "that is not bad. It's no record, though. Lots of my customers have razors that they've owned twenty and twenty-five years and used too. Why, one old man gets me to hone every three months a razor he bought over forty years ago. And it's such a good razor yet that this old man's son, whenever he wants a velvet shave, goes to his dad and borrows the veteran razor. A razor that with good use won't last twenty-five years is no razor at all."—New York Press



This store is a member of the La Crosse Free Fare Association.

A Long Journey Pays

if by making it you get better goods and pay less money.

In jewelry no purchase is a bargain unless it is an article of quality and stability.

In La Crosse intelligent buyers insist on seeing that the name of ROSE is on the box as a guarantee of merit.

We buy cheaper because we buy more than other dealers. We sell to you that much cheaper. Our purchasing advantages enable us to sell you the genuine article for the same price at which many dealers offer inferior articles.

For the best of everything in the jewelry line go to

George B. Rose
The Jeweler.

ILLINOIS STRAWBERRIES TOMORROW JOHN C. BURNS FRUIT HOUSE

CITY NEWS

NEWLY WEDS—Don't fail to read page 11 today.

JUNE BRIDES—Read page 11 today. It will interest you.

MARRIAGE LICENSE—Ludwig Larson and Minnie Lenderson were granted a marriage license in Winona Wednesday.

CELEBRATION AT MAUSTON—The city of Mauston is preparing for a big celebration for the Fourth of July.

FUNERAL TODAY—The funeral of Loring A. Aiken was held from the residence, 516 Farnam street, this afternoon. Rev. W. W. Hurd officiating. Interment was made in Oak Grove cemetery. The funeral was largely attended, many of the Grand Army veterans being among the mourners.

MARRIED AT CALEDONIA—James Schwebach and Miss Susie Wagoner were married last Tuesday at the St. Peters German church in Caledonia by Rev. Von Den Burg. The newly married couple will leave soon for Dell Rapids, S. D., where they will make their future home.

PICNIC AT "BOB WHITE"—Yesterday Mr. and Mrs. John Bayer, Horace and John Bayer, Jr., and Mrs. William Doerflinger spent the day at the "Bob White" cottage.

Mr. C. H. Schweizer and children Miss Shuman, Judge and Mrs. Brindley and children picnicked at "Bob White" cottage yesterday.

PERSONALS

The scent of roses pervades the breath of the girl that takes Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. Bright eyes, red lips, good health follow its use. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Samuel Clark has returned to his home in Cashton after transacting business in La Crosse yesterday.

George Young of Westby is transacting business in La Crosse for a few days.

Hack calls made night and day. Gateway City Tfr. Line, phone 179.

George and Willis Bergeman of Fairchild were the guests of relatives in the city yesterday.

E. M. Finster of Sparta was a business caller in the city yesterday.

Prevents constipation, stomach and kidney trouble. Makes everything digestible. That's what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents, Tea or Tablets. Ask your druggist.

Robert Gammel of Spring Valley, is transacting business in La Crosse for a few days.

Rev. W. W. Collins went to Sparta yesterday where he assisted in the Memorial day program in that city.

Dr. Will Powell, diseases of women.

A. L. Snyder and wife of Neillsville are spending the day with friends here.

J. Mullen of Madison was in La Crosse yesterday.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad will sell tickets from Chicago to Atlantic City and return at very low

rates, good going May 30 to June 3, valid for return until June 18 by extension. Stop-over at Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia. Consult your nearest ticket agent. Send for booklet. W. A. Preston, T. P. A., 244 Clark street, Chicago.

Miss Lulu B. Page went to Bangor yesterday morning where she was the guest of relatives for a few days.

H. E. Rariner of Grand Meadow, is calling on friends in La Crosse today.

Thomas Riser of Kendall, Wis., is transacting business in La Crosse for a few days.

Dr. George Powell, consulting physician and surgeon.

Frank A. Wild of Moorhead, N. D., is spending a few days with friends in La Crosse.

O. Nareen has returned to his home in Winthrop, Minn., after transacting business in La Crosse.

George Dodds of Winona is calling on friends in the city.

Results are quick and lasting. It penetrates the heart of disease. That is what Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea does.

Ask your druggist.

Al Morgan of Winona is the guest of friends in the city.

Emil Schmache and wife of Merrill, Wis., are in La Crosse visiting friends for a few days.

Miss Lillian Nelson has returned to her home in Caledonia after visiting friends in the city.

Misses Minnie Oehler and Mable Jacques are guests of friends in Hokah this week.

Mrs. James McMahon has returned to her home in Portage after visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Kerr of Preston, Minn., who came here to meet their son U. S. Kerr, returned home today. Madeleine Kerr accompanied them for a visit of a few weeks.

Ralph Toland went to Winona at noon to hear the performance of "The Holy City," which will be given there this evening and in which U. S. Kerr will participate. A number from here expect to go this evening.

Milton Ker of Preston is spending a few days with friends and relatives here.

Mrs. C. M. Marriotte of Elroy arrived yesterday noon to attend the funeral of her nephew, William Van Camp.

HIT HIM WITH A CAN
Mrs. Martell Did Not Bruise Reinhardt Up Badly

Mrs. Elizabeth Martell, who was arrested upon complaint of Peter Reinhardt charged with assault, says she hit Reinhardt with a tin can and threw a couple of old shoes at him when he came into her yard drunk and that she did not use a stick. Reinhardt failed to appear against her in court so the case was dismissed yesterday.

SUCCESS ATTENDS GOLF OPENING DAY

F. P. HIXON TEAM LOSES THE MORNING MATCH

BLIND BOGEY TOURNAMENT

In the Afternoon Proves One of the Most Attractive Features of the Day's Sport

Decoration day at the Schaghticoke Country club marked the successful opening of the links for the season. The grounds were in the best of condition, the weather ideal and the enthusiasm was the feature of the day. In the morning a match game was played by two teams captained by J. M. Hixon and F. P. Hixon, the luncheon to be served at the expense of the losing team. J. M. Hixon's team won, 30 up.

The results were:

	Score up.
J. M. Hixon, captain.....	0
Alfred James.....	2
F. H. Hankerson.....	7
Wallace Tourtellotte.....	3
L. C. Colman.....	0
Mac Thompson.....	0
P. M. Gelatt.....	0
A. S. Farnam.....	5
C. J. Felber.....	2
A. A. Morse.....	0
G. H. Ray.....	7
H. L. Colman.....	0
H. J. Hirschheimer.....	7
S. W. Anderson.....	1
Total.....	34
	Score up.
F. P. Hixon, captain.....	0
R. C. Whelpley.....	0
George W. Burton.....	0
E. L. Colman.....	0
Nathaniel Tourtellotte.....	1
A. S. Willoughby.....	1
Roland Goddard.....	0
C. S. Cone.....	1
Mills Tourtellotte.....	0
W. Evans.....	0
J. J. Felber.....	0
Andrew Lees.....	2
F. A. Copeland.....	0
Willis L. Osborne.....	0
Total.....	4

Blind Bogey
In the afternoon the blind bogey tournament was the feature. In this event the bogey is a number between 91 and 100 drawn after the play is ended each contestant placing his handicap so as to play 18 holes in a net score between these numbers. In this tournament places on the team were given on the gross scores.

The "bogey" number drawn was 96, Wallace Tourtellotte winning the first prize of 12 balls. Second place was tied by R. C. Whelpley, H. J. Hirschheimer, F. A. Copeland and S. W. Anderson; the prize, 8 balls, was divided. Third place was tied by P. M. Gelatt, Alfred James and C. H. Sherman, and the five balls were divided. Fourth place was tied by C. S. Cone, R. Goddard, J. J. Felber and G. W. Burton; the prizes, two balls were drawn by Messrs. Goddard and Burton.

The scores were:

	Handicap.	Net score.
Andrew Lees.....	15	92
R. C. Whelpley.....	15	95
A. S. Willoughby.....	15	106
H. L. Colman.....	23	91
Alfred James.....	12	94
H. J. Hirschheimer.....	11	95
P. M. Gelatt.....	15	98
E. L. Colman.....	10	102
J. M. Hixon.....	5 plus	104
F. P. Hixon.....	2 plus	104
R. H. Hankerson.....	Scratch	92
S. W. Anderson.....	23	97
Mills Tourtellotte.....	25	92
A. S. Farnam.....	35	101
G. H. Ray.....	25	102
Mac Thompson.....	6	103
N. Tourtellotte.....	8	92
W. Tourtellotte.....	3 plus	96
C. S. Cone.....	50	99
Roland Goddard.....	20	99
J. J. Felber.....	30	99
C. J. Felber.....	20	103
G. W. Burton.....	7	93
F. A. Copeland.....	20	95
W. L. Osborne.....	25	120
Ted Burns.....	25	94
C. H. Sherman.....	24	94
G. Van Steenwyk.....	24	99

This contest decides starting positions on the team, the list now being as follows, in the order given: F. H. Hankerson, Wallace Tourtellotte, G. W. Tourtellotte, F. P. Hixon, J. M. Hixon, Alfred James, H. J. Hirschheimer, A. Lees, Mac Thompson, R. C. Whelpley, E. L. Colman, P. M. Gelatt, Willis L. Osborne, H. L. Colman, F. A. Copeland, Mills Tourtellotte, C. H. Sherman, R. Goddard, A. S. Willoughby, C. J. Felber, G. Van Steenwyk, G. H. Ray, J. J. Felber, A. S. Farnam, C. S. Cone and Ted Burns.

After the bogey tournament a table d'hote dinner was served.

Individual tournaments will soon be started and preparations for class contests are in progress. A large number of the younger members are taking active interest and everybody is enthusiastic.

TAX DELINQUENTS FINED

Olaf Knudson and Charles Peterson were fined \$5 and costs before Judge C. W. Hunt this morning because they did not pay their dog tax by May 15. Delinquent owners will have to stand the consequences.

To neglect your eyes will ruin your health and may cause total blindness in time. The time to examine your eyes is now. If you will allow me to make the examination, and you need glasses I will tell you so, if you do not need them I will be equally as frank. My desire is to furnish proper glasses to all those who actually need them. Headache, nervousness, loss of sleep, poor appetite and loss of ambition are a few of the ailments caused by eye defects and can be entirely relieved and cured by proper glasses.

W. T. IRVINE, Optician
Graduate Ill. School of Optics.

MEN'S WEARING APPAREL

The reason why we're doing more business than ever before is, we have a carefully selected stock, (spent many days and nights), collecting styles and varieties, our customers, both actual and prospective, would like. We found when buying this stock, by taking a large quantity, it would be possible to sell suits under our guarantee at from—

\$5 to \$25

The same care was exercised in the selection of
OUR HATS & FURNISHINGS
including GLOVES, TIES, COLLARS, SHIRTS, SOCKS
ETC. All at Popular Prices. :: :: ::

CO ME & C. NEWBURG
COR. THIRD AND PEARL ST.



MYSTERIOUS SHOTS Alleged to Have Been Fired Cause Young's Arrest

Because he looked into the window and was ordered away by Edward Van Dorn of the north side, it is alleged that Charles Young of

the north side, a well known resident, took two shots at Young with a pistol yesterday. Young denies the charge emphatically, and says that Van Dorn must have been "celebrating."

Young was placed under arrest and brought into county court today, where he pleaded not guilty and his case was set for Thursday morning.

The defendant was liberated from custody on his own recognizance.

WILLKSBARRE, May 31.—Bishop Hoban and six priests were seriously injured by the collapse of a scaffold that precipitated them into a cellar during the laying of the corner stone of a Greek church.

\$6.00 Mantle Clocks on Sale For \$2.79

THE RELIABLE JEWELRY STORE OF LA CROSSE

When in doubt, if you have bought elsewhere, and have paid too high a price or have gotten inferior goods JUST REMEMBER that we give BIGGER VALUES for the money than any Jewelry store in La Crosse.—Our Annual House-Clearing Time begins next week, and our store will be the money saving center for those who appreciate BARGAINS.

Ladies' Diamond Rings	\$15.00 up
Ladies' Gold Watches	\$10.50 up
Ladies' Chatelaine Watches	\$6.00 up
Ladies' Bracelets, best quality	\$2.50 up
Ladies' Solid Gold Rings	\$1.50 up
Ladies' Solid Gold Brooches	\$2.00 up
Ladies' Filled Brooches	75c up

A FULL LINE OF GOOD LUCK "SWASTIKA" PIN BROOCHES, ETC.

Gents' Gold Filled Watches	\$10.50 up
Gents' Railroad Watches	\$28.00 up
Gents' Solid Gold Rings	\$2.25 up
Gents' Fob Chains	\$1.50 up
Best quality Watch Chains	\$2.00 up
4 piece Tea Sets	\$8.00 up
2 piece Sugar and Creamers	\$3.00 up
Bread Trays	\$1.50 up
Heavy Sterling Teaspoons	half dozen \$3.75
Single Sterling Teaspoons, gold bowl, fancy handles	\$1.00 up

J. E. GEIWITZ,
RELIABLE JEWELER
500-502 MAIN, COR. 5TH. LA CROSSE.

\$6.00 Mantle Clocks on Sale For \$2.79

Everything New
That's Good
in

OXFORD TIES AT HEIL'S

Black or Tan for Men.
Blacks, Browns, Tans for Ladies.
White Canvas Slippers and
Oxfords for Ladies,
Misses and Children
Most Any Price You Please.

PRESIDENT

(Continued From Page One).

a man for the shop and the farm. This is a most serious lack, for no one can look at the peoples of mankind as they stand at present without realizing that industrial training is one of the most potent factors in national development. We of the United States must develop a system under which each individual citizen shall be trained so as to be effective individually as an economic unit, and fit to be organized with his fellows so that he and they can work in efficient fashion together. This question is vital to our future progress, and public attention should be focused upon it. Surely it is eminently in accord with the principles of our democratic life that we should furnish the highest average industrial training for the ordinary skilled workman. But it is a curious thing that in industrial training we have tended to devote our energies to producing high grade men at the top rather than in the ranks. Our engineering schools, for instance, compare favorably with the best in Europe, whereas we have done almost nothing to equip the private soldiers of the industrial army—the mechanic, the metal-worker, the carpenter. Indeed, too often our schools train away from the shop and the forge; and this fact, together with the abandonment of the old apprenticeship system, has resulted in such an absence of facilities for providing trained journeymen that in many of our trades almost all the recruits among the workmen are foreigners. Surely this means that there must be some systematic method provided for training young men in the trades, and that this must be co-ordinated with the public school system. No industrial school can turn out a finished journeyman; but it can furnish the material out of which a finished journeyman can be made, just as an engineering school furnishes the training which enables its graduates speedily to become engineers.

Protection for Labor.

We hear a great deal of the need of protecting our workmen from competition with pauper labor. I have very little fear of the competition of pauper labor. The nations with pauper labor are not the formidable industrial competitors of this country. What the American workman has to fear is the competition of the highly skilled workman of the countries of greatest industrial efficiency. By the tariff and by our immigration laws, we can always protect ourselves against the competition of pauper labor here at home; but when we contend for the markets of the world we can get no protection, and we shall then find that our most formidable competitors are the nations in which there is the most highly developed business ability, the most highly developed industrial skill; and these are the qualities which we must ourselves develop.

Dignity of Labor.

We have been fond of a nation, of speaking of the dignity of labor, meaning thereby manual labor. Personally I don't think that we begin to understand what a high place manual labor should take; and it never can take this high place unless it offers scope for the best type of man. We have tended to regard education as a matter of the head only, and the result is that a great many of our people, themselves the sons of men who worked with their hands, seem to think that they rise in the world if they get into a position where they do no hard manual work whatever; where their hands will grow soft, and their working clothes will be kept clean. Such a conception is both false and mischievous. There are, of course, kinds of labor where the work must be purely mental, and there are other kinds of labor where, under existing conditions, very little demand indeed is made upon the mind. I am glad to say that I think the proportion of men engaged in this kind of work is diminishing. But in any healthy community, in any community with the great solid qualities which alone make a really great nation, the bulk of the people should do work which makes demands upon both the body and the mind. Progress can not permanently consist in the abandonment of physical labor, but in the development of physical labor so that it shall represent more and more the work of the trained mind in the trained body. To provide such training, to encourage in every way the production of the men whom it alone can produce, is to show that as a nation we have a true conception of the dignity and importance of labor. The calling of the skilled tiller of the soil, the calling of the skilled mechanic, should alike be recognized as professions, just as emphatically as the callings of lawyer, of doctor, of banker, merchant, or clerk. The printer, the electrical worker, the house painter, the foundry man, should be trained just as carefully as the stenographer or the drug clerk. They should be trained alike in head and in hand. They should get over the idea that to earn twelve dollars a week and call it "salary" is better than to earn twenty-five dollars a week and call it "wages." The young man who has the courage and the ability to refuse to enter the crowded field of the so-called professions and to take to constructive industry is almost sure of an ample reward in earnings, in health, in opportunity to marry early, and to establish a home with reasonable freedom from worry. We need the training, the manual dexterity, and industrial intelligence which can be best given in a good agricultural, or building, or textile, or watch-making, or engraving, or mechanical school. It should be one of our prime objects to put the mechanic, the wage-worker who works with his hands, and who ought to work in a constantly larger degree with his head, on a higher plane of efficiency and reward, so as

to increase his effectiveness in the economic world, and therefore the dignity, the remuneration, and the power of his position in the social world. To train boys and girls in merely literary accomplishments to the total exclusion of industrial, manual, and technical training tends to unfit them for industrial work; and in real life most work is industrial.

Promote Industrial Education.

The problem of furnishing well-trained craftsmen, or rather journeymen fitted in the end to become such, is not simple—few problems are simple in the actual process of their solution—and much care and forethought will be needed, in order to work it out in a fairly satisfactory manner. It should appeal to all our citizens. I am glad that societies have already been formed to promote industrial education, and that their membership includes manufacturers and leaders of labor unions, educators and publicists, men of all conditions who are interested in education and in industry. It is such co-operation that offers most hope for a satisfactory solution of the question as to what is the best form of industrial school, as to the means by which it may be articulated with the public school system, and as to the way to secure for the boys trained therein the opportunity to acquire in the industries the practical skill which alone can make them finished journeymen.

Lauds the Farmer.

There is but one person whose welfare is as vital to the welfare of the whole country as is that of the wage-worker who does manual labor, and that is the tiller of the soil—the farmer. If there is one lesson taught by history it is that the permanent greatness of any state must ultimately depend more upon the character of its country population than upon anything else. No growth of cities, no growth of wealth can make up for a loss in either the number or the character of the farming population. In the United States more than in almost any other country we should realize this and should prize our country population. When this nation began its independent existence it was a nation of farmers. The towns were small and were for the most part mere seacoast trading and fishing ports. The chief industry of the country was agriculture and the ordinary citizen was in some way connected with it. In every great crisis of the past a peculiar dependence has had to be placed upon the farming population; and this dependence has hitherto been justified. But it can not be justified in the future if agriculture is permitted to sink in the scale as compared with other employments. We can not afford to lose that pre-eminently typical American, the farmer who owns his own farm.

Skinkage of Farm Population. Yet it would be idle to deny that in the last half century there has been in the eastern half of our country a falling off in the relative condition of the tillers of the soil, although signs are multiplying that the nation has waked up to the danger and is preparing to grapple effectively with it. East of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and the Potomac there has been on the whole an actual shrinkage in the number of the farming population since the civil war. In the states of this section there has been a growth of population—in some an enormous growth—but the growth has taken place in the cities, and especially in the larger cities. This has been due to certain economic factors, such as the extension of railroads, the development of machinery, and the opening of industrial success afforded by the unprecedented growth of cities. The increased facility of communication has resulted in the withdrawal from rural communities of most of the small, widely distributed manufacturing and commercial operations of former times, and the substitution thereof of the centralized commercial and manufacturing industries of the cities.

Social Life on Farm. The chief offset to the various tendencies which have told against the farm has hitherto come in the rise of the physical sciences and their application to agricultural practices or to the rendering of country conditions more easy and pleasant. But these countervailing forces are as yet in their infancy. As compared with a few decades ago, the social or community life of country people in the east compares less well than it formerly did with that of the dwellers in cities. Many country communities have lost their social coherence, their sense of community interest. In such communities the country church, for instance, has gone backward both as a social and a religious factor. Now, we can not too strongly insist upon the fact that it is quite as unfortunate to have any social or any economic falling off. It would be a calamity to have our farms occupied by a lower type of people than the hard-working, self-respecting, independent, and essentially manly and womanly men and women who have hitherto constituted the most typically American, and on the whole the most valuable, element in our entire nation. Ambitious native-born young men and women who now tend away from the farm must be brought back to it, and therefore they must have social as well as economic opportunities. Everything should be done to encourage the growth in the open farming country of such institutional and social movements as will meet the demand of the best type of farmers. There should be libraries, assembly halls, social organizations of all kinds. The school building and the teacher in the school building should, throughout the country districts, be of the very highest type, able to fit the boys and girls not merely to live in, but thoroughly to enjoy and to make the most of the country. The country church must be revived. All kinds of agencies, from rural free delivery to the bi-

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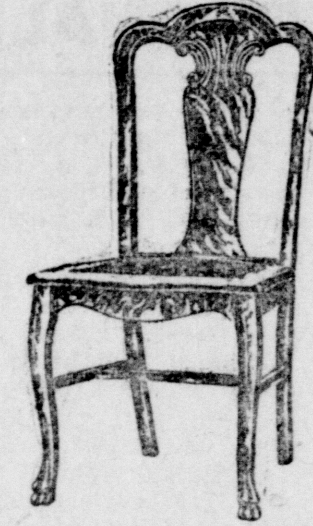
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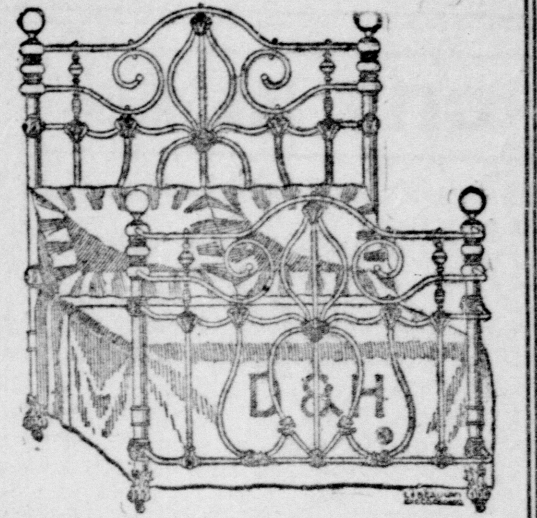
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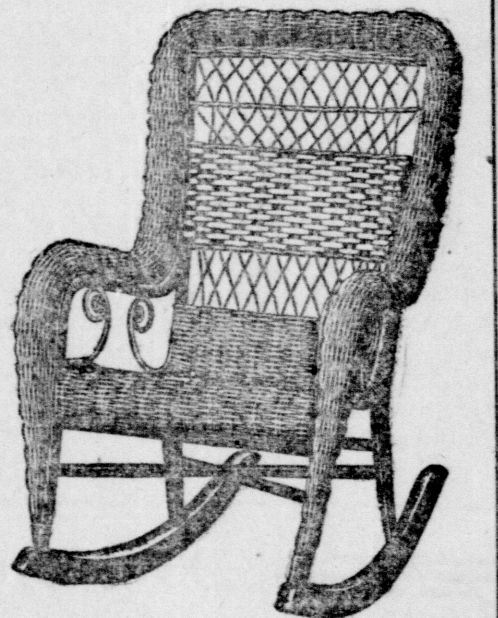


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3. Never misrepresenting or exaggerating in printed matter or correspondence.
4. Aiming to give 24-hour service and careful attention to every order. This is the policy that has built up this great institution.



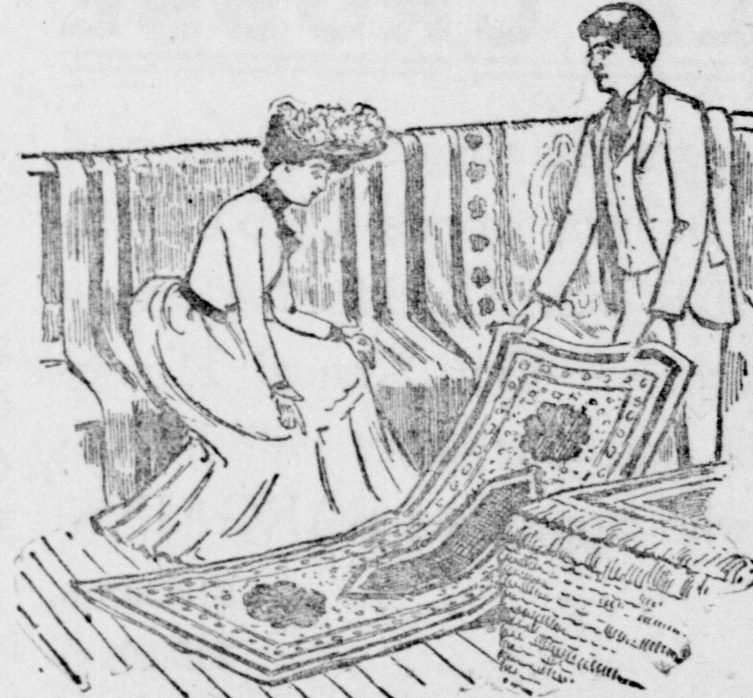
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AT WESTBY'S 115-117 S. Fourth St.

GLEN ECHO HAD FINANCIAL BOOM

NERVY CITY MADE AUTOISTS PAY TAXES IN FINES

HELD 'EM UP EVERY DAY

But Predatory Scheme Was Discov-
ered When Diplomat Was
Made Its Victim

Washington, D. C., May 31.—Some fifteen years ago a party of Philadelphians bought a tract of land on the Conduit road, just over the Maryland line, from the District of Columbia. Here they undertook to establish a "Cautauqua." An enormous auditorium was erected and several other buildings of almost equal magnitude. In addition, there were built seventy-five cottages. The first year that the place was opened a great many cottagers and tenters attended the lectures and for a few weeks it looked as though the enterprise would be successful. Then came the slump, and the Cautauqua idea was abandoned. Soon the place grew very much like Goldsmith's deserted village in appearance.

Town Has Sprung Up.

Then some one bought one of the cottages, and he was soon followed by others until about a year ago the village of Glen Echo incorporated, and now it has sprung into international prominence through the activity of its municipal authorities.

The Conduit road is a government creation. It covers the water conduits which bring Washington's aqueous supply from the Great Falls of the Potomac to the reservoir supplying the city's needs. It is a well kept roadway and is popular among automobilists.

The taxable property of Glen Echo is comparatively insignificant in value and the enterprising mayor of the town had to look around for other means of raising revenue. He called his counsellors together and they adopted an auto speed ordinance and appointed a marshal to enforce it. Since the creation of the municipal government of this insignificant hamlet, people so fortunate as to own automobiles have been mulcted to an extent which if continued promises to make the treasury of Glen Echo the most plethoric of any village of its size in the world.

Five or six times every evening the vigilant marshal holds up an automobile and hales the occupants before his honor the mayor and in each instance the treasury of the municipality is enriched by a fine of from \$10 to \$50 and no guilty speeder is permitted to leave without depositing the cash or valuable collateral.

Arrest an Ambassador.

While there was a great deal of growling among Washington car owners over the action of the Glen Echo officials nothing official came of it until they undertook to hold and fine the Italian ambassador and the uke Abruzzi. Then they found that the United States law would protect the envoys of foreign powers from annoying enforcement of petty municipal regulations. Now the state department has the matter under consideration but whatever the outcome may be the mayor and marshal of Glen Echo have succeeded in making themselves known far beyond the confines of Maryland or even the United States of America.

Big Fish Landed.

Up to date several diplomats, upwards of twenty senators and hundreds of other people more or less prominent have been arrested and fined for speeding on the Conduit road and the financial returns to the village of Glen Echo during the past three months from these fines exceed the total revenue of the hamlet from all other sources.

Old Time Bank Sinecures.

In the old days the Bank of England was paternal in its treatment of its clerks. One young fellow was distinguished only for his zeal as a member of the volunteer corps which now is defunct. His clerical services were negligible and neglected, but when it was brought to the notice of the directors they remembered his martial ardor and gave him a nice little sinecure. Another clerk was reported to them as a really clever amateur painter. They saw his pictures. "It is a pity that such talent should be wasted over ledgers," was the kindly verdict. So they gave him a room at the bank for use as a studio and appointed him to the post of superintending the burning of canceled bank notes every Friday afternoon.—London Chronicle.

THE MONARCH TYPEWRITER WINS

Cable dispatches from Paris report that the Monarch Visible won against all visible writing machines in the Endurance contest just held.

MONARCH VISIBLE

For practical working efficiency—quality and quantity of work and convenience of operation no typewriter equals a Visible—and, as the recent contest proves, no "visible" machine equals the Monarch Visible.

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READ THE TRIBUNE'S SPORTING NEWS

THE COURTSHIP OF THE M'KINLEYS

BLITHE DAYS OF A HAPPY COUPLE RECALLED AT CANTON

MAJOR WOOD IDA SAXTON

Had Just Returned With Honors of War Upon Him When He Met His Future Wife

Canton, O., May 31.—Amid the gloom prevailing about the stricken home of Mrs. McKinley, memory's fondest fancy goes back to blithe days some two score years ago and the courting of Ida Saxton, the banker's daughter, by young Maj. William McKinley, the budding lawyer.

Maj. McKinley visited the home of his sister in 1866 and at an evening party there met Miss Saxton, a belle, and with the polish of the schools of the east upon her, but yet a girl full of life and spirits. With the honors of war still upon him he was in a way a social lion. When two such young people meet Cupid is sure to sit up and take notice.

It is stated that McKinley first paid noticeable attention soon after to Miss Saxton at a chicken and waffle supper at Meyers lake, a picnic ground.

Then young McKinley had to face the problem of a career. He had to go to Albany, N. Y., to study law. He returned to settle down as a responsible citizen of Canton, and on Sundays presided as superintendent of the Methodist Sunday school.


Now it so chanced, the annals say, that Miss Saxton was a Sunday school teacher at the First Presbyterian church. McKinley would approach church from the north and Miss Saxton from the south, and they would pass each other about half way between their homes. And this frequent encounter, if anything stimulated their steady attendance at Sunday school. Now here, saith the chronicler, McKinley's mind evolved a thought worthy of a most brilliant young logician and pleader.

"Would it not be wiser, Miss Saxton, that instead of separating when we meet we would walk together to the same church?" were the words that were framed from the thought.

Other wooers had Miss Saxton, but ah, what chance had they after this?

And it came to pass that before long they did go to the same church together. It was to the First Presbyterian church to get married, and ever afterward to the Methodist church to worship together. The union was blessed by the pastors of both churches, both officiating at the ceremony.

A Gentle Hint.



Rich Uncle—What! Me go away on a pleasure trip? Why, I have to stay here and look after my estate.

Nephew—Oh, leave that all to me.—Philadelphia Press.

The Greek Figure.

Greek figures of men appear taller and more graceful than those of moderns. Modern artists make the upright figure seven and one-half times the length of the head. The Greeks made it eight times, lengthening the shin, and the longer sweep from knee to heel gave the figure increased grace and dignity. The same plan was frequently adopted by Lord Leighton, in whose paintings the same effect is obtained.—New York American.

Made a Difference.

Teacher—If one servant girl could clean two rooms in two hours, how long would it take two servant girls to do it? Little Girl—Four hours.

Teacher—Wrong. It would only take one hour. Little Girl—Oh, I didn't know you was talking about servant girls that wasn't on speaking terms!—London Tit-Bits.

MAY IRWIN TELLS OF MARRIED LIFE

SAYS HAPPIEST LIFE IS WHEN THE WIFE IS OLDER

THE OLD WIFE IS RESPECTED

Popular Actress Married Man Young Enough to Be Her Son—Happy and Contented

New York, May 31.—Just when the world was growing complacent in the belief after centuries of experimenting, that the wife should at least be no more than equal in age to her husband, here comes jolly May Irwin, the laughter queen of the stage, and attempts to set the realm of matrimony topsy-turvy with a new idea.

"The wife and not the husband should be the older, if the highest ideal of happy married life is to be realized," says Miss Irwin, and she gives the most convincing proof of belief in her doctrine by marrying her erstwhile leading man, Kurl Elisset, 10 years her junior.

"Marriage is not to be laughed at. It is a very serious affair," she continued. "I really believe that at the age when a man's judgment is the best—from 30 to 45—he would prefer a woman of sense for his wife, even if she is older than himself."

"Sentiment is the same, no matter what the age, only as a woman grows older, it is tempered with common sense. A woman who has reached 40 generally knows what she is doing. She has just the same capacity for loving, but has gotten over the sentimentality that won't stand the test of every-day life."

Miss Irwin divides the seekers after young wives into two classes. She says: "You will observe it is the youngsters of 18 to 24, who do not know what life really is, or the doddering old fools in their second childhood, who want to lead some gushing young girl to the altar. And in a lot of such cases you know they are more anxious to break the knot than they were to have it tied."

"Then if the woman is older she is more likely to get a better sort of a husband, which increases their chances for a happy wedded life. It is more difficult to please a woman of 40 than a young chit of a girl, who imagines she is in love with every man that stops to tell her she is pretty."

"A young man who falls in love with a woman older than himself respects her. He doesn't have to worry about where she is when he is away from home. He knows she has had enough experience in life to overlook the little frictions that have wrecked so many married lives."

"Love and respect should count for more than a difference of years in age. In fact in the ideal marriage age should not cut any figure."

Yourself.

If you wish to be miserable you must think about yourself, about what you want, what you like, what respect people ought to pay you, and then to you nothing will be pure. You will spoil everything you touch, you will make sin and misery for yourself out of everything which God sends you and you will be as wretched as you choose.—Charles Kingsley.

Pure Love.

When a woman chooses a man with a bald head, a pair of bowlegs and a Saturday night pay check of \$10 you can't accuse her of marrying for anything but pure, unalloyed, uncontaminated, unquestioned and undying love.—Lamar (Mo.) Democrat.

MARRIAGE EXPENSES.

Careful observation, extending over a period of forty-two years and supplemented by thousands of interviews with storekeepers, hairdressers, modistes, milliners, collectors and others, leads us to believe that the average cost of a bride's trousseau in this country—taking the rich with the poor—is the sum of \$66.38. Equally careful observation convinces us that the average cost of a bridegroom's sartorial outfit is slightly less than one-third that amount, or, to be exact, \$22.01. Thus we have \$88.39 as the cost of the garments worn by bride and bridegroom at the average wedding and in the course of the average honeymoon.

—Baltimore Sun.

Better be a fool and part with your money than be a miser and have your soul buried under it.

France uses \$0,000,000 a year to clarify its wines.

A Pecuniarity of Criminals.

Policemen, in spite of their trouble in solving what appear to be more or less simple problems, are fond of asserting that the ordinary criminal betrays an amazing lack of originality. In support of this they point out that when a criminal is arrested after doing one "stretch" the second charge against him is generally for the same sort of crime. They explain this by saying that each failure or each loss shows the "crook" some point of which he had been ignorant, and it is easy for him to convince himself that next time he will avoid that mistake and be successful. When he fails and is arrested the law shows him just where he bungled, and the gambler's love of taking a chance urges him to try his luck at the old game once more. Then there is also always to be considered the unconscious and "gritty" determination to make a success of the thing anyhow.—New York Tribune.

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ANYONE CAN PLAY

Classical, Operatic, Dance Music, Rag time or Popular Music, and play it with expression and feeling, too, even though he knows nothing about music or piano playing.

Even Sounds Mystic, Doesn't it, but It's True Nevertheless.

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Big bargains in used squares and upright pianos.

1 Piano in fair condition	\$25.00
1 Piano in fair condition	30.00
1 Piano in fair condition	35.00
1 Piano in good condition	45.00
1 Piano in good condition	50.00
1 Brewster Piano used six weeks	125.00
1 Singer Piano, good condition	100.00

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Call before the best bargains are all taken.

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BACH TELLS WHY LUSH QUIT BELFRY

BRINGS BILLINGS VERSION OF JOURNALIST'S EXPERIENCE

BELFRY WAS HIS LEMON

Says Spot Made Famous by Hatten Backer Is Only Bend in Railroad Track

"Lige Smith, of Philadelphia, instigated Belfry," said "Bach," in a reminiscent mood.

"Bach" (N. C. Bacheller) is back from Billings for a brief visit, and thereby hangs a tale in the telling of which the mystery of Col. Charles K. Lush and Belfry is at last unfolded to the world.

"I low youall round heah wonder why Charlie Lush went to Belfry and why he came back," continued "Bach." "I don't pretend to say why he went. Might abeen ex-Senator Clark wanted t' be re-elected, and might abeen Amalgamated wanted some commercial publicity. Col. Murphy has been accused of complicity, but I like that crabbed little Irishman, an' I doan want t' lay it up agin him. But bet yer life I can tell youall why Charley comes back in six weeks after he gets thar. All I'm puzzled about is how he stayed six weeks."

"I'll tell it to you as I told it to E. H. Becker, publisher of the Billings Gazette. Becker happened to meet up with Lush on the train, an' he had read 'The Federal Judge' and 'The Autocrats,' and took a great shine to the colonel."

"Wall, one day I meets Becker—ol' friend o' mine—and recollecting as they will out thar that I'm a La Crosse man, an' that La Crosse is in Wisconsin, he jes nacherally sez to me, he sez, 'You know Charley Lush of Madison, the author of etc., etc.'"

"You bet," sez I, and my heart warmed up as I remembered the sandy little cuss that used to write them paragraphs that took patches of hide off the best physques in La Crosse."

"Wall," he sez, 'Charley Lush is making war medicine by starting a newspaper in Belfry. In the immortal and over-worked language of the charred and cherished Jerry Rusk, where in h— is Belfry?'"

"I'd been scouting around that country, and unlike even most of the intimately acquainted natives, I knew. 'Belfry,' I sez, 'is situated in the midst of the Bear Creek mining district, bounded on two sides by alkali and t'other two by sage brush. Its principal products is sacrilege an' alcoholic pollution. They used to raw-hide it back and forth, but now the Yellowstone railroad has been pushed in thar by Lige Smith, a quak-

er who accumulated more or less doubtful titles to a big area of equally doubtful coal lands, and dropped a spur down from Bridges to 'Belfry' an' then up Bear Creek to a more or less indefinite center of an entirely indefinite coal deposit."

"What I can't tell you about Belfry deserves to be filed in the category of minor details or relegated to the archives of aboriginal mythology. It's jes' past the limit, is Belfry. Lige created it by proclamation. It's simply a bend in the railroad track. I went up thar with Clara (Mrs. Bacheller) an' Homer Crosby to a Fourth of July celebration. We struck town with an awful thirst and the uproar that greeted us at the depot nearly made me make a speech. I lowed they'd heard of my fashionable career, and suspicioning my coming, had elected me to congress or the directorate of the miner's union."

"Wal, we slep as best we cud in a board hostelry they had the blasted impertinence to call a hotel, an' all night them wild an' wooly cow-punchers was whoopin' 'er up and firin' saloots and killin' red top that 'd make mescal look like a society beverage. In the mornin' I woke to a realization that the whole parched and besotted territory was like a mighty human thirst. I was informed that six miles up the trail thar was four cottonwood trees. I swept the horizon with my tenderfoot eyes, and the parched an barren view was somethin' terrible. I jest took Clara and Homer by the hand and started on a hunt for a lively stable. The natives, hurriedly between drinks, steered me to a big corral whar thar was about a thousand ponies with saddle equipment, but nary a carriage or even a buckboard or cart. I had to give it up."

"Finally, Clara set up a screech like a siwash lady with a new peeled scalp. She was pointin' excitedly to the south, an' thar, way down on the low waters o' a putrid irrigation ditch, was a tree—a sprig about first floor high with a few scragly branches not prosperous in leaves—but by the holy Pinter, a tree!"

"Say, ye ought to seen us skidoo for that tree! We surrounded it an' hugged it, and we squatted on the claim then an' thar, and threw out pickets. 'Twant no babbling brook run ning by, that irrigation ditch. It had a sulphur-green skum on its luke-warm bosom, and the stench of decayed vegetation an' alkali was somethin' scandalous, but to us lost souls thar was nothin' inappropriate in Clara's recitation:

"Water, water, pure an' bright, Fount o' beauty an' delight, Water, water, pure an' bright, Nectar really bowin'."

"Wal, that's Belfry. The coyotes won't recognize it as up to the standard of fertility of the accordin'-to-Hoyle desert. In comparison the bad lands is the Etesian Fields an' Sahara is the land o' milk an' honey. Never mind what Becker said, but if anybody asks you why bully o' Charley Lush left Belfry, tell em it was because somebody handed him a lemon!"

BEVERIDGE AND BRYAN IN DEBATE

STEEL TRUST IS SUBJECT OF FIGHT IN MAGAZINE

INDIANEAN O. K'S THE TRUST

Bryan Joins Issue and an Interesting Discussion Is the Result

(By J. C. Welliver)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 31.—The steel trust is the subject around which William J. Bryan and Senator Beveridge of Indiana wage their hottest arguments in joint debate on national issues in the June number of the Reader magazine, advance proofs of which have just been issued. Responding to Senator Beveridge's previous citation of the United States Steel corporation as a "good trust," Mr. Bryan turns his guns full upon it and pronounces it an ideal example of unbridled monopoly. Senator Beveridge challenges the Nebraskan to state whether in his policy of extermination of the trusts "root and branch" he would dissolve the steel company and how.

Beveridge O. K's Steel Trust
"One of the trusts which seems to have impressed the senator favorably is the steel trust," says Mr. Bryan. "He has much to say of its usefulness and nothing to say of its abuse. The steel trust is selling abroad cheaper than at home, and we have seen its stock so manipulated by a coterie of insiders that the small stockholders lost many millions in the fluctuations of the stock. The recent annual statement of the steel company shows that its gross sales amounted to nearly seven hundred million dollars, that its net earnings amounted to one hundred and fifty-six millions dollars, and that the wages paid amounted to one hundred and forty-seven million dollars. The net earnings were about 23 per cent of the gross sales—nearly five times the percentage that the boot and shoe industry of Massachusetts realizes. There being competition among the manufacturers of boots and shoes, it is impossible for them to convert into net earnings 23 per cent of their gross sales. It will be noticed that the net earnings of the steel company exceed the entire amount paid in wages—that is, each employe earns, on an average, not only his own wages, but more than 100 per cent profit on his wages for his employer. This is an extraordinary profit, and only possible under a monopoly. In most of our large industries the amount paid in wages is several times as great as the net earnings. In the remedies

suggested, Senator Beveridge does not mention a reduction of the tariff, although he tells of one of the beneficiaries of the tariff who turned his property into a trust as a figure so much above its value as to stagger belief, and yet this steel trust, which receives from him only words of praise, has a protection of something like twice the per cent paid to employes as wages, or more than 40 per cent, while the employe received only 21 per cent of the gross sales."

Bryan Praises a Little.
Referring to the credit given by Beveridge to President Roosevelt for prosecuting a number of trusts Mr. Bryan says: "I am glad to commend him where he has enforced the law, but it is not sufficient to enforce the law against a few trusts. Other criminal laws are enforced against all offenders who can be found. Why should we draw a distinction between the horse thief who violates the law against horse stealing and the trust magnate who violates the law against the trust?"

As to the Remedy
"Would Mr. Bryan 'dissolve' the United States Steel corporation?" asks Senator Beveridge. If so, how? "How far would he carry the dissolution?" "Having dissolved the steel corporation what would become of its present shareholders? If he would make them stockholders in the smaller corporations resulting from his dissolution how much stock would he give to each? Since he would dissolve the steel corporation, would he stop there—or would he go on dissolving the corporations of which it was formed? Having dissolved the United States Steel corporation would he go on dissolving the other great corporations? If not, where will he stop? Will he give us a workable rule by which we can tell what corporations should be dissolved and what should be preserved? If he says the rule is 'monopoly' how will he define 'monopoly' as a matter of tangible law?"

Of Campaign Funds
Senator Beveridge says "we republicans" have stopped one of the great evils of trust, campaign contributions. Mr. Bryan doubts whether the law prohibiting corporations from contributing will prevent their officers from contributing in devious ways if they so desire.

"It is necessary," says he, "that the contributions of individuals shall be made public where contributions are made to any considerable amount and it is also necessary that the publication shall be made in advance of the election in order that the voter may know what influences are at work in the campaign." And Mr. Bryan speaks for publicity to a much greater extent. He would compel all newspapers having any considerable interstate circulation prominently to display in their papers the names of the stockholders and mortgages, in order that readers may know what influences might be vital in shaping

the policies of these papers. Senator Beveridge reviews the proposals advanced earlier in the debate by Mr. Bryan that federal laws be enacted to prohibit directors of one corporation becoming directors in another, to prohibit one corporation from owning stock in another and providing a penal clause for the law against agreements restrictive of competition between corporations. Quoting Mr. Bryan's statement that the trust of the future is most likely to be a single corporation trust Senator Beveridge declares that the democratic leaders first three trust remedies are already obsolete because of his own testimony that the forms of trusts they are designed to check are obsolete. Nevertheless Mr. Beveridge discusses these remedies and raises numerous objections to the proposed preventing of one corporation owning stock in another.

Business Chaos Painted
Referring to Mr. Bryan's revival of the plan of national franchise endorsed by the democratic platform of 1900 Senator Beveridge paints a picture of business chaos. According to his view succeeding administrations would not agree as to which corporations should be granted franchises and therefore no business thus franchised could be certain of stable conditions for more than four years while a vast opportunity for political corruption would be placed at the hand of the national administration.

MEMORIAL DAY GAMES

JANESVILLE, Wis., May 31.—Janesville defeated the Maroons of Clinton, Wis., by a score of 5 to 1.

OCONOMOWOC, Wis., May 31.—The local team defeated West Allis by a score of 3 to 2.

HARTFORD, Wis., May 31.—Hartford defeated the Alcabells of Milwaukee in a well played game by the score of 6 to 4. Laubenheimer's pitching for the locals was the main feature.

BEAVER DAM, Wis., May 31.—The Reveras defeated the Wayland academy team here yesterday by a score of 17 to 5.

PORT WASHINGTON, Wis., May 31.—The Columbus defeated the Business Men team here by a score of 14 to 5.

EVANSVILLE, Wis., May 31.—Evansville high school defeated Beloit high at baseball here yesterday, 7 to 1. Reckord of Evansville struck out fourteen men. Beloit scored its run on a wild pitch.

TOMAH, Wis., May 31.—Tomah defeated the Athletes of La Crosse by a score of 1 to 0.

Every one makes the mistake of imagining that others enjoy hearing him talk.

DAVENPORT FIGHTS STOPPED

Mayor Becker Puts Lid on Boxing Game Because of Rivalry

DAVENPORT, Ia., May 31.—The lid is on Davenport so far as the fistie game is concerned. Mayor Waldo Becker today issued orders to the chief of police to allow no more boxing bouts in Davenport. This stops the Coulon-Murphy match for the bantamweight championship, signed for June 20, and the McFarland-Hyland match, set for June 25. The success of the Davenport fights had put too many clubs into the game, and when they got to fighting among themselves and set the June matches only five days apart, Mayor Becker decided to stop the game entirely.

BADGER TENNIS MEN DEFEATED

Chicago Cracks Win From Wisconsin Yesterday.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 31.—Paul Gray and Frederick W. Carr, the University of Chicago team, cleaned up all the championship honors in the western intercollegiate tennis tournament which closed here yesterday. They defeated Richard Loesch and Peter Roehm of the University of Wisconsin in doubles, by the following score: 3-6, 6-3, 11-9, 6-8 and 6-1.

KUROKI AND WASHINGTON.

(Boston Advertiser.)

A little ceremony which occurred at out Vernon during the Kuroki visit to Washington is worth remembrance. On reaching the tomb of Washington Gen. Kuroki and Vice-Admiral Ijuin, accompanied by their aids (who were carrying two beautiful wreaths of flowers), were not content with gazing through the iron grills of the tomb. The mausoleum was opened and the two great officers, unaccompanied, each taking a wreath, entered the resting place of our great dead. Kuroki and the admiral advanced pace by pace together. They held the wreaths as if about to offer them upon an altar, bowed reverently, and with one movement laid their tribute on the sarcophagus. Folding their hands, they bent their heads in apparent prayer for a few moments. Without turning, they stepped back, and with hand on heart bowed profoundly—then another step and another similar bow, and so reached the gate and passed out. The great Japanese were entirely unconscious that these movements were anything out of the usual custom here any more than in their own land. It is the testimony of those who saw the honest and intense reverence shown by the noted visitors that it was much easier from it to understand the zeal of the Japanese army and navy. With them the desire to achieve a brave act is more of a religion than an ambition.

BIG REGATTA ON THIS AFTERNOON

WISCONSIN AND SYRACUSE ROW FOR HONORS ON MENDOTA

BOTH CONFIDENT OF VICTORY

T. E. Burke of La Crosse, Coxswain of University Crew and R. N. Trane is in Freshmen Eight

This afternoon on lake Mendota at Madison, the big regatta, the eight oared race between Wisconsin university and Syracuse, N. Y., is being run. It is the biggest event of its kind ever pulled off in the west and has attracted thousands of people. La Crosse is more than interested in the event from the fact that T. E. Burke, coxswain of the Wisconsin crew, is from La Crosse. R. N. Trane of the Wisconsin freshmen crew, is also a La Crosse boy.

The crews finished their training yesterday and took a short spin on the water this morning.

Both crews are confident of victory but both are reticent about expressing their confidence. The eastern men have now inspired respect, if not fear, in the hearts of the Badger oarsmen. During the same period the work of Wisconsin has had a similar effect upon the eastern water dogs, so that now there is a situation where each fears the other. This is probably the reason of the mutual reticence.

What the Coaches Say
"My men are in good condition for the race. The course suits us very well. They will row the race of their lives. Will they win? Yes, if they row faster than Wisconsin. Will they row faster than Wisconsin? I can't answer that until tomorrow night. My hope is that the best crew will win and that Syracuse will prove to be the better crew."

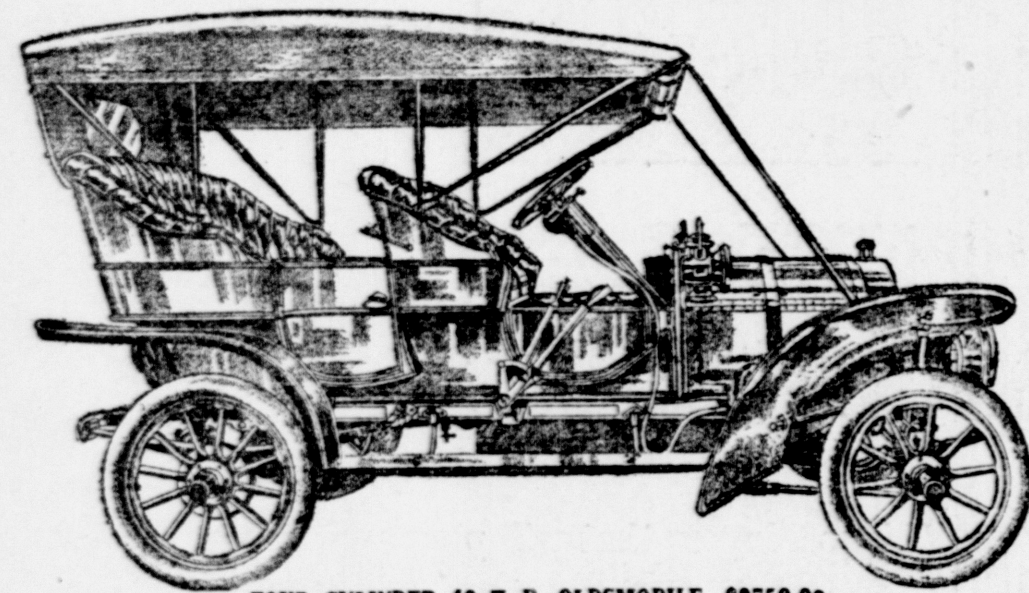
This is the statement which James A. Ten Eyck, coach of the Syracuse crew, gave out tonight.

"Wisconsin is ready for the contest. We hope to win. All the men are in No. 1 shape, and it is now up to them to do the rest. Syracuse looks good to me. They row in splendid form, and it will take a good crew to beat them. Wisconsin, I should say, has an even break."

This is the statement of Edward H. Ten Eyck, coach of the Wisconsin crew.

Reception—Georgia Sutor, Margaret Farnum, Lillian Waters, Carl Neprud, Orin Nelson.

Financial—Ben Stevens, Carl Jungbluth, Gustave Schuize, Florence Keating, Ella Trane.



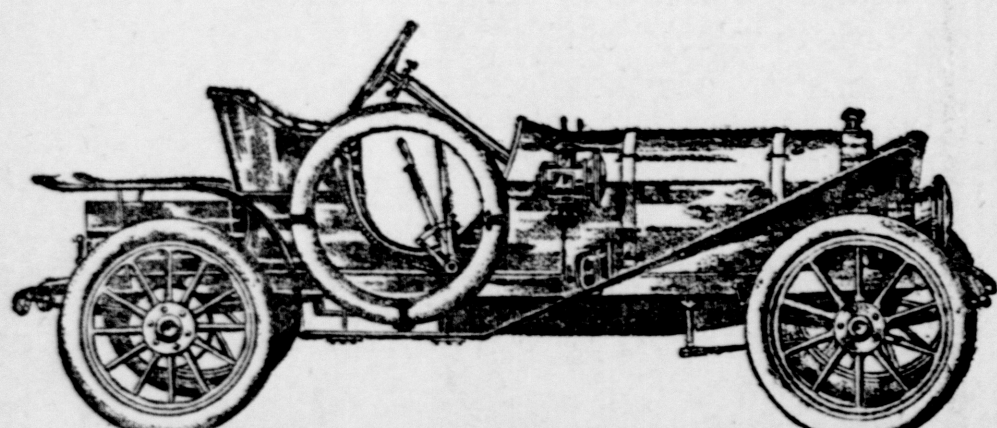
FOUR CYLINDER 40 H. P. OLDSMOBILE, \$2750.00

On the Glidden Tour the OLDS MOBILE

easily equalled the performance of the cars selling for twice its price and completed the run of over 1,100 miles with a **PERFECT SCORE**

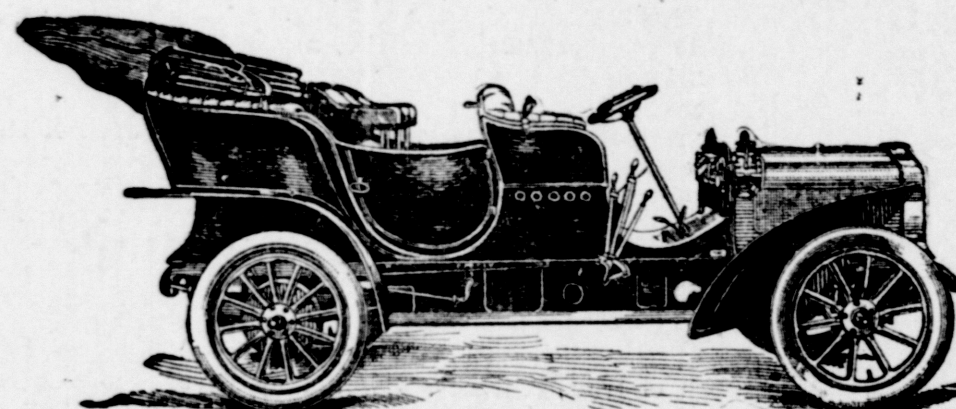
To demonstrate how thoroughly it had stood the strain of this trying contest the same car was immediately started on a non-stop run from Bretton Woods to New York City **WITHOUT RECEIVING A SINGLE ADJUSTMENT, REPAIR OR TIRE CHANGE.** The run of 505 miles over rough roads, through heavy rains and deep mud, was made at an average of 24 miles an hour. The car carrying 4 passengers, one of whom was an official of the touring committee who acted as observer, left Bretton Woods at 12:10 P. M. Sunday and arrived at the headquarters of the New York Motor Club, Broadway and Fifty-fourth Street, at 2:28 o'clock the following afternoon. The total elapsed time was 26 hours and 18 minutes and **THE ACTUAL RUNNING TIME 21 HOURS AND 30 MINUTES.**

This is the most notable automobile achievement of the year. You drive a winner when you drive an Oldsmobile.



FOUR CYLINDER 40 H. P. OLDSMOBILE FLYING ROADSTER, \$2750.

THE INCOMPARABLE WHITE THE CAR FOR SERVICE



ANOTHER GOLD MEDAL FOR THE WHITE

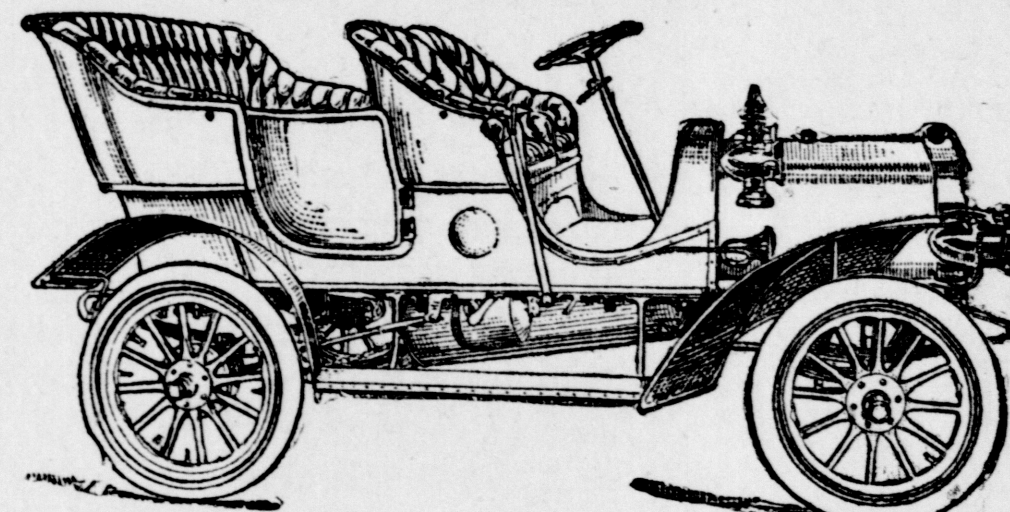
In the recent Town Carriage Competition, conducted under rigorous rules by the Automobile Club of Great Britain and Ireland, the White was awarded a gold medal. As stated by the Club, "The object of the trial is to show the advantages of self-propelled vehicles for town work." The following points were taken into consideration, and in all of them the White showed decided superiority:

- General design of complete car
- General appearance and finish of body work
- Absence of smell and smoke
- Absence of leakage of lubricant
- Absence of noise with car stationary or running
- Absence of vibration with car stationary or running
- Smoothness of running and comfort of passengers
- Ease of cleaning
- Ease of access for repair
- Ease of starting
- Ease of stopping and speed changing without jerks or noise.
- Ease of manoeuvring
- Comfort of passengers
- Comfort of driver

TANBERG AUTO COMPANY, EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

312 State Street,

LA CROSSE, WIS.



TWO CYLINDER 22 H. P. BUICK, \$1250.00. "THE CAR-THAT-MADE-SO-GOOD"

The William Doerflinger Co., Department Store.

La Crosse, Wis., Jan. 7, 1907.

Tanberg Auto Company, La Crosse, Wis.

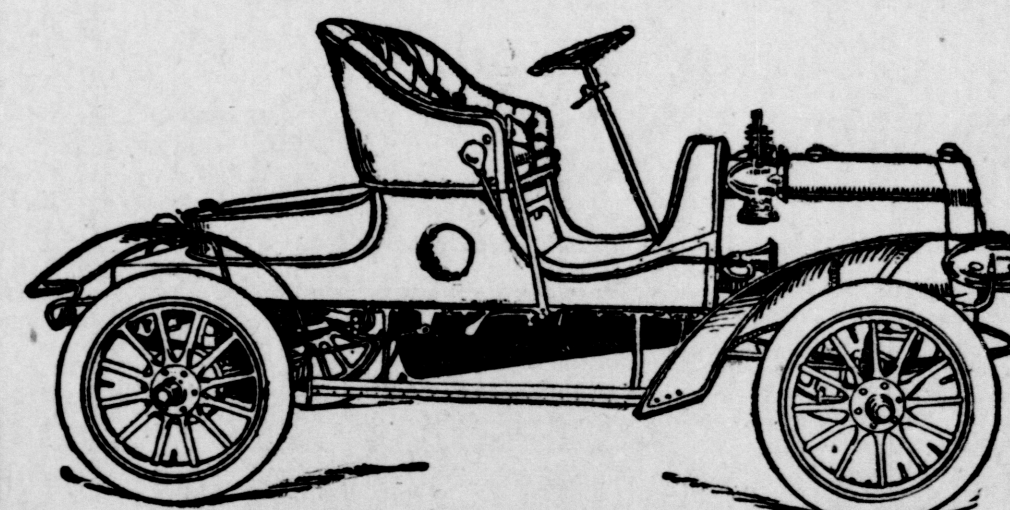
Gentlemen:—In reply to your inquiry regarding the satisfaction my Model "F" Buick has given me, I take pleasure in stating that the car has proven entirely satisfactory. I have been out in it during all kinds of weather and have yet to encounter the sand, mud or hill that it will not take on the high speed. Between La Crosse and my country residence there is a half mile of soft sand, having a precipitate hill, that is regarded as the most trying road for motor cars about La Crosse. My Buick took this road daily on the high speed. I know other cars were repeatedly stuck at this point.

I consider the Buick a very powerful as well as durable car, and well worth its price. I find it very economical in its gasoline consumption, and it did not cost me ten cents for repairs during the entire season.

To anyone desiring a good, reliable car for practical purposes, I heartily recommend the Buick.

Very truly yours,

WM. DOERFLINGER.



TWO CYLINDER 22 H. P. BUICK RUNABOUT, \$1150.00

PRESIDENT

(Continued from Page Fourteen)

another great task before the national department of agriculture and the similar agencies of the various states must be to foster agriculture for its social results, or, in other words, to assist in bringing about the best kind of life on the farm for the sake of producing the best kind of men. The government must recognize the far-reaching importance of the study and treatment of the problems of farm life alike from the social and the economic standpoints; and the federal and state departments of agriculture should co-operate at every point.

Farm is Great Producer.

The farm grows the raw material for the food and clothing of all our citizens; it supports directly almost half of them; and nearly half the children of the United States are born and brought up on farms. How can the life of the farm family be made less solitary, fuller of opportunity, freer from drudgery, more comfortable, happier, and more attractive? Such a result is most earnestly to be desired. How can life on the farm be kept on the highest level, and where it is not already on that level, be so improved, dignified, and brightened as to awaken and keep alive the pride and loyalty of the farmer's boys and girls, of the farmer's wife, and of the farmer himself? How can a compelling desire to live on the farm be aroused in the children that are born on the farm? All these questions are of vital importance not only to the farmer, but to the whole nation; and the department of agriculture must do its share in answering them.

Drift Toward City.

The drift toward the city is largely determined by the superior social opportunities to be enjoyed there, by the greater vividness and movement of city life. Considered from the point of view of national efficiency, the problem of the farm is as much a problem of attractiveness as it is a problem of prosperity. It has ceased to be merely a problem of growing wheat and corn and cattle. The problem of production has not ceased to be fundamental, but it is no longer final; just as learning to read and write and cipher are fundamental, but are no longer the final ends of education. We hope ultimately to double the average yield of wheat and corn per acre; it will be a great achievement; but it is even more important to double the desirability, comfort, and standing of the farmer's life.

We must consider, then, not merely how to produce, but also how production affects the producer. In the past we have given but scant attention to the social side of farm life. We should study much more closely than has yet been done the social organization of the country, and inquire whether its institutions are now really as useful to the farmer as they should be, or whether they should not be given a new direction and a new impulse, for no farmer's life should lie merely within the boundary of his farm. This study must be of the east and the west, the north and the south; for the needs vary from place to place.

Mastery in Production.

First in importance, of course, comes the effort to secure the mastery of production. Great strides toward this end have already been taken over the larger part of the United States; much remains to be done, but much has been done; and the debt of the nation to the various agencies of agricultural improvement for so great an advance is not to be overstated. But we can not halt here. The benefits of high social organization include such advantages as ease of communication, better educational facilities, increased comfort of living, and those opportunities for social and intellectual life and intercourse, of special value to the young people and to the women, which are as yet chiefly to be had in centers of population. All this must be brought within the reach of the farmers who live on the farms, of the men whose labor feeds and clothes the towns and cities.

Must Co-operate.

Farmers must learn the vital need of co-operation with one another. Next to this comes co-operation with the government, and the government can best give its aid through associations of farmers rather than through the individual farmer; for there is no greater agricultural problem than that of delivering to the farmer the large body of agricultural knowledge which has been accumulated by the national and state governments and by the agricultural colleges and schools.

Nowhere has the government worked to better advantage than in the south, where the work done by the department of agriculture in connection with the cotton growers of the southwestern states has been phenomenal in its value. The farmers in the region affected by the boll weevil, in the course of the efforts to fight it have succeeded in developing a most scientific husbandry, so that in many places the boll weevil became a blessing in disguise. Not only did the industry of farming become of very much greater economic value in its direct results, but it became immensely more interesting to thousands of families. The meetings at which the new subjects of interest were discussed grew to have a distinct social value, while with the farmers were joined the merchants and bankers of the neighborhood. It is needless to say that every such successful effort to organize the farmer gives a great stimulus to the admirable educational work which is being done in the southern states, as elsewhere, to prepare young people for an agricultural life. It is greatly to be wished that the communities from whence these students are drawn and to which they either return or should return could be co-operatively organized; that is, that associations of farmers could be organized, primarily for business purposes, but also with social ends in view. This would mean that the returned students from the institutions of technical learning would find their environment prepared to profit to the utmost by the improvements in technical methods which they had learned.

Farmers' Associations.

The people of our farming regions must be able to combine among themselves, as the most efficient means of protecting their industry from the highly organized interests which now surround them on every side. A vast field is open for work by co-operative associations of farmers in dealing with the relation of the farm to transportation and to the distribution and manufacture of raw materials. It is only through such combination that American farmers can develop to the full their economic and social power. Combination of this kind has, in Denmark, for instance, resulted in bringing the people back to the land, and has enabled the Danish peasant to compete in extraordinary fashion, not only at home but in foreign countries, with all rivals.

Agricultural Colleges.

Agricultural colleges and farmers' institutes have done much in instruction and inspiration; they have stood for the nobility of labor and the necessity of keeping the muscles and the brain in training for industry. They have developed technical departments of high practical value. They seek to provide for the people on the farms an equipment so broad and thorough as to fit them for the highest requirements of our citizenship; so that they can establish and maintain country homes of the best type, and create and sustain a country civilization more than equal to that of the city. The men they train must be able to meet the strongest business competition, at home or abroad, and they can do this only if they are trained alone in the various lines of husbandry but in successful economic management. These colleges, like the state experiment stations, should carefully study and make known the needs of each section, and should try to provide remedies for what is wrong.

Object of Farm Schools.

The education to be obtained in these colleges should create as intimate relationship as is possible between the theory of learning and the facts of actual life. Educational establishments should produce highly trained scholars, of course; but in a country like ours, where the educational establishments are so numerous, it is folly to think that their main purpose is to produce these highly trained scholars. Without in the least disparaging scholarship and learning—on the contrary, while giving hearty and ungrudging admiration and support to the comparatively few whose primary work should be creative scholarship—it must be remembered that the ordinary graduate of our colleges should be and must be, primarily a man and not a scholar. Education should not confine itself to books. It must train executive power, and try to create that right public opinion which is the most potent factor in the proper solution of all political and social questions. Book-learning is very important, but it is by no means everything; and we shall never get the right idea of education until we definitely understand that a man may be well trained in

book-learning and yet, in the proper sense of the word, and for all practical purposes, be utterly uneducated; while a man of comparatively little book-learning may, nevertheless, in essentials, have a good education.

Stoppage of Waste.

It is true that agriculture in the United States has reached a very high level of prosperity; but we can not afford to disregard the signs which teach us that there are influences operating against the establishment or retention of our country life upon a really sound basis. The over extensive and wasteful cultivation of pioneer days must stop and give place to a more economical system. Not only the physical but the ethical needs of the people of the country districts must be considered. In our country life there must be social and intellectual advantages as well as a fair standard of physical comfort. There must be in the country, as in the town, a multiplication of movements for intellectual advancement and social betterment. We must try to raise the average of farm life, and we must also try to develop it so that it shall offer exceptional chances for the exceptional man.

Employer and Employee.

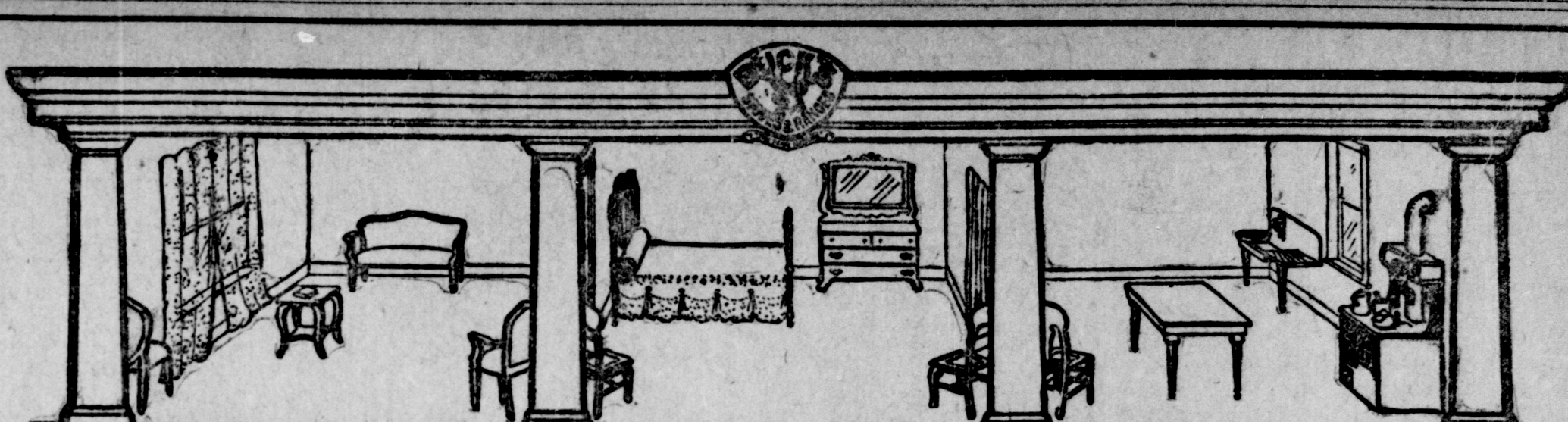
Of course the essential things after all are those which concern all of us as men and women, no matter whether we live in the town or the country, and no matter what our occupations may be. The root problems are much the same for all of us, widely though they may differ in outward manifestation. The most important conditions that tell for happiness within the home are the same for the town and the country; and the relations between employer and employee are not always satisfactory on the farm any more than in the factory. All over the country there is a constant complaint of paucity of farm labor. Without attempting to go into all the features of this question I would like to point out that you can never get the right kind, the best kind, of labor if you offer employment only for a few months, for no man worth anything will permanently accept a system which leaves him in idleness for half the year.

The Farmer's Wife.

And most important of all, I want to say a special word on behalf of the one who is too often the very hardest worked laborer on the farm—the farmer's wife. Reform, like charity, while it should not end at home, should certainly begin there; and the man, whether he lives on a farm or in a town, who is anxious to see better social and economic conditions prevail through the country at large, should be exceedingly careful that they prevail first as regards his own womankind. I emphatically believe that for the great majority of women the really indispensable industry in which they should engage is the industry of the home. There are exceptions, of course; but exactly as the first duty of the normal man is the duty of being the home keeper, and exactly as the home learning is as important for the average man as the learning which will teach him how to make his livelihood, so no other learning is as important for the average woman as the learning which will make her a good housewife and mother. But this does not mean that she should be an overworked drudge. I have hearty sympathy with the movement to better the condition of the average tiller of the soil, of the average wageworker, and I have an ever heartier sympathy and applause for the movement which is to better the condition of their respective wives. There is plenty that is hard and rough and disagreeable in the necessary work of actual life; and under the best circumstances, and no matter how tender and considerate the husband, the wife will have at least her full share of work and worry and anxiety; but if the man is worth his salt he will try to take as much as possible of the burden off the shoulders of his helpmate. There is nothing Utopian in the movement; all that is necessary is to strive toward raising the average, both of men and women, to the level on which the highest type of family now stands, among American farmers, among American skilled mechanics, among American citizens generally; for in all the world there is no better and healthier home life, no finer factory of individual character, nothing more representative of what is best and most characteristic in American life than that which exists in the higher type of American family; and this higher type of family is to be found everywhere among us, and is the property of no special group of citizens.

Good Books.

The best crop is the crop of children; the best products of the farm are the men and women raised thereon; and the most instructive and practical treatises on farming, necessary though they be, are no more necessary than the books which teach us our duty to our neighbor, and above all to the neighbor who is of our own household. You young men and women of the agricultural and industrial colleges and schools—and, for that matter, you who go to any college or school—must have some time for light reading; and there is some light reading quite as useful as heavy reading, provided of course that you do not read in a spirit of mere vacuity. Aside from the great classics, and thinking only of the many healthy and stimulating books of the day, it is easy to pick out many which can really serve as tracts, because they possess what many avowed tracts and treatises do not, the prime quality of being interesting. You will learn the root principles of self help and helpfulness toward others from "Mrs. Wiggs of the Cabbage Patch," just as much as from any formal treatise on charity; you will learn as much sound social and industrial doctrine from Octave Thane's stories of farmers and wageworkers as from avowed sociological and economic studies; and I cordially recommend the first chan-



YOUR HOME FURNISHED COMPLETE.

We have about 30 Fine RANGES on hand consisting of the celebrated makes, the BUCK'S and the STEWART'S, none better. This coming week your pick only \$5.00 Down and \$1 per week

Handsome line of DRESSERS, COUCHES, BUFFETS, SIDE-BOARDS, DINING TABLES, CHINA CLOSETS. Your pick \$5 Down, and \$1 Per Week

BABY CABS, GO-CARTS, etc., this line we want to close out bad and to do will cut the price 25 %

LACE CURTAINS and piece goods and ROPE and TAPESTRY PORTIERS. This entire lot will be sold next week at a 20% Discount

THE STORE OUT OF THE HIGH RENT DISTRICT.

Be it ever so humble or grand we take just as much pains to suit and please the small purchaser, as we do the very largest. We furnish everything from parlor to kitchen, and as we make this our study, in fact our business, we are in a better position to save you big round dollars than any other concern in this city. For example the old way if you wanted a Range, you went to a hardware store; if you wanted a carpet, to a carpet store; if you wanted furniture, to a furniture store. Now things are changed. You can purchase all at one place, and not only as cheap, but usually much cheaper. Now there is a reason why you can buy cheaper of our store. First, take it on the rent proposition. We are out of the high rent district and still we are only one and a half blocks from the center of the business portion.

Before adding furniture and stoves we did not use all our space, but now we utilize every inch of space. We did not have to increase our help force, but can keep the entire force 12 months in the year. Another thing which is of vast importance to customers and prospective buyers is this: If we did nothing but sell goods on the installment plan, we would have to ask more profits and bigger prices on every article sold. But we enjoy a very large CASH business. About 75 per cent is spot cash, consequently we have to be as low and lower then competitive cash houses, or we would not get the business we do. As we mark all goods in plain figures and never ask a customer if it is to be cash or installment, you can readily see that the credit customer gets a spot cash price.

On Saturday the month of June starts, and with it the June brides. This certainly is the month of all months, and we want to get acquainted with every June bride and bridegroom. Our standing offer for the month of June is this: Any couple who gets married in the month of June, 1907, that will call at our store during the month of June, will be given, absolutely free, a fine \$3.00 Bissell Sweeper.

2nd. Any couple married in June, 1907, that will purchase one hundred dollars or more worth of goods, will be given free the pick of any \$10.00 article in the store as a wedding present.

Remember we guarantee our prices as low, and oftentimes much lower, than elsewhere. You are spitting yourself if you stay away. Remember we are looking for you. When can we expect you?

EVERY ROCKER

in the house consisting of all wood, Leather Seats, Leather Chairs, Dinners, etc.

10 Pr. Ct. Discount

20 Fine WILTON RUGS

that formerly sold for \$37.50 to \$40.00. Your pick for \$32.50

15 FINE WILTON VELVETS that sold from \$27.50 and \$25.00, your pick for \$23.50 All our Axminster Carpets, \$1.25 value, for \$1.00 which includes sewing and lining and laying.

Special prices made on BEDS, SPRINGS and MATTRESSES.

ONCE A CUSTOMER, ALWAYS A CUSTOMER.

Nelson Carpet Company

SAVE THE DIFFERENCE.

BICYCLES

Bicycle Repairing Motorcycles

The largest and best assortment of Bicycles in the city. Prices from \$20.00 and up. All Bicycles purchased in June will be kept in repair for the season free of charge. Bicycles Sold on Easy Payments.

O. GUDENSCHWAGER, 603 Main

ter of "Aunt Jane of Kentucky" for use as a tract in all families where the men folks tend to selfish or thoughtless or overbearing disregard of the rights of their women-kind.

Devotion to Duty.

Do not misunderstand me. I have not the slightest sympathy with those hysterical and foolish creatures who wish women to attain to easy lives by shirking their duties. I have as hearty a contempt for the women who shirk her duty of bearing and rearing the children, of doing her full housewife's work, as I have for the man who is an idler, who shirks his duty of earning a living for himself and for his household, or who is selfish or brutal toward his wife and children. I believe in the happiness that comes from the performance of duty, not from the avoidance of duty. But I believe also in trying, each of us, as strength is given us, to bear one another's burdens; and this especially in our own homes. Not outside training, no co-operation, no government aid or direction can take the place of a strong and upright character; of goodness of heart combined with clearness of head, and that strength and toughness of fiber necessary to bring success from a rough work-a-day world. Nothing outside of home can take the place of home. The school is an invaluable adjunct to the home, but it is a wretched substitute for it. The family relation is the most fundamental, the most important of all relations. No leader in church or state, in science or art or industry, however great his achievement, does work which compares in importance with that of the father and the mother, who are the first of sovereigns and the most divine of priests.

RIDDLES SWEETHEART'S HOME BARRON, Wis., May 31.—Frank Caparo of Cumberland, who riddled the home of his sweetheart with bullets while seeking a man named Goldens who walked home from church with the girl Sunday, has pleaded guilty to the charge of assault with intent to kill.

The reason a woman insists on a servant having a letter of reference is because she knows it isn't true.

SPURNS A HUNDRED

JUDGE TAKES CASE FROM JURY AND PLAINTIFF WON'T TAKE HIS GIFT

CINCINNATI, May 31.—An uncommon scene was presented in Judge Lewis M. Hosea's branch of the Superior court, as the result of the judge's taking from the jury a \$50,000 damage suit. The case, brought by Joseph Frank against a brewing company for the loss of his sight, has been on hearing for the last two weeks. It was shown that Frank, who has a wife and six little children, was employed by the company a year ago to varnish casks. The alcohol fumes from the varnish blinded him. Today, however, Judge Hosea took the case from the jury on the ground that not sufficient evidence had been introduced to make a case.

Sidney Stricker, Frank's attorney, immediately filed exceptions on the grounds that the judge's action was contrary to law, contrary to evidence and an invasion of the jury's province. Just as the jury was being dismissed, Judge Hosea—who had expressed sympathy for the plaintiff—called a bailiff to his side. The jurist made out his personal check for \$100 and instructed the bailiff to hand it to Mrs. Frank, who was seated beside her blind husband, holding a baby.

As the bailiff offered the check to the woman, Mr. Stricker seized it, at the same time telling Mrs. Frank not to take the paper.

Then the lawyer marched up to the judge's desk and threw down the check.

"Mrs. Frank does not accept this," he said.

"You have nothing to do with the matter—this is a personal affair between Mrs. Frank and myself," roared the judge.

"What we want is justice—not charity," Mr. Stricker retorted.

Judge Hosea, his face livid, tore up the check. The brewing company immediately offered to compromise the case for \$4,000. Mr. Stricker refused the offer, declaring he would carry the case to a higher court.

MAYOR SEIZES BRICKS

STERLING, Ill., May 31.—Mayor John L. Jansen yesterday held a car on the Sterling, Dixon & Eastern Electric railway while he personally threw two wagon loads of brick from the car to city wagons and had them carted away to the city tool house. The company made repairs to its line here and the two wagons of brick were left. When the railway started to haul them out of town the mayor said the city needed them.

Don't borrow troubles. If you have the borrowing habit, borrow money.

FIGHT ON ROOF

ALTON, Ill., May 31.—Class rivalry resulted in ten boys getting into a desperate fight on the roof of the high school building 60 feet from the ground. During the struggle one of them, Earl Megoun, was struck on the head with a baseball bat and knocked over the low railing which surrounds the roof. Only the presence of mind of his antagonist prevented the young man from plunging to the ground. A surgeon took four stitches in the boy's scalp. The graduating class decided its colors would look well flying from the roof flagpole, and so they were unfurled. This led to the fight.

IMPERIAL

The New Size

PACOLET

High Class 10c Cigar.

Adam E. Forschler

TOBACCONIST.

323 Main Street

BRANCH, 115 S. Fifth St.

LA CROSSE, WISCONSIN

Pure Good

Michel's Beer

The Master Brew

C. & J. MICHEL BREWING CO., LA CROSSE, WIS

LODGES

(Continued From Page One.)

burg, Tenn.; Rev. Halden M. Olson, Madison, Wis.; Carl Prues, Chicago, Ill.; B. M. Benson, Madison; O. S. Rugg, Eau Claire, Wis.; H. Rasenquist, Baldwin, Wis.; A. O. Alfson, Blair, Wis.; Otto C. Otteson, Rio, Wis.; John Anderson, Eau Claire, Wis.; C. L. Haugland, Stoughton, Wis.; John Berquam, Rio, Wis.; John Erickson, Western, Wis.; M. Borge, Decorah, Ia.; Johannes Halvorson, Rockdale, Wis.; Iver Pederson, Ettrick, Wis.; O. H. Dattrud, Sparta, Wis.; Johannes Arneson, West Salem, Wis.; A. O. Rarge, Stoughton, Wis.; Harry E. Olson, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. A. Malstad, Chicago, Ill.; Jacob A. Jackson, Taylor, Wis.; Matthias A. Tangbakke, Blair, Wis.; R. J. Meland, Grantsburg, Wis.; Christian Falak, Manitowish, Mich.; J. J. Jensen, Grantsburg, Wis.; P. Taft, Strum, Wis.; John Hendricks, Ferryville, Wis.; Even M. Ragulien, Strum, Wis.; O. Swenby, Baldwin, Wis.; F. S. Reishus, Stanley, Wis.; F. A. Malier, Nelson, Wis.; Andreas H. Johnson, Mondovi, Wis.; Hans Olson, Mondovi, Wis.; R. O. Brandt, MacFarland, Wis.; Atle Swanson, Greenwood, Wis.; Nils Torgerson, Cottage Grove, Wis.; Andrus Gunderson, Wittengerg, Wis.; Oscar A. Strom, Wittengerg, Wis.; Paul Moen, Spring Valley, Wis.; Thrand Moen, Bldenville, Wis.; Ole Gullickson, Norse, Wis.; Martin Gilbertson, Pigeon Falls, Wis.; Elias Neysrud, Westby, Wis.; Ole C. Larson, Lincoln Co., Wis.; Ole Larson, Westby, Wis.; Stephen Stephens, Deerfield, Wis.; Em Christofferson, Pigeon Falls, Wis.; M. Thorson, River Falls, Wis.; Arm Strein, Spring Valley, Wis.; Ole Larson, Baldwin, Wis.; G. C. Ulen, Wausau, Wis.; G. A. Lunde, Wausau, Wis.; John L. Anderson, Big Rapids, Mich.; Martin Anderson, Amherst Junction, Wis.; Ole E. Johnson, Whitewater, Wis.; C. S. B. Hall, Iola, Wis.; Christian Hjermstad, New Lisbon, Wis.; John Oslack, Elkhorst, Wis.; Lars Johnson, Wheeler, Wis.; P. A. Widway, Prairie Farm, Wis.; C. S. Everson, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Ole Mystrom, Prairie Farm, Wis.; Lauritz Larson, Elroy, Wis.; Ole Thomas Floten, Phillips, Wis.; L. O. Oien, Merrill, Wis.; M. H. Bly, Lee, Ill.; J. R. Birkeland, Chicago, Ill.; B. E. Bergesen, Chicago, Ill.; Rev. P. A. Kittilsby, Chicago, Ill.; M. A. Unseth, Chicago, Ill.; Robert Christianson, Chicago, Ill.; Christian Hanson, Chicago, Ill.; J. O. Stub, Stoughton, Wis.; John Solberg, Bangor, Wis.; George S. Johnson, Mindora, Wis.; Martin Hanson, Pigeon Falls, Wis.; M. P. Ruh, Elroy, Wis.; Dennis Torgerson, Iola, Wis.; Martin Nelson, Soldiers Grove, Elias Thompson, Viroqua, Wis.; H. C. Hanson, Cleveland, O.; Rev. L. P. Hanson, Chicago, Ill.; H. Berthelson, Indianapolis, Ind.; O. K. Ramberg, Whitehall, Wis.; G. A. Gullickson, Chicago, Ill.; Ole Hanvald, Whitehall, Wis.; Olaus Anderson, Ettrick, Wis.; Merick Johnson, Paynette, Wis.; C. B. Bestul, Ettrick, Wis.; C. N. Peterson, Elington, S. D.; Ole Arneson, Arcadia, Wis.; Soren Sorenson, Gilman, Wis.; C. M. Scarseth, Galesville, Wis.; H. M. Gunderson, Hoboken, N. J.; E. Berum, Holmen, Wis.; A. J. Anderson, Marshfield, Wis.; A. Mickelson, Sioux Falls, Wis.; Elkjords, Cashton, Wis.; Sven Bye, N. Menomonie, Wis.; Casper Bagley, Cambridge, Wis.; John Elde, Stoughton, Wis.; Andrew Hetland, Rockdale, Wis.; A. Torgerson, Menomonie, Wis.; G. A. Sundby, Amora, Wis.; Oscar Jensen, Edgerton, Wis.; Jens Jensen, New Lisbon, Wis.;



30 Years in the Piano Business.

You cannot go wrong in selecting a Piano from the old reliable

I. G. LOOMIS

I have just added the celebrated HENRY F. MILLER and the ANDERSON PIANO which now makes the strongest line of first class Pianos in the city.

LOOK AT THE LIST:

Geo. Steck & Co., Schaaf Bros., Henry F. Miller, Anderson, Schiller, Clarendon and Winter & Co.

Large Line of ORGANS

Mandolins, Guitars, Violins, Banjos, Talking Machines, Regina Music Boxes. Endless assortment of Pictures for Wedding and Birthday Gifts. Musical Merchandise and Strings. SHIPMENTS OF THE LATEST VICTOR RECORDS RECEIVED DAILY. Pictures and Picture Frames.

I. G. LOOMIS

507 Main St. La Crosse, Wis.

WEDDING RINGS

Our Wedding Rings are made from the purest and finest gold. We have them in 22K, 18K and 14K. All weights and sizes. Engraving free.

IRVINE'S

Diamonds, Fine Watches, Rich Jewelry, Sterling Silver, Cut Glass.

Christian Hjermstad, Rockland, Wis.; Christian Mathison, Beloit, Wis.; A. O. Anderson, Davis, Ill.; C. Thoreson, Chicago, Ill.; Ole Javanger, Victory, Wis.; A. C. Ingebreton, Beloit, Wis.; Mans Larson, Rice Lake, Wis.; Christian O. Overby, Rice Lake, Wis.; A. Bredeson, Deerfield, Wis.; C. K. Prens, Decorah, Ia.; H. M. Normann, Superior, Wis.; J. O. Tweten, Grantsburg, Wis.; Edward Thompson, Superior, Wis.; L. O. Berg, Colfax, Wis.; Lars Tumebo, Deerfield, Wis.; G. Sale, Kilbourne City, Wis.; Gullik Myrland, Marshfield, Wis.; and A. O. Syverson, Arcadia, Wis.

Superb Service, Splendid Scenery enroute to Niagara Falls, Muskoka and Kawartha Lakes, Georgian Bay and Temagami Region, St. Lawrence River and Rapids, Thousand Islands, Algonquin National Park, White Mountains and Atlantic Seaside resorts, via Grand Trunk Railway System. Double track Chicago to Montreal and Niagara Falls, N. Y. Special low round-trip fares are in effect to many of these resorts during Summer season.

For copies of tourist publications, fares, and descriptive pamphlets apply to Geo. W. Vaux, A. G. P. & T. A., 135 Adams St., Chicago.

Card of Thanks

We, the undersigned, do sincerely thank all kind friends at the time of our great bereavement, the drowning of our son and brother, and for their kind assistance at the funeral. Especially Mr. and Mrs. J. Spears, Rev. Irish, Miss Cassie Mahlum, who kindly sang and the Spanish war veterans with Prof. Dana.

MOSES H. VAN CAMP.
MR. AND MRS. E. SCOVILLE.
MR. AND MRS. A. J. JOHNSON,
MRS. C. M. MARRIOTTE.

Money to Loan

ON FARMS AND CITY
PROPERTIES

Funds Always on Hand.

Mortgages Bought and Sold

W. J. HICKSCH.

310 PEARL ST.



DR. J. W. LAWRENCE, DENTIST.

4th and Jay Sts. La Crosse, Wis.

A MACHINE FOR WOMEN

should be the best obtainable. The Singer and Wheeler & Wilson sewing machines are acknowledged the lightest running, most durable and convenient of any. Look for the big Red S. Singer Sewing Machine Co., 108 North Third street, La Crosse, Wis.

The affair will most likely be held in Germania hall although this has not been definitely decided upon.

LA CROSSE VALLEY

(Continued from Page One.)

State Convention—Rev. D. W. Hulbert, Wauwatosa.
Associational Missions—Mr. E. G. Boynton, La Crosse.
Discussion—Led by Rev. W. B. Stubler, Lodi.

SUNDAY SCHOOL SESSION
10:00—Address—"Evangelism in Church and Sunday School"—Rev. J. W. Hoag, La Crosse.

10:30—Address—"The Important Hour"—Rev. T. L. Ketman, D. D., Chicago.
11:30—Report of committee on place and preacher.

Music.
Benediction.
THURSDAY AFTERNOON
7:30—Devotional Services—Rev. N. L. Sweet, Whitehall.
Music—Choir.

7:45—Our Publication Societies—Rev. T. L. Ketman, D. D., Chicago.
Solo—Mrs. F. R. Barber, Warrens.
8:10—Address—"The Public Worship of God"—Rev. R. M. West, St. Paul.

Music.
Benediction.

SOCIETY

CELEBRATE THEIR 50TH ANNIVERSARY

MR. AND MRS. JOHN COADY HOLD RECEPTION

OLD FRIENDS SEND GREETING

Veteran City Detective and Wife Married by First Priest at St. Mary's in 1857

Fifty years ago Miss Bridget Daley, formerly of Worcester, Mass., and Mr. John Coady of Burlington, Vt., were married in St. Mary's Catholic church by the Rev. Father Tappert, who had the distinction of being the first priest stationed here.

Today Mr. and Mrs. Coady and

their daughters, the Misses Elizabeth and Julia Coady, and a large number of friends and relatives celebrated the event by an afternoon and evening reception. The invitation was general and many old, as well as recent, friends were callers at the home on Division street where they were cordially welcomed by the bride and groom of fifty years ago.

Many handsome testimonials of regard were received from their friends in the city and from away. One gift which was especially appreciated on account of the sentiment which it expressed was five ten dollar gold pieces sent by Mr. A. W. Pettibone. Mr. Pettibone was mayor when Mr. Coady was the first village marshal in 1862. Among the guests present from out of the city were Mrs. Stanley Smyth and children of Hancock, Mich.; Mrs. J. E. Terwilliger and son of Milwaukee, and Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Alworth of Mankato, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Coady have resided continuously here since their marriage and have a large circle of friends who extend congratulations. Mr. Coady has been in the police continuously and is still a plain clothes man.

SCHOCEI-KERR CONCERT AN ARTISTIC SUCCESS

A fair sized and very appreciative audience greeted the artists at the Schocei-Kerr concert Wednesday evening at Germania hall. Although the audience was not large it was composed of representative and musical people whose warm appreciation showed itself in each succeeding number. The Ramosky quartette composed of Mr. Schocei, Agnes Vincent, Marjorie Savage and Ralph Toland did excellent work in all their selections, playing with remarkable precision and sympathy.

They played six selections from such masters as Mozart, Beethoven and Handel and for their closing number, Liszt's "Rhapsodie Hongroise No. 2." Miss Vincent and Miss Savage each played a duet with Mr. Schocei, which were well received. It was a source of regret to many people that Mr. Schocei chose to play only one number alone—Liszt's concerto in E flat. Although

the work of the quartette was interesting the desire of many was to hear Mr. Schocei, and in the quartette and duet work a fair judgment of any individual playing could not be passed. However, in the number he did render he did not disappoint.

Mr. Schocei is a pianist of talent and possesses remarkable mastery of technique. He also plays with much grace and ease. He responded to an encore. Mr. U. S. Kerr was received with applause and was a great favorite with the audience.

His voice has that rare quality and smoothness in all registers and his high tones are especially good. His Massenet number, "Elegie," was exquisite. For his first encore, Mr. Kerr responded with a delightful little number of his own composition, "Singing to You." He played his own accompaniment. The second group was composed of three songs in Italian, German and English, the Handel number being very inspiring. For an encore to this group came "The Rosary," given with much feeling. The last number, "Toreador Song" from Carmen, was sung magnificently and showed Mr. Kerr's wonderful range to the best advantage. He received several recalls and repeated the last verse to the delight of the audience.

Mr. Kerr has magnetism and sings with authority. Mr. Weiss showed much sympathy in his excellent accompaniments.

ENTERTAINS AT CARDS

Mrs. Fred Phillips entertained at cards, followed by a 6 o'clock dinner in honor of Miss Maud Pettingill. The prizes were taken by Mrs. A. L. McIntosh and Mrs. H. J. Hirschheimer. The guests were Mesdames Joyce Hogan, Grace Hogan, John Bayer, D. G. McMillan, A. L. McIntosh, S. H. Burroughs, Julius Westby, W. E. Wolfe, E. J. Evans and H. J. Hirschheimer.

Wonderful Eczema Cure

"Our little boy had eczema for five years," writes N. A. Adams, Henrietta, Pa. "Two of our home doctors said the case was hopeless, his lungs being affected. We then employed other doctors but no benefit resulted. By chance we read about Electric Bitters; bought a bottle and soon noticed improvement. We continued this medicine until several bottles were used, when our boy was completely cured." Best of all blood medicines and body building health tonics. Guaranteed at O. T. Erhart's drug store, 50c.

\$5.95 to Oshkosh and Return

via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. From La Crosse, June 1, 2, 3 and 4, return limit June 7. Account Grand Army of Republic encampment. Ask ticket agent for details.

F. R. HARTWELL, Ticket Agent.

Everything Electrical

Electric Fans
Electric Flat Irons
Automobile and Launch Batteries.

ELECTRIC
SUPPLY & CONSTRUCTION
COMPANY

Both Phones 227 Main St.

DIAMOND ENGAGEMENT RINGS

We are showing an elegant assortment of single stone Diamond Engagement Rings mounted in 14K and 18K Tiffany mountings, platinum lined. Our diamonds are the purest white crystals, free from all flaws and spots, absolutely perfect gems.

Dainty single stone rings from \$18 to \$30.
Larger ones \$45 to \$80. Others \$125 to \$400.

IRVINE'S
Importer of Fine Geneva Watches, Gorham, Reed and Barton, R. Wallace and other standard brands of Sterling Silver.

We Bought in Time You Get the Profit

The following table shows metal prices March 20th for the years 1904 and 1907. All Silver Plated ware is made from alloys of these base metals:

	March 20, 1904.	March 20, 1907.
Silver	56 3-8	66 1/2
Strait Tin	28.80	40.75
Antimony	8.00	25.00
Lake Copper	12.70	26.12 1/2
Spelter	4.82 1/2	6.77 1/2

While the above commercial report shows the immense advance in silver plate, we wish to announce that our retail prices have not and will not advance until our present immense stock is exhausted, our order for the entire quantity having been placed more than three years ago, before the raise came.

THE
Doerflinger
PAINT STORE

GUS. B. ROSE,
Manager.

"LOTUS"
Per Set of Six
\$1.48

"LOUIS XV"
Per Set of Six
\$1.69

TRIBUNE WANTS

LOST

LOST—String of red beads. Reward if returned to 1503 Ferry.

Teddy Bear Says:

Mrs. N. Gordon, 1503 Ferry St., phoned: "I find Tribune Want Ads. DO pay, my beads were returned to me Sunday."

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Boys and girls La Crosse Can company.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. \$12 to \$20 weekly paid graduates, few weeks completes, best trade in existence for poor men, also equip shops on time. Write for catalogue, Moier Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Boy to learn barber's trade. Apply 915 South Fifth street.

WANTED—Reliable men to take orders for nursery stock. Fast selling specialties; liberal terms; steady employment; pay weekly. Rice Bros., Geneva, N. Y.

WANTED—Two experienced newspaper solicitors. Call for W. S. Coates, Tribune office, between 4 and 6 p. m.

PLAIN and children's sewing done at 1227 Winnebago street.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Girl for general housework. 515 South Fifth street.

WANTED—Experienced second girl, at 1004 Cass street.

WANTED—Kitchen and dining room girls. Bronson hotel.

WANTED—Girl for house work, no washing. Mrs. E. G. Boynton, 324 West avenue, south.

WANTED—Sewing girls at McAllen & Co. dressmaking establishment. Room 402 McMillan building.

BOARD WANTED

WANTED—A highly respectable man and wife are looking for room and board in private family. Kindly state particulars, price, etc. Address X Y Z, Tribune.

WANTED—Five or six rooms for housekeeping within six blocks of Barrons store. Must have lights. Address L. B. Tribune.

WANTED—Girls to run sewing machines. Steady employment. Apply at once. La Crosse Clothing Co., Second and State.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Gas range, 929 South Sixth. Old phone 3082.

FOR SALE—Bicycle in first class order. Inquire 420 North Fourth street.

FOR SALE—Buy your summer's wood of Granke, both phones.

FOR SALE—Cement well curbing and building blocks. Rehfuß, Eighteenth and Madison, Old phone 2201.

SPECIAL RULING of every kind is solicited by THE INLAND PRINTING Co. Ledgers, journals, cash books, or any special form for loose leaf books. Phones 190.

FOR SALE—An almost new upright piano at a great sacrifice. 528 Division street.

FOR SALE—Complete furniture of six room flat. Apartments for rent. Address O. M., Tribune.

FOR SALE—Good range and sideboard. Address S. B., care Tribune.

FOR SALE—Confectionery in La Crosse; clean, good stand; doing nice cash business; price \$2,000, property included. Address William Ewig, Germania building, Milwaukee, Wis.

ELECTRICAL

H. G. ROGERS
ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR.

...FOR RENT...

New houses are all equipped for electric service. Don't buy or rent a house unless it is wired; if you do, you miss half the comforts and conveniences of twentieth century life.

WISCONSIN
Light and Power
COMPANY

WISCONSIN NEWS

TO FOOL HER HUBBY
That Was Object of Girl Who Stole Babe

Annie Jarmuzek, the kidnapper of the little Glaque baby, is now said never to have been a mother and to have wanted the baby to deceive her husband. Celia Polczinska of Duluth, a friend of the nurse, told the police that Annie never had been a mother.

Jarmuzek is said to have married Annie under compulsion in the court house at Superior. Later trouble arose between them and he left her. Now the girl's friend says that she never had a baby, and the police believe she lied to Jarmuzek to compel him to marry her.

MANITOWOC, Wis., May 31.—The Manitowoc Dry Dock company of this city has been awarded the contract for two fire tugs for the city of Chicago to cost \$250,000.

BURGLAR STEALS KISS
Leans Over Matron to Smack Sleeping Girl

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 31.—A burglar entered the sleeping apartments of Miss Nellie Hampson, in Mrs. Regan's boarding house, and stole a kiss. He estaped with the booty. Mrs. Regan and Miss Hampson were sleeping together. The thief leaped over Mrs. Regan, but it was Miss Hampson he kissed. There was a burglar scare at the boarding house a week ago, and Mrs. Regan had a large dinner bell within reach. Its clanging brought all the other boarders to the rescue. They tumbled over each other in the darkness, and the kiss thief was heard to laugh as he disappeared.

The commencement exercises will be held in the auditorium at the new high school building.

DAILY MARKETS

TRUCK GARDNERS START WITH GREENS

BASKET PEDDLERS BEGIN THE BACK DOOR SEASON

VEGETABLES ARE COMING UP

Rye Advances 5 Cents Today, While Tendency on All Vegetables Is Downward

Rye advanced 5 cents to 60¢ 65 cents today. Asparagus dropped from 10 cents a bunch to 8 cents. Home grown vegetables are expected on the market within a week. The rain last night helped considerably and good weather for a few days will cause the prices to drop. Local truck gardeners are peddling radishes, onions, and lettuce, etc., to the houses.

LOCAL RETAIL MARKETS.

(Quoted by A. B. Moil.)

Eggs, strictly fresh.....17c
Butter, dairy, pound.....25¢ 27
Creamery, pound.....28c
Celery, stalk.....10c
Parsley, bunch.....5c
New cabbage, each.....5, 8 to 10c
Potatoes, bushel.....50¢ 60c
Carrots, bunch.....5c
Beets, bunch.....5c
Rhubarb, 2 pounds.....5c
Wax beans, pound.....20c
Tomatoes, pound.....15c
Cucumbers, each.....5¢ 15c
Watercress, 2 bunches.....5c
Radishes, bunch.....5c
Spinach, peck.....30c
Green onions, 2 bunches.....5c
Asparagus, bunch.....8c
Lettuce, bunch.....5c
Egg plant, each.....20c
Cauliflower, each.....25c

Fruits.

Apples, eating, peck.....75c
Oranges, dozen.....30 to 50c
Lemons, dozen.....25c
Bananas, dozen.....20¢ 25c
Strawberries, quart.....12½¢ 15c
Pineapples, each.....20c
Cherries, pound.....40c

Fish.

(Quoted by H. M. Siegler.)
Pickering.....8c
Pike, pound.....15c
White.....15c
Trout, pound.....15c
Salmon.....15c
Herring.....4 to 5c
Halibut.....15c
Perch.....6c

WHEAT OPENED WEAK, BUT ROSE

ADVANCED ABOUT ONE CENT DURING FEATURELESS DAY

CROP REPORT IS OPTIMISTIC

Rains in Southwest Have Saved the Day and Green Bugs Disappear

CHICAGO, Ill., May 31.—There has been considerable selling which caused a weaker opening at 3¢ cent under Wednesday's closing prices. The trade, however, absorbs the offerings and has been rather tight, advancing sharply 2 cents on good buying. There was also good outside buying which helped, taking the surplus off the market. Liverpool cables showed considerable strength this morning and were still higher at the closing. Northwest receipts were again heavy but not up to expectations.

Minneapolis Quotations

PORK
July.....16.47 16.60 16.47 16.50
Sept.....16.65 16.75 16.60 16.65
LARD
July.....9.30 9.32 9.27 9.27
Sept.....9.42 9.50 9.42 9.45
WHEAT
Open. High. Low. Close.
July.....93 100¼ 97¼ 99¼
Sept.....99¾ 100¼ 99 100½

CORN

July.....53½ 54½ 53½ 53½
Sept.....53½ 54½ 53½ 53½
OATS
July.....49½ 50½ 49 49½
Sept.....49½ 50½ 49 49½

Chicago Livestock

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; left over, 2,537; prospects 5 cents higher. Light, 6.15¢ 6.37½; mixed, \$6.10 6.37½; heavy, \$5.90 6.30; rough, \$5.90 6.05.
Cattle—Receipts, 20,000; strong. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; strong. On Track—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 103½; No. 1 northern, 102½; to arrive, 102½; No. 2 northern, 100½; to arrive, 103½; No. 3 northern, 97 98.
Corn—No. 3 yellow, 51½; Oats—No. 3 white, 44½; Barley—59¢ 70.
Rye—79½¢ 81½.
Flax—127.

MINNESOTA AND THE NORTHWEST

TWO KIDNAPPING CASES IN A DAY

BEMIDJI BOY DISAPPEARS AND CAN'T BE FOUND

FARGO BOY ALSO IS LOST

Parents Separated and Child Was Taken From State Home Secretly

BEMIDJI, Minn., May 30.—Efforts to locate Johnnie Shepherd, the missing son of John Shepherd of Solway, were redoubled yesterday, but despite every conceivable manner in which the search was conducted no trace of the lost child could be found.

The father of the child says it is his belief that the boy has not wandered away nor has he been killed, but that he has been stolen by persons who hold a grudge against the father.

The mystery still baffles solution. The people of Solway are tired out. They have waded waist-deep in the swamps for days and now are compelled to look after their private affairs, so that no concerted effort will be made again until next Sunday, when a large party from all the towns in the county along the line of the Great Northern railroad will join in a general and thorough search.

Taken From Home.

FARGO, N. D., May 31.—North Dakota officials are after Hans Yeager, said to be a representative of an orphan asylum at Owatonna, Minn. Some years ago G. R. Stowell and wife separated in St. Paul and were divorced. The children were placed in the orphan's asylum in Owatonna by the mother. Later the father brought them to Tower City, in this county. Two weeks ago it is claimed that Yeager went to Tower City and with the assistance of Ed Hill a hackman, kidnapped Stowell's 9-year-old son and took him back to Owatonna. Hill has been arrested and efforts will be made to have Yeager arrested.

ANOTHER NEW Y. M. C. A.

MANITOWOC, Wis., May 31.—A movement will be started soon for the erection of a building for the Young Men's Christian association.

COULDN'T TELL THEIR OWN BABES

JOKERS CHANGE CLOTHING OF INFANTS AT DES MOINES

DON'T KNOW WHO IS WHO

Now Distracted Mothers Can't Find Means of Identification to Settle Matter

DES MOINES, Ia., May 31.—"I guess them babies is scrambled all right," Dustin Farnum in "The Virginian."

Two swaddling clothed babies, each under the age of three months, believed to have been exchanged at a dance at the home of Gust Gausthagen, near Marquessville, are in contention of dispute as to their rightful ownership, and the courts may have to be appealed to to settle the question. When the dance was at its merriest two youthful Germans who probably had never heard of the little trick of the Virginian in the book by Owen Wister, undressed the children, who slumbered quietly in an upstairs bedroom, and changed their clothing. All was considered a joke until the two newest babies were viewed. Both were boys, and both were the same age. The jokers swear they did not undress the babies, as swaddling clothes and safety pins were too much for their clumsy fingers. The parents say that they did. In their excitement it cannot be remembered whether it was Chris Loeffenberger, who had the more hair or Hans Welden. That is all the discriminating difference. The mothers are distracted.

TO FIGHT TRUST

RACINE, Wis., May 31.—Attorney Thomas M. Kearney of this city will leave for New York, having been retained in one of the most important law suits in the history of the country. It is the case of the Electric Vehicle company of New York and George B. Selden against forty-two of the independent automobile manufacturers of the United States, including the Mitchell Motor Car company of this city. Defendants claim to own patents covering the automobiles manufactured by the independent companies.

Report of the Financial Condition of the

BATAVIAN NATIONAL BANK

Located at La Crosse, State of Wisconsin, at the Close of Business on the 20th day of May, 1907.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$2,528,651.82
Overdrafts	1,505.13
U. S. bonds	400,000.00
Other bonds	69,221.46
Bank, house and fix.	75,000.00
5 pct. redemption f'd	20,000.00
Cash and due from banks	723,294.37
	3,817,772.78
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock	400,000.00
Surplus	100,000.00
Undivided profits	38,407.38
National Bank notes outstanding	370,000.00
Deposits	2,909,165.40
Certified checks	200.00
	3,817,772.78

Condensed Statement of the Condition of

THE STATE BANK

OF LA CROSSE,

LA CROSSE, WIS.

At the Close of Business, May 20, 1907.

Resources	
Loans and discounts	\$606,420.72
Overdrafts	1,047.72
U. S. and other Bonds and Securities	75,000.00
Banking house and fixtures	10,000.00
Due from banks and in vault	286,514.34
Total	\$1,081,782.63
Liabilities	
Capital stock	\$50,000.00
Surplus	50,000.00
Undivided profits	3,378.04
Deposits	976,404.59
Total	\$1,081,782.63

The NATIONAL BANK OF LA CROSSE

May 20th, 1907.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$3,105,872.06
Overdrafts	1,282.72
U. S. bonds to secure circulation	250,000.00
Other bonds	206,250.00
Banking house	50,000.00
Other real estate	100.00
CASH RESOURCES	
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	\$5,000.00
With banks \$52,528.03	
With Treasurer U. S.	12,500.00
In vaults	260,689.55
Total	\$4,529,202.36
LIABILITIES	
Capital	250,000.00
Surplus	250,000.00
Undivided profits	43,765.52
Circulation	248,300.00
Reserved for taxes and unearned interest	6,000.00
DEPOSITS	3,731,126.84
Total	\$4,529,202.36

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.

Exchange State Bank

NORTH LA CROSSE.

Capital	\$25,000.00
Surplus	3,000.00
A general banking business transacted.	
OFFICERS—J. E. Wheeler, pres.; Orlando Holway, vice-pres.; Jos. P. Gohres, cashier; Robt. B. Lowry, ass't cashier. Directors—J. E. Wheeler, Orlando Holway, W. B. Tscharnier, Wm. F. Gohres, S. J. Waite	



Is always well to heed. Profit by the example of others. Favor us with your orders for NEBUER GINGER ALE and you will not feel apprehensive about future developments. Our beverages are bottled under the most sanitary conditions. We await your orders for our SPARKLING NEBUER GINGER ALE. North Side Bottling Works 901-903 ROSE ST.

HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets

A Busy Medicine for Busy People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney troubles, Flatulency, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Stomach Bowls, Headaches and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis. GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLOW PEOPLE

A Narrow Escape G. W. Cloyd, a merchant, of Plunk, Mo., had a narrow escape four years ago, when he ran a Jimson bur into his thumb. He says: "The doctor wanted to amputate it but I would not consent. I bought a box of Bucklen's Arsenic Salve and that cured the dangerous wound." 25c at O. T. Erhart, druggist.

BARTL'S PREMIUM BREW

BARTL'S HIGH GRADE

TWO RICH AND SUBSTANTIAL BEERS.

THERE'S VICOR IN EVERY BOTTLE.

DOERFLINGER'S

MEMBER OF THE FREE FARE ASSOCIATION OF LA CROSSE

SATURDAY'S GREAT PRICE OFFERINGS

DOERFLINGER'S

GREAT REDUCTION SALE
OF LADIES' TAILORED
SUITS SATURDAY

Tomorrow the last day of the great reduction sale of ladies' tailored suits. 150 of the season's newest styles in the best makes to select from. Every suit offered is a good value at the former low price. Owing to the backward season we are overstocked and it becomes necessary to make the radical reductions to make room for the new summer goods. Come tomorrow and make a selection.

\$37.50 Suits Reduced to	\$25.00
\$35.00 Suits Reduced to	\$23.50
\$30.00 Suits Reduced to	\$22.50
\$25.00 Suits Reduced to	\$19.50
\$22.50 Suits Reduced to	\$17.50
\$20.00 Suits Reduced to	\$15.00
\$18.75 Suits Reduced to	\$13.50
\$15.00 Suits Reduced to	\$12.00
\$12.50 Suits Reduced to	\$10.00
\$10.00 Suits Reduced to	\$7.50

Ready to wear Section—
Second Floor

White and Colored Canvas
OXFORDS

Ladies' blue, pink and grey canvas oxfords, ribbon tie, covered Cuban heel, hand turn sole plain toe, choice of all colors, special priced \$2

Ladies' white canvas oxfords, hand turn, belting leather sole, covered Cuban heel, blucher tie, plain toe, good style, specially priced at \$1.50

Ladies' hand turn white canvas oxfords, plain and cap toe, large eyes, leather Cuban heel, specially priced at the pair only \$1.39

Ladies' half heel white canvas oxfords, McKay sewed tip, values well worth \$1.50, special at \$1.19

Ladies' hand turn white canvas oxfords, ribbon ties, leather military heel, very special values at the pair only 98c

"Queen Quality" White Shoe Polish—Large bottles at 25c

TRIMMED HATS—HALF PRICE

A fortunate purchase brings us a great lot of the season's newest styles in ready trimmed hats. Secured them at a great reduction, (about half). Every hat in the lot is a beauty, handsomely trimmed, and of the top notch style. The choosing is broad, and the values the best we have yet been able to offer. Saturday we offer your choice of the lot. Values formerly sold at \$5 to \$8 at just about

HALF PRICE



UNDERWEAR & HOSIERY SPECIALS

Ladies' bleached ribbed vests, crocheted trimmed and ribbon at neck and armholes, values regularly sold at 10c, Saturday only special at each only 7c

Ladies' fast black and full seamless cotton hose, big values at 10 cents, specially priced Saturday at per pair only 7c

CHOCOLATE DATES

Finest quality of select dates dipped in egg shell chocolate which has a delicious flavor. Regularly worth 20c. Saturday specially priced at the pound at 10c

LICORICE GEMS

A high grade and strictly pure and wholesome confection regularly worth 15c the pound. Saturday specially priced at the pound only 7c

UMBRELLAS

A special lot of ladies' swell umbrellas in serge, affetta and new mercerized silk, steel frame, no holly pearl, congo, dresden and boxwood handles, well worth \$1.25. Choice of the lot at only 98c

Rare Bargains in
the Basement

5 pkgs tooth picks for 2c
Nickel plated tea spoons 1c

Surprise egg whips, each 1c
12 in. flesh forks, each 1c
5c flue stops for pipes 3c
10c bottle of gold paint 5c
1/2 pt. tin drinking cups 1c
Nutmeg graters, each 1c
20 ft. braided fish lines 1c
10 Kirby fish hooks for 1c
Complete fish lines, each 1c
5c box of stove polish 3c
12 wood clothes pins for 1c
12 sheets of shelf paper 1c
Cookey cutters, each 1c
Wire screen cloth, sq. ft. 1 1/4c
D handle garden spades 43c
Hoes worth 20c, each at 15c
Galv. 4 qt. sprinkling cans 25c
4 foot step ladders, at 29c
Garden rakes 20c, value at 15c

\$15.00 AND \$12.50 SUITS
SATURDAY ONLY

\$10.95

SUITS WELL WORTH TO \$20.

Any man needing a spring or summer suit cannot in fairness to himself overlook this offering. Tomorrow we place on special sale a great lot of new, stylish spring and summer suits, regularly priced at \$15.00 and \$12.50, at \$10.95. Either single or double breasted coats with hand-padded shoulder, hand-felled collars and fronts that will retain their shape. Newest colors and patterns to choose from. There are plenty of those nobby grays in plaids, checks, stripes and mixtures; also plain blues and plain blacks. There are three-piece business and two-piece outing suits in the collection. Any necessary alterations will be made free. Though there's a great number to choose from, it will be to your advantage to make your selections early, before the size range is broken.



SPECIAL VALUES IN CHILD'S STRAW HATS

A splendid assortment of Children's Straw Hats, made of good straw, rolling brim, edged with colored straw, assorted colored satin ribbon bands, with long streamers, a big selection to choose from, excellent values, in the Clothing Department, specially priced each at only 25c

Boy's and Children's wool hats in brown and black, telescope or peg top styles, some have fancy embossed crown and fancy white cord trimming, very stylish hats, specially priced each at only 25c
CLOTHING DEPARTMENT SECOND FLOOR

BARGAINS IN ECONOMY BASEMENT

A good quality Cambric Lining in assorted colors, regular 6c quality, Saturday at the yard 2c
MUSLIN—A good quality unbleached Muslin, full yard wide, specially priced at the yard for 4c
LAWNS—A choice assortment of fine Lawns all good patterns. A quality regularly sold at 10c the yard. Saturday only at 6c

CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS

worth to 35c. Saturday only the A big assortment of children's straw hats in a variety of kinds lot on sale in the Economy Basement, choice each at only 15c

LADIES' HOSIERY

Ladies' fast black full seamless cotton hose. Specially priced at 2 pair for 25c.

SATURDAY GROCERY SPECIALS
GRANULATED SUGAR 10 POUNDS FOR 49c

5c for 2 packages of Yeast Foam regularly selling at 5c the package.	10c for 3 pound of small lump starch, very special.	11c the can for Cur-tice Bros. extra standard tomatoes.
4c the bottle for Park Brand Root Beer, regularly selling at 10c the bottle.	25c for 7 pounds of strictly fresh rolled oats.	11c the can for smoked Sardines packed in oil, 15c value.
5c the pound for whole Japan rice very special.	5c the can for Regal brand sweet corn.	23c the gallon can for solid pack apples.
6c the pound for Ginger Snaps, special for Saturday.	7c the can for Regal brand peas, very special.	30c the gallon can for extra fancy Tomatoes, special.
10c for 4 boxes of Red Seal Parlor Matches, full 500 count.	11c the can for Van Camp's early early June sifted peas.	25c the pound for extra creamery butter.
	11c the can for Bavaria brand corn, specially priced.	7c the pound for fresh dates, very special for Saturday.

Patent Medicines
and Toilet Articles

Stuarts Dyspepsia Tablets 39c
Lydia Pinkam Compound 75c
Cattaura Soap, per cake 10c
Carters Little Liver Pills 25c box 15c
Rocky Mountain Tea, 35c
Dean's Kidney Pills at only 39c
Morb Balls at the pound 33c
Rubber Sponges, special at 35c
Rubber Complexion Brushes 10c
Rubber Gloves, worth 50c, at 39c
Emory Boards, per doz 10c
Orange Sticks, each at 1c
4-inch Nail Polishers 25c
Diamond Nail Enamel 23c
Good size Chamols Skins at 5c
Good Tooth Brushes at 5c
Prophylactic Tooth Brushes 25c
Oriental Cream, \$1.50 bottle 81.25
Pompadour Massage Cream 35c
Woodbury's Facial Cream, 25c size 19c

NORTH SIDE NEWS

SCORE OF WOMEN
AT LIQUOR TRIAL

NORTH SIDE W. C. T. U. TURNS
OUT IN FORCE.

WILL ATTEND ALL THE TRIALS

Women Say They Want Their Influence Felt; Reformers Plan for Further Arrests

A new phase of the saloon prosecution, developed today in county court, when the case was called against August Rennebohm, charged with violating the clause in the liquor laws, referring to the sale of liquor to minors.

Just as the court called the case, about twenty-five women from the north side representing the North Side Women's Christian Temperance union marched into the court room, with set faces and measured tread. They took seats in a group, and watched the case with interest.

It is the purpose of the women to attend all of the liquor cases in a body if possible, for the purpose as one of them expressed it of "having their influence felt."

The women met at the postoffice shortly after nine o'clock, and then marched from there to the court room, when the trial was called.

Rennebohm's case was postponed until Wednesday morning. Meanwhile the reform workers will get out warrants for the arrest of several violators of the law, including several down town places.

FUNERAL ON SUNDAY

Mrs. Julia Frohock Will Be Laid to Rest Then

The funeral of Mrs. Julia Frohock, who died a few days ago will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 from the North Side Episcopal church.

Rev. Moller will officiate at the services with William Dwyer in charge. Interment is to be made at Oak Grove cemetery.

Fern Regge, a brother of Mrs. Frohock, is in the city and will remain here until after the ceremony.

A fellow isn't a person of high estate just because he has castles in the air.

BARBERS WILL
LAUNCH PRICE

PART THINK OTHERS WILL FOLLOW THEIR LEAD

OPINION IS EVIDENTLY MIXED

Tonsorial Artists in the Southern Section of the North Side to Inaugurate System.

Tomorrow the union prices for shaving, etc., will be officially launched on the north side.

While some of the barbers on the north side still maintain that they have heard nothing of the raise and do not intend to advance the price, the sentiment of the barbers in the southern portion of the north side is for the raise.

It is the belief of the latter that if they start the movement of charging the fifteen cent scale for shaves the rest will follow.

TREMPEALEAU WINS

Team from That Place Takes Second's Scalp

The second Onalaska baseball team yesterday met defeat at the hands of the Trempealeau team at Trempealeau.

Although the work done by the Onalaska bunch was of the highest order the Trempealeau fellows were too strong at the bat.

The score by innings is as follows: Trempealeau 10 0 0 0 1 0 0 3 0—4 Onalaska 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0—2 After the game the Onalaska team attended the annual graduation exercises that were held in Trempealeau yesterday.

NORTH SIDE BRIEFS

President Erling and several other high officials of the C. M. & St. P. passed through the city yesterday enroute to Milwaukee.

Mrs. J. F. Lawason of Minneapolis is visiting her husband in this city.

Miss Lena Lechlerdner of Milwaukee is in the city for a few days. She is staying with Mr. and Mrs. Desmond on Summer street, and expects to return to her home Sunday night.

JUNE WEDDINGS NOW

INDICATIONS THAT ANNUAL CROP WILL BE LARGE THIS SEASON

With the coming of the month of June County Clerk Charles H. Rawlison is beginning to be besieged by applicants for wedding licenses. Six licenses were issued up to eleven o'clock this morning.

They are as follows: Edward Schams and Miss Emma E. Strupp, town of Shelby; Ole Espiness and Miss Julie Pederson, La Crosse; E. J. Smith, Chicago, and Miss Margaret M. Ketchum, Fremont, Mich.; Joseph Whitebeck, Milwaukee, and Miss Adelheit Sommers, La Crosse; Ray Stewart and Miss Lulu Wolford, La Crosse; Louis S. Frisch, Chisholm, and Miss Sadie Vain, La Crosse.

Y. M. C. A. IS VICTOR

Young Men's Baseball Team Wins Ontario Game

The La Crosse Y. M. C. A. baseball team won its initial game played yesterday at Ontario, Wis., with the Ontario team. The score was 5 to 4.

The contest was exciting from the start and both teams played remarkably fine ball. The showing of the La Crosse team was such that the boys are confident of great success this season. La Crosse took the lead in the third inning and maintained it throughout. The line-up of the teams was as follows:

La Crosse—Green, third base; Childers, catcher; Nelson, pitcher; Schaldach, second base; Larson, short stop; Buchda, right field; Holmes, left field; Machys, center field; Wolford, pitcher.

Ontario—Gibson, center field; P. Gibson, second base; Louer, third base; Downing, pitcher; Brey, catcher; Joseph, first base; Johnson, short stop; Caucett, right field; Cox, left field.

Score by innings:
La Crosse 0 0 2 0 2 1 0 0 0—5
Ontario 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 1 0—4

NO "CROOKED" WORK

Quietness reigned supreme over the city of La Crosse yesterday, for all of the fact that it was a holiday and a circus was in town. Chief of Police Byrne had all of his force over the city, the night and day men, but for all of this fact not as much as a plain drunk was picked up.

"The day was unusually quiet," said the chief this morning. "In fact the day was more quiet than that of any holiday for some time. From the reports received I imagined we would be kept very busy, but on the contrary, there wasn't one complaint registered."

WRECK AT JUNCTION

Several Cars Derailed in a Freight Collision

There was a small wreck on the Milwaukee road at River Junction this morning caused by a collision

of freight trains. Although several of the cars were derailed, no one was injured.

The wrecking train left the North side this morning and is busy picking up the wreck.

Hall and music—Grover, Glass, Will Dripps, Ben Stevens, Homer Davis, Howard Ryan.

ONALASKA DEFEATED

Galesville Gets the Winning Run in Thirteenth

In one of the most interesting ball games of the season, played yesterday

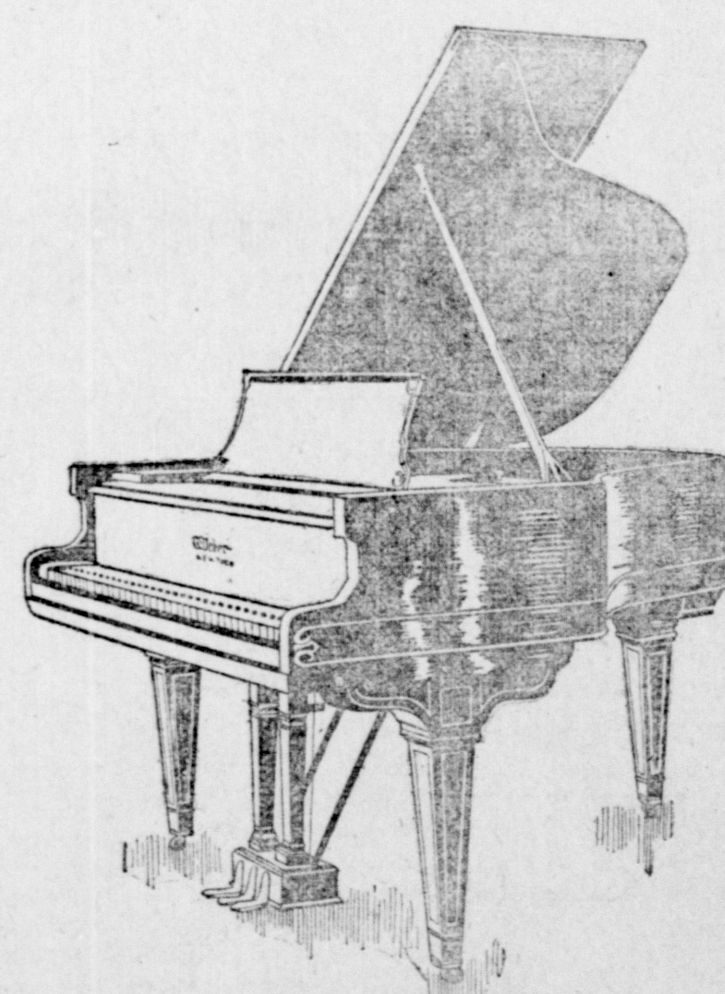
on the Onalaska grounds, the Galesville team defeated the Onalaska team by a score of 5 to 4.

The game was a tie until the thirteenth inning when the Galesville aggregation succeeded in driving in a run, giving them the game.

Apel pitched for Galesville and for Onalaska, Nutting and Como.

LEITHOLD'S
ANNUAL SPRING SALE

Of High Class Pianos Taken in Exchange for the Weber and Pianolo Piano. The Special Sale of Pianos at Leithold's Has Gained Wide Celebrity for Two Things:



FIRST, the immediate opportunity they offer the public of securing high grade pianos in fine condition, much under their real value. SECOND (and this is equally important) the unmistakable impression that such a collection conveys of the tremendous success of the Weber Piano and Pianolo Piano.

HERE IS THE LIST:

	Reg. Price	Special Price
1 Bush & Girt's (ebony)	\$350	\$165
1 Krell (oak case)	350	195
1 Chickering & Son (Grand)	800	375
1 Heinze (oak case)	300	150
1 Crown (oak)	350	195
1 Hamilton (walnut)	350	175
1 new Weber, slightly used	550	265
1 Piano returned from renting	250	125
1 Martin Piano	300	125
1 Apollette Piano Player	150	65
1 Apollo Piano Player	250	100

25 Organs as good as new from \$18 to \$45, consisting of Estey, Newman, Kimball, Mason & Hamlin, Chicago Cottage, Sterling, Story & Clark. Any of the above may be bought on

EASY PAYMENTS

FRED LEITHOLD 325 MAIN ST., LA CROSSE, WIS.